



Please contact: Democratic Services

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15th July 2025

A meeting of the **Council** of North Norfolk District Council will be held in the Council Chamber - Council Offices on **Wednesday, 23 July 2025** at **6.00 pm**.

At the discretion of the Chairman, a short break will be taken after the meeting has been running for approximately one and a half hours

Members of the public who wish to ask a question or speak on an agenda item are requested to arrive at least 15 minutes before the start of the meeting. It will not always be possible to accommodate requests after that time. This is to allow time for the Committee Chair to rearrange the order of items on the agenda for the convenience of members of the public. Further information on the procedure for public speaking can be obtained from Democratic Services, Tel:01263 516010, Email:Democratic.Services@north-norfolk.gov.uk.

Anyone attending this meeting may take photographs, film or audio-record the proceedings and report on the meeting. Anyone wishing to do so should inform the Chairman. If you are a member of the public and you wish to speak on an item on the agenda, please be aware that you may be filmed or photographed. This meeting is live-streamed: <u>NNDC eDemocracy - YouTube</u>

Emma Denny Democratic Services Manager

To: Cllr T Adams, Cllr P Bailey, Cllr M Batey, Cllr K Bayes, Cllr D Birch, Cllr H Blathwayt, Cllr J Boyle, Cllr A Brown, Cllr S Bütikofer, Cllr C Cushing, Cllr N Dixon, Cllr P Fisher, Cllr A Fitch-Tillett, Cllr T FitzPatrick, Cllr A Fletcher, Cllr W Fredericks, Cllr M Gray, Cllr M Hankins, Cllr C Heinink, Cllr P Heinrich, Cllr V Holliday, Cllr N Housden, Cllr K Leith, Cllr R Macdonald, Cllr G Mancini-Boyle, Cllr P Neatherway, Cllr L Paterson, Cllr S Penfold, Cllr P Porter, Cllr J Punchard, Cllr C Ringer, Cllr C Rouse, Cllr L Shires, Cllr E Spagnola, Cllr M Taylor, Cllr J Toye, Cllr K Toye, Cllr A Varley, Cllr L Vickers and Cllr L Withington

Members of the Management Team, appropriate Officers, Press and Public



If you have any special requirements in order to attend this meeting, please let us know in advance

If you would like any document in large print, audio, Braille, alternative format or in a different language please contact us

1. **PRESENTATION - CHAIRMAN'S CHARITY**

To receive a presentation from the Chairman's charity – Norfolk Charities – Norfolk Wheely Boat'.

2. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

To receive apologies for absence, if any.

3. MINUTES

1 - 22

To confirm the minutes of the Annual meeting of the Council held on 21 May 2025.

4. TO RECEIVE DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS FROM MEMBERS 23 - 28

Members are asked at this stage to declare any interests that they may have in any of the following items on the agenda. The Code of Conduct for Members requires that declarations include the nature of the interest and whether it is a disclosable pecuniary interest (see attached guidance and flowchart)

5. ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

To determine any other items of business which the Chairman decides should be considered as a matter of urgency pursuant to Section 100B (4)(b) of the Local Government Act 1972.

6. CHAIRMAN'S COMMUNICATIONS

To receive the Chairman's communications, if any.

7. LEADER'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

To receive announcements from the Leader of the Council.

8. PUBLIC QUESTIONS AND STATEMENTS

To consider any questions or statements received from members of the public.

9. APPOINTMENTS TO COMMITTEES, SUB-COMITTEES, WORKING PARTIES AND OUTSIDE BODEIS

To approve changes to appointments to committees, sub-committees, working parties and outside bodies, as proposed by the Group Leaders.

10. PORTFOLIO REPORTS

29 - 84

To receive reports from Cabinet Members on their portfolios.

Cllr T Adams - Executive Support & Legal Services Cllr H Blathwayt – Coast Cllr A Brown – Planning & Enforcement Cllr W Fredericks – Housing and People Services Cllr C Ringer – IT, Environmental & Waste Services Cllr L Shires – Finance, Estates & Assets Cllr J Toye – Sustainable Growth Cllr A Varley – Climate Change & Net Zero Cllr L Withington – Community, Leisure & Outreach (Including Health & Wellbeing)

Members are reminded that they may ask questions of the Cabinet Member on their reports and portfolio areas but should note that it is <u>not</u> a debate.

No member may ask more than one question plus a supplementary question, unless the time taken by members' questions does not exceed 30 minutes in total, in which case, second questions will be taken in the order that they are received (Constitution, Chapter 2, part 2, section 12.2)

11. RECOMMENDATIONS FROM CABINET 07 JULY 2025

85 - 212

The following recommendations to Full Council were made by Cabinet at the meeting held on 7th July:

Please note that the Overview and Scrutiny Committee meeting took place after the Full Council agenda was published. The Chairman will provide a verbal update at the meeting of any recommendations made in relation to any of the items listed below.

1. Cabinet Agenda Item 8: Outturn report 2024/2025

RESOLVED to recommend the following to Full Council:

a) The provisional outturn position for the General Fund revenue account for 2024/25 (as shown in Appendix A);

b) The transfers to and from reserves as detailed within the report (and Appendix C);

c) The surplus of £0.622m be transferred to the General reserve to mitigate future funding shortfalls.

d) The balance on the General Reserve of £2.825m following the transfer outlined above.

e) The surplus of £0.384m relating to retained business rates be transferred to the Business Rates reserve.

f) The financing of the 2024/25 capital programme as detailed within the report and at Appendix D.

g) The updated capital programme for 2025/26 to 2030/31 and scheme financing as outlined within the report and detailed at Appendix E;

h) Approval of additional funding to cover capital project overspends of $\pm 10,816$ as detailed in paragraph 5.7.

i) The roll-forward of existing capital project funding from 2024/25 into 2025/26 as detailed in paragraph 5.9.

j). To note the addition of £55,000 towards the New Play Area (Sheringham, The Lees) to be funded from the Asset Management Reserve in 2025/26 for a total project budget of £120,000

k) The addition of £6,081 towards the Cromer Offices LED Lighting in

the Capital Programme to be funded from Capital Receipts in 2025/26 for a total project budget of £178,796.

I) The addition of $\pounds 20,000$ towards the Public Conveniences (Sheringham & North Walsham) project in the Capital Programme to be funded from Capital Receipts in 2025/26 for a total project budget of $\pounds 565,514$.

m) The addition of the Holt Eco Learning Space scheme for £100,000 into the 2025/26 Capital Programme to be funded by an external contribution.

Overview & Scrutiny Committee (OSC) considered this item at the meeting on 16th July – The OSC Chair may wish to provide a verbal update to members on the Committee's consideration of the recommendations.

2. <u>Cabinet Agenda item 9 – Treasury Management Outturn</u> <u>Report 2024/2025</u>

RESOLVED to recommend the Treasury Management outturn position to Full Council for approval

Governance, Risk & Audit Committee (GRAC) considered this item at the meeting on 3rd June 2025 – The GRAC Chair may wish to provide a verbal update to members on the Committee's consideration of the recommendation.

3. Cabinet Agenda Item 10 – Debt Recovery 2024/2025

RESOLVED to recommend that Full Council

- 1. approves the annual report which details the Council's write-offs, in accordance with the Council's Debt Write-Off Policy and performance in relation to revenues collection.
- 2. approves the continued delegated authority as shown in appendix 2 for write offs.

Overview & Scrutiny Committee (OSC) considered this item at the meeting on 16th July – The OSC Chair may wish to provide a verbal update to members on the Committee's consideration of the recommendations.

4. Cabinet Agenda Item 11 - Housing Benefit Debt Recovery Report – 2024/2025

RESOLVED to recommend that Full Council

Approves the annual report giving details of Housing Benefit Overpayment debt recovery in accordance with the Council's Debt Recovery Policy, Write-Off Policy, and Housing Benefit Overpayment Recovery Policy. Overview & Scrutiny Committee (OSC) considered this item at the meeting on 16th July – The OSC Chair may wish to provide a verbal update to members on the Committee's consideration of the recommendations.

12. RECOMMENDATIONS FROM THE OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 14 MAY 2025 AND 16 JULY 2025

Overview & Scrutiny Committee made the following recommendation to Full Council at the meeting held on 14th May 2025:

That Full Council approves a change of start time for Overview & Scrutiny Committee meetings from 10am to **9.30am**, with immediate effect.

The Chair will provide an update to Full Council on any further recommendations made by the Committee at the meeting held on 16th July.

 To consider any further recommendations to Full Council made by the Overview & Scrutiny Committee at the meeting held on 16th July 2025.

13. RECOMMENDATION FROM THE EMPLOYMENT & APPEALS COMMITTEE (APPOINTMENTS PANEL) - RECRUITMENT DIRECTOR OF RESOURCES (S151 OFFICER)

This report will follow.

14. RECOMMENDATIONS FROM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE - 29TH MAY 2025

Development Committee made the following recommendation to Full Council at the meeting held on 29th May 2025:

That Full Council approves a change of start time for Development Committee meetings from 10am to **9.30am**, with immediate effect.

15. RECOMMENDATIONS FROM LICENSING COMMITTEE (PREMISES 213 - 224 & GAMBLING) 9TH JULY 2025

The following recommendations were made by the Licensing Committee (Premises & Gambling) at the meeting held on 9th July 2025:

GAMBLING STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES 2025

- 1. Recommends that Full Council approves the publication of the Gambling Statement of Principles 2025.
- 2. That the new statement is published, once approved.

16. RECOMMENDATIONS FROM LICENSING COMMITTEE(REGULATORY) 9TH JULY 2025

The following recommendation was made by the Licensing Committee (Regulatory) at the meeting held on 9th July:

DRAFT TAXI AND PRIVATE HIRE POLICY AND HANDBOOK

To adopt the Taxi and Private Hire Policy and Handbook 2025 v5.1with effect from 1 September 2025.

Please see the agenda for the Licensing Committee (Regulatory) to access the full suite of documents: <u>Home | Agenda for Licensing</u> Committee (Regulatory) on Wednesday, 9th July, 2025, 10.30 am

17. QUESTIONS RECEIVED FROM MEMBERS

None Received.

18. **OPPOSITION BUSINESS**

235 - 236

Local Government Reorganisation

There are serious concerns about the way this Council is handling the preparation of its Local Government Reform (LGR) proposal and the supporting business case to be submitted to the MHCLG by 26th September. We call upon the Administration to recognise and remedy the current flaws in the process, and accept the following recommendations:

- 1. Ensure the ongoing research and proposal presentation work includes cost comparisons for 1, 2 & 3 Unitaries including transition, revenue and capital costs and with risk scores covering viability and quality scores for the range of services provided.
- 2. Address the need to investigate proposed decision-making structures and lines of functionality connecting with town & parish councils, for each Unitary model, to ensure local democratic participation and accountability.
- 3. Actively involve cross-party councillors in reviewing the research results and preparation of the proposal and supporting business case, either via Overview & Scrutiny or a cross-party working group, to make the process and results transparent and accessible to North Norfolk residents and businesses.
- 4. To either increase the 8th 17th September period for all councillors to assimilate and respond to the proposal and supporting business case or provide briefing/feedback sessions during that period to ensure all members are fully informed on all aspects of the proposal and the evidence supporting the selection.

19. NOTICE(S) OF MOTION

None Received.

20. EXCLUSION OF PRESS AND PUBLIC

To pass the following resolution – if necessary:

"That under Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972 the press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following item(s) of business on the grounds that they involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in paragraph(s) _ of Part 1 of Schedule 12A (as amended) to the Act."

21. PRIVATE BUSINESS

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COUNCIL

Minutes of the Annual General meeting of the Council held on Wednesday, 21 May 2025 in the Council Chamber - Council Offices at 6.00 pm

Members Present:	Cllr T Adams Cllr M Batey Cllr D Birch Cllr J Boyle Cllr P Fisher (Chairman) Cllr T FitzPatrick Cllr W Fredericks Cllr W Fredericks Cllr M Hankins Cllr P Heinrich Cllr N Housden Cllr N Housden Cllr G Mancini-Boyle Cllr L Paterson Cllr P Porter Cllr C Ringer Cllr L Shires	Cllr P Bailey Cllr K Bayes Cllr H Blathwayt Cllr C Cushing Cllr A Fitch-Tillett Cllr A Fletcher Cllr M Gray Cllr C Heinink Cllr V Holliday Cllr R Macdonald Cllr P Neatherway Cllr S Penfold Cllr J Punchard Cllr C Rouse Cllr C Rouse
	Cllr C Ringer	Cllr C Rouse

Officers in
attendance:The Chief Executive, The Monitoring Officer, the Democratic Services
& Governance Officer (EH)

1 OUTGOING CHAIR'S COMMUNICATIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Chairman welcomed everyone to the Annual meeting of Council. She began by talking about recent events that she attended:

25 March – Opening of Cromer Pier Pavilion backstage refurbishment

30 March – Kings Lynn Minster, High Sheriff of Norfolk's service for justice & youth

11 April – Chairman of Breckland District Council's civic reception

24 April 2025 – Chairman's Civic Reception – Norfolk Wildlife Trust Cley Visitor Centre

28 April 2025 – Chairman's dementia networking event

03 May 2025 – Making Connections, Hoveton & Wroxham VE 80 celebrations

07 May 2025 - Buckingham Palace Royal Garden Party

08 May 2025 – VE 80 celebrations at Blakeney Harbour Rooms

08 May 2025 – NNDC Offices, VE 80 commemoration

11 May 2025 – Blakeney Royal British Legion VE 80 Service

11 May 2025 – Norwich Cathedral, service of thanksgiving and remembrance

The Chairman said it had been a huge honour to be a Chairman of North Norfolk District Council and thanked members for the opportunity. When she started her year in the role, she wanted to shine a spotlight on all the organisations who worked so tirelessly to support those suffering with dementia. She had visited a lot of community groups and had been so impressed by the dedication of everyone involved. The high point of the year had been the dementia networking event which had brought everyone together to share experiences and knowledge.

The Chairman said everyone had been incredibly generous in supporting her

nominated charities: 'Making Connections' in Hoveton, the 'Wensum Dementia Café' in Fakenham, 'Memory Lane café' in Mundesley and 'So...' in Southrepps. £5000 had been raised during the year and she thanked the Community Connectors for all their help and support as well as the Corporate PA team.

The Chairman then invited representatives from her four nominated charities to come forward and presented them with their cheques.

2 ELECTION OF CHAIRMAN

The Chairman invited nomination for the Chairman of the Council, for the forthcoming Municipal Year.

Cllr T Adams nominated Cllr P Fisher. This was seconded by Cllr L Shires.

It was **RESOLVED** unanimously to elect Cllr P Fisher as Chairman of the Council for 2025 – 2026.

The Outgoing Chairman presented the chain of office to Cllr Fisher.

3 INCOMING CHAIRMAN'S COMMUNICATIONS

Cllr Fisher thanked members for electing him as Chairman of the Council. He then presented the outgoing Chair with her medal and a gift.

The Chairman elect then signed the declaration of office. He thanked members again for electing him and said that his nominated charity for the year would be the Norfolk Charitable Trust. It worked with the public, private and voluntary sectors and individuals with programmes to stimulate opportunities for the disabled, young people and others in need, helping individuals to reach their full potential and maximise physical and mental wellbeing.

4 ELECTION OF VICE-CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL

The Chairman invited nominations for Vice-Chairman of the Council 2025-2026.

Cllr P Neatherway nominated Cllr M Taylor. Cllr L Vickers seconded the proposal.

Cllr R Macdonald nominated Cllr L Paterson. This was seconded by Cllr J Punchard.

Both nominations were put to the vote and Cllr M Taylor was duly elected as Vice-Chairman of the Council.

The Chairman invited Cllr Taylor to accept the chain of office and sign the declaration of office.

5 VOTE OF THANKS TO THE RETIRING CHAIRMAN AND VICE-CHAIRMAN

The Leader of the Council, Cllr T Adams, then thanked the outgoing Chairman, Cllr Holliday for being an exceptional ambassador for the Council during her year in office. Everyone appreciated and valued her hard work and commitment and he proposed a vote of thanks.

6 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies had been received from Cllrs Brown, Butikofer, Dixon, Leith, Spagnola and Withington.

7 MINUTES

The Minutes of the meeting held on 19th March were approved as a correct record and signed by the Chairman.

8 TO RECEIVE DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS FROM MEMBERS

None.

9 ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

There were no items of urgent business.

10 LEADER'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Chairman invited the Leader to speak. Cllr Adams began by congratulating the Chairman and Vice-Chairman on their election. He also congratulated Cllr T FitzPatrick on his recent election as Chairman of Norfolk County Council.

Cllr Adams then congratulated newly elected member, Cllr C Rouse and welcomed him to the Council. He thanked members and officers for their continued commitment and hard work over the last year, particularly during such a period of change. Several council teams had been recognised for their achievements and this was well deserved. Many other services continued to perform highly, including the Climate Change team, Economic Growth, Housing & Peoples Services and the Coastal team. In addition to these high profile teams, support services continued to work tirelessly behind the scenes.

The Leader then updated members on Local Government Reorganisation (LGR) and said that the feedback from Government so far had been quite limited and lacked clarity. The Council and its neighbouring district authorities, continued to work towards a three unitary model, as it was felt that this was the best opportunity to keep service provision and support local.

He then spoke about the very welcome re-awarding of blue flag status on the beaches at Sea Palling and Mundesley. This was in addition to the retention of the blue flags at the other sites, resulting in 6 overall. He thanked officers and the local communities for their continued commitment. He went onto say that car park transactions were currently up on last year which boded well for the forthcoming summer season.

The Leader informed members that feedback had now been received from the Planning Inspectorate following the Local Plan hearings. It was accepted that more land needed to be allocated to accommodate housing growth but he acknowledged that some of the proposed sites were hard to accept. That said, having an agreed Local Plan in place would be a huge achievement for the district. Regarding ongoing homelessness pressure, he said that he was pleased to announce that by the end of the year, it was hoped that there would be 31 temporary accommodation units. These properties would help support families whilst a permanent home was found but also helped the Council save money on the cost of renting expensive holiday accommodation.

Last week the Coastal Practitioner conference had been hosted by the Coastal Team on Cromer Pier and it was good to see so many young people in attendance.

In conclusion, the Leader spoke about ongoing commitments for the Property Services team, including work on the Leas playground in Sheringham and the opening of the new toilet facilities in Albert Street, Holt.

11 APPOINTMENT OF S151 OFFICER

The Leader, Cllr Adams explained that the Section 151 Officer was a statutory role and the proposal recommended a temporary solution whilst recruitment was undertaken for a permanent appointment.

It was proposed by Cllr T Adams, seconded by Cllr J Toye and

RESOLVED to

Agree the appointment of Karen Sly (Executive Director Resources & S151 Officer at Great Yarmouth Borough Council, under and subject to a s113 agreement, as S151 Officer for an initial period of 6 months, pending recruitment of a new Director of Resources.

12 MANAGEMENT RESTRUCTURE AND ARRANGEMENTS TO RECRUIT A DIRECTOR OF RESOURCES

The Chairman invited the Leader to introduce this item. He explained that due to recent changes in personnel and the demands placed on the Council due to the need to focus on devolution and LGR, it was necessary to undertake a restructure of senior management, resulting in one less director, whilst adding in additional capacity elsewhere. He said that the Employment & Appeals Committee would need to be convened for the appointment of a new Director of Resources (s151 Officer).

It was proposed by Cllr T Adams, seconded by Cllr W Fredericks and

RESOLVED to

- Note the revised senior management structure detailed in the report so as to meet the needs of the organisation moving forward in creating additional capacity to respond to the programme of Devolution and Local Government Reorganisation in Norfolk – particularly the deletion of the post of Director of Place and Climate Change and creation of an additional Assistant Director post (AD – Corporate Services and Transformation);
- 2) To convene a politically balanced Employment and Appeals Committee to support the recruitment of a Director of Resources

13 REVIEW OF POLITICAL BALANCE AND ALLOCATION OF SEATS TO COMMITTEES, SUB-COMMITTEES, WORKING PARTIES & PANELS

The Leader, Cllr T Adams, introduced this item. He explained that whenever there was a change to the membership of the political groups at North Norfolk District Council, the Council was required to review the allocation of seats on committees, sub committees and working parties to reflect the political balance of the Council, in accordance with Section 15 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 and regulations made thereunder.

It was proposed by Cllr T Adams, seconded by Cllr M Batey and

RESOLVED to

- 1. Approve the revised political balance calculation as per sections 2.3 and 3.5 of this report
- 2. To approve the allocation of seats to political groups as shown at Appendix A, taking into consideration any arrangements agreed by the Group Leaders
- 3. Delegation is given to the Group Leaders to make any appointments to committees, sub-committees, working parties & panels.

14 REPORT ON APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS TO CABINET

The Leader, Cllr Adams, informed members that there were no changes to the membership of Cabinet.

15 APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS AND SUBSTITUTES TO COMMITTEES, SUB-COMMITTEES, WORKING PARTIES AND PANELS

The Chairman advised members that changes to the committee appointments had been submitted after the agenda was published. The final version was shared on the screen and Group Leaders confirmed their appointments to each committee in turn.

It was proposed by Cllr T Adams and seconded by Cllr M Batey and

RESOLVED unanimously to approve the appointment of members to committees, sub-committees, working parties and panels as set out in Minutes Appendix A.

16 APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMEN AND VICE-CHAIRMEN TO COMMITTEES

The Chairman invited the Group Leaders to nominate members to the positions of Chairman and Vice-Chairmen of Committees.

Cllr C Cushing nominated Cllr Dr V Holliday as Chairman of the Overview & Scrutiny Committee. This was seconded by Cllr T Adams.

Cllr T Adams nominated Cllr D Birch as Chairman of the Licensing Committee. This was seconded by Cllr P Fisher.

Cllr Adams nominated Cllr E Spagnola as Vice-Chairman of the Licensing Committee. This was seconded by Cllr P Fisher.

It was RESOLVED unanimously to approve the appointment of Chairmen and Vice-Chairman (as amended), as set out at Minutes Appendix B.

17 APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS TO OUTSIDE BODIES

The Chairman referred members to the appendices setting out the appointments to outside bodies. Cllr A Fitch-Tillett referred to the inclusion of Coastal Partnership East in the list (appendix c) and said this body had been dissolved. It was agreed to remove it from the list of appointments.

Cllr C Cushing proposed that Cllr P Neatherway be appointed to the Bacton Gas Terminal Liaison Committee.

It was proposed by Cllr J Punchard, seconded by Cllr M Batey and

RESOLVED to approve

- 1. To <u>approve</u> Council appointments to Outside Bodies and Joint Committees as amended (Minutes Appendix C)
- 2. To <u>approve</u> the Overview & Scrutiny Committee's appointment to the Norfolk Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (Minutes Appendix D)
- 3. To note Executive appointments to Outside Bodies and Joint Committees (Minutes Appendix E)

18 EXCLUSION OF PRESS AND PUBLIC

19 PRIVATE BUSINESS

The meeting ended at 6.58 pm.

Chairman

****UPDATED**** APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS ON COMMITTEES (May 2025)

Overview & Scrutiny Committee (12 seats)	Liberal Democrat (8)	Conservative (3)	Independent (1)
Paul	Phil Bailey	Christopher Cushing	Nigel Housden
	Jill Boyle	Victoria Holliday	
	Andrew Fletcher	Kevin Bayes	
	Mike Hankins		
	Paul Heinrich		
	Saul Penfold		
	Mal Gray		
	Connor Rouse		
Substitutes	Up to 7 subs	Up to 4 subs	1 sub
	Martin Batey Kate Leith Don Birch Roy Macdonald Peter Fisher Emma Spagnola	Tom FitzPatrick Gerard Mancini-Boyle Peter Neatherway	Jeremy Punchard
Development Committee (14 seats)	Liberal Democrat (9)	Conservative (4)	Independent (1) Appoint one member
(politically balanced)	Martin Batey	Victoria Holliday	Luke Paterson
Must be trained to sit on the Committee	Andrew Brown	Peter Neatherway	
	Peter Fisher	Liz Vickers	
	Mike Hankins	Angie Fitch-Tillett	
	Paul Heinrich		
	Roy Macdonald		
	John Toye		
	Kim Toye		
	Adam Varley		
Substitutes	Unlimited subs	Unlimited subs	
Must be trained	Tim Adams Phil Bailey Jill Boyle Sarah Butikofer	Kevin Bayes Nigel Dixon Tom FitzPatrick	Nigel Housden Jeremy Punchard
	Pag		

	Wendy Fredericks Callum Ringer Emma Spagnola Liz Withington Kate Leith Mal Gray Connor Rouse		
Governance, Risk and Audit Committee (6 seats)	Liberal Democrat (4)	Conservative (2)	Independent (0)
(politically balanced)	Jill Boyle	Christopher Cushing	
	Andrew Fletcher	Victoria Holliday	
	Saul Penfold		
	Sarah Butikofer		
Substitutes	Up to 4 subs	Up to 2 subs	
	Peter Fisher Paul Heinrich Emma Spagnola <u>Mike Hankins</u>	Nigel Dixon	
Employment & Appeals Committee (5 seats)	Liberal Democrat (3)	Conservative (1)	Independent (1)
(politically balanced)	Tim Adams	Christopher Cushing	Jeremy Punchard
Must be trained	Jill Boyle		
	Wendy Fredericks		
Substitutes (10)	6 substitutes	2 substitutes	1 substitute
Must be trained	Andrew Brown Emma Spagnola Saul Penfold Callum Ringer John Toye S Butikofer	Nigel Dixon Gerard Mancini-Boyle	Nigel Housden
Licensing Committee (15 seats)	Liberal Democrat (10) One additional place	Conservative (4)	Independent (1)
(politically balanced)	Emma Spagnola	Kevin Bayes	Nigel Housden
(no substitutes)	Martin Batey	Tom FitzPatrick	
<i>Must be trained to sit on the Committee</i>	Don Birch	Matthew Taylor	
	Jill Boyle	Pauline Porter	
	Andrew Brown		
	Peter Fisher		
	Liz Withington		

	Connor Rouse		
	Callum Ringer		
	Kate Leith		
Standards Committee (7 seats)	Liberal Democrats (4)	Conservative (2)	Independent (1)
(politically balanced)	Harry Blathwayt	Nigel Dixon	Nigel Housden
	Jill Boyle	Pauline Porter	
	Roy Macdonald		
	Lucy Shires		
Substitutes	Up to 4 subs	Up to 2 subs	1 sub
	Andrew Brown Emma Spagnola Kate Leith Mal Gray	Christopher Cushing Tom FitzPatrick	
Joint Staff Consultative Committee (5 seats)	Liberal Democrats (3)	Conservative (2)	Independent (0)
(politically balanced)	Tim Adams	Christopher Cushing	
	Sarah Butikofer	Tom FitzPatrick	
	Andrew Brown		

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS ON WORKING PARTIES, FORUMS AND PANELS

Planning Policy and Built Heritage (12 seats) *Executive sub-committee	Liberal Democrat (8)	Conservative (3)	Independent (1)
(politically balanced)	Martin Batey	Nigel Dixon	Luke Paterson
	Andrew Brown	Victoria Holliday	
	Peter Fisher	Liz Vickers	
	Mike Hankins		
	Paul Heinrich		
	John Toye		
	Adam Varley		
	Harry Blathwayt		

Substitutes	Up to 8 subs	Up to 3 subs	1 sub
	Don Birch Callum Ringer	Peter Neatherway Matthew Taylor	Jeremy Punchard
Member Development Group (6 seats) no substitutes *Executive sub-committee	Liberal Democrat (4)	Conservative (2)	Independent (0)
(politically balanced)	Lucy Shires	Pauline Porter	
	John Toye	Matthew Taylor	
	Liz Withington		
	VACANCY		
Council Tax Support Working Party (5 seats) no substitutes *Executive sub-committee	Liberal Democrat (3)	Conservative (2)	Independent (0)
(politically balanced)	Tim Adams	Peter Neatherway	
	Jill Boyle	Victoria Holliday	
	Peter Fisher		
Constitution Working Party (5 seats) <i>Established by Full Council</i>	Liberal Democrat (3)	Conservative (2)	Independent (0)
(politically balanced)	Martin Batey	Tom FitzPatrick	
	Lucy Shires	Liz Vickers	
	Adam Varley		
Substitutes	Up to 3 subs	Up to 2 subs	
		Pauline Porter	

Committee Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen – May 2025

Committee	Chairman	Vice-Chairman
Overview & Scrutiny (Chairman must be from the main opposition group)	Victoria Holliday	Saul Penfold
Development Committee	Paul Heinrich	Roy Macdonald
Planning Policy & Built Heritage Working Party	Mike Hankins	Adam Varley
Licensing Committee	Don Birch	Emma Spagnola
GRAC	Sarah Bütikofer	Jill Boyle
Employment & Appeals Committee	Tim Adams	
Constitution Working Party	Adam Varley	Lucy Shires
Standards Committee	Jill Boyle	Harry Blathwayt
Joint Staff Consultative Committee (usually the Leader)	Tim Adams	
Member Development Group	Liz Withington	
Council Tax Support Working Party	Jill Boyle	Peter Fisher

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Full Council – 21 May 2025 REPRESENTATIVES ON OUTSIDE BODIES

(Appointing Body = Council)

 Organisation; Appointing body:- (C, E or O) Requirements 	Number of reps (Outside Body Number in red if different)	Member(s) & Substitute(s) where required
Bacton Gas Terminal Environmental Liaison Committee	A	A Fitch-Tillett
C Open to any Member – at least 4		W Fredericks
from wards adjacent to Bacton Gas Terminal		V Holliday
		P Porter
		L Paterson
		P Neatherway
Broads Authority C	1	H Blathwayt
Open to any member but ward members in Broads area preferred		
Broads Internal Drainage Board	9	K Bayes
Open to any member but ward members in Broads area		H Blathwayt
preferred. Someone who has knowledge or		A Fitch-Tillett
experience of matters relevant to the function of the Broads	/ant ds	L Paterson
and shown capacity in such a matter.		P Porter
		C Ringer
		A Varley
		VACANCY
		VACANCY
Fakenham Community Campus Trust Ltd C	1	J Punchard
Open to any member but LM preferred		
Happisburgh Lighthouse Trust	1	L Paterson
Open to any member but Local Member preferred		

		Appendix A
 Organisation; Appointing body:- (C, E or O) Requirements 	Number of reps (Outside Body Number in red if different)	Member(s) & Substitute(s) where required
Norfolk County Community Safety Partnership Scrutiny Panel C Open to any member	1 + sub	J Toye (S Butikofer)
Norfolk Records Committee C Open to any member	1 + 1 sub	L Withington (M Batey)
Norfolk Rivers Internal Drainage Board C Open to any member - who has knowledge or experience of matters relevant to the function of the Broads and shown capacity in such a matter.	3	H Blathwayt N Housden A Brown
PATROL (Parking and Traffic Regulations Outside London Joint Committee) C NB – one meeting per year in July. However if nominated Cllr is on the Exec, Sub cttee will be in January and October. *It is mandatory as per the agreement / Memorandum of Participation between NNDC and PATROL - This is because there is a statutory requirement for all councils undertaking civil parking enforcement to make provision for independent adjudication and this is delivered through the Traffic Penalty Tribunal. In order to execute this statutory requirement, the PATROL Adjudication Joint Committee Agreement to which your authority is party, requires nomination of a Councillor to the Joint Committees, even if that Councillor is unable to attend meetings.	1 (mandatory) + 1 sub (not required but desirable)	L Shires (T Adams)
Sheringham Shoal Community Fund Grant Assessment Panel C Open to any member but local member preferred	1 (no subs)	P Fisher

 Organisation; Appointing body:- (C, E or O) Requirements 	Number of reps (Outside Body Number in red if different)	Member(s) & Substitute(s) where required
NNDC membership of the panel is at the invitation of the Sheringham Shoal Fund rather that an entitlement. The Fund is happy to continue to have an NNDC representative.		

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REPRESENTATIVES ON OUTSIDE BODIES (Appointing Body = Overview & Scrutiny Committee)

 Organisation; Appointing body:- (C, E or O) Requirements 	Scrutiny Committee) Number of reps (Outside Body Number in red if different)	Member(s) & Substitute(s) where required
Norfolk Health Overview & Scrutiny Committee (NHOSC) O Must be member of O&S Cttee One substitute (only the named substitute may attend in place of the appointee) The appointees from district councils that operate a cabinet and scrutiny system of governance must be members of an overview and scrutiny committee. The appointee to the health overview and scrutiny committee should preferably not also be a board member or governor of a local health service organisation or a member of Norfolk Health and Wellbeing Board. This is not an absolute requirement but a preference because of the risk of potential / perceived conflict of interest limiting the councillor's effectiveness on the health scrutiny committee.	1 + Sub	J Boyle (V Holliday)

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REPRESENTATIVES ON OUTSIDE BODIES

(Appointing Body = Executive)

Appointing Body = Executive)• Organisation;NumberMember(s) & Substitute(s)			
 Appointing body:- (C, E or O) Requirements 	of reps (Outside Body Number in red if different)	where required	
A47 Alliance E Experience in economic growth, business, strategic transport is desirable.	1 PFH (+ 1 sub)	T FitzPatrick (J Toye)	
Bittern Line Steering Group (subsidiary of Community Rail Norfolk) E PFH not necessary From 2020, structure changes and meeting attendance – see OB form Requires knowledge and interest in Rail and its benefits to the communities the Bittern Line serves	1 PFH not necessary	P Heinrich	
Broadland Futures Initiative Elected Members' Forum E NEW	1 + 1 sub	H Blathwayt (A Varley)	
Community Rail Norfolk (Bittern Line Steering Group is a subsidiary) E Requires knowledge and interest in Rail and its benefits to the communities the Bittern Line serves <u>No substitutes</u> CRN is the parent organisation of both the Bittern Line and Wherry Line. CRN is accredited by the Department for Transport	1 No subs	P Heinrich (Director)	
Cromer Lawn Tennis & Squash Association E (Council is landowner) An interest in tennis and squash would be an advantage	3 (but only 1 can vote – see constitution) 1 + 2 subs	T Adams E Spagnola L Withington – voting Member	

 Organisation; Appointing body:- (C, E or O) Requirements 	Number of reps (Outside Body Number in red if different)	Member(s) & Substitute(s) where required
Health and Well Being Board E PFH required Should not be a governor of a local NHS Trust because of the potential / perceived conflict of interest. Specialist knowledge or experience not a requirement set out in the TOR but would be helpful. Should not be also a member of the NHOSC committee	1 PFH + 1 sub	L Withington (W Fredericks)
Integrated Care Partnership E	1 + Sub	L Withington (J Boyle)
Local Government Association – SIG- Coastal issues E PFH required The Elected Member rep should have Coastal/Estuarine expertise, knowledge or experie	1 + Sub 1 cllr + 1 officer	H Blathwayt (P Fisher)
Local Government Association – IDB Levies – SIG Support E Understanding IDB issues is helpful	1 + Sub	H Blathwayt (A Varley)
Local Government Association– Sparse Rural Sub SIG E PFH required with an interest in rural areas/matters.	1 PFH (+1 sub but can have more – only 1 vote per Council)	J Toye (T Adams)
Norfolk Citizens' Advice E (Council provides funding)	1	W Fredericks
Norfolk Arts Forum Executive E An interest in arts and culture is useful.	1 + 1 Sub PFH for Communities or Arts	L Withington (V Holliday)
Norfolk Coast Partnership	1 + 1 Sub	H Blathwayt

Appendix C

 Organisation; Appointing body:- (C, E or O) Requirements 	Number of reps (Outside Body Number in red if different)	Member(s) & Substitute(s) where required
E Coastal member preferred – usually the coastal PFH; specialist knowledge/experience of the coast/ natural environment (Member of Core Management Group)	PFH not required but relevance to the Norfolk Coast AONB is very helpful	(P Fisher)
North Norfolk Health & Wellbeing Partnership E PFH required Chairman of the Partnership	1	L Withington
Norfolk Parking Partnership (now includes the Civil Parking Partnership) E PFH required Specialist knowledge not a requirement, but is probably helpful	1 + 1 sub	L Shires (T Adams)
Norfolk Police and Crime Panel E Main Member and sub MUST be from same political group. Helpful for Member to have either experience of handling complaints or interest in this area.	1 + 1 sub	J Toye (S Butikofer)
Norfolk Joint Museums Committee E	1	L Withington (K Toye)
Norfolk Rail Group E Strategic input required – relating to rail and tourism across Norfolk	1 + Sub 1	P Heinrich (A Brown)
Norfolk Strategic Flood Alliance E Norfolk Strategic Planning Framework (formerly Duty to Co- operate Members' Forum) E PFH required, following discharge of statutory function	1 1 PFH	H Blathwayt A Brown

Appendix C

 Organisation; Appointing body:- (C, E or O) Requirements 	Number of reps (Outside Body Number in red if different)	Member(s) & Substitute(s) where required
Understanding of planning legislation, specifically strategic planning matters across Norfolk and in depth knowledge of the planning issues and consideration in relation to North Norfolk		
Norfolk Waste Partnership E PFH required	1 PFH & Leader	T Adams C Ringer
North Norfolk Community Transport E	1 + 1 sub	J Toye (M Batey)
Sheringham Little Theatre Society Board E One of the appointees should be the PFH. Should ideally have specialist knowledge or experience.	2 PFH - ideally	C Heinink L Withington
Sheringham & District Sports Association E Council owns the land	2 (no limit)	C Heinink L Withington
The Wash & North Norfolk Coast Marine Special Area of Conservation Management Group E	1 + 1 sub	H Blathwayt (P Fisher)
Wells Maltings Trust E Would prefer knowledge/experience of charitable governance, and arts/cultural interests (Council owns freehold / provides funding)	2 1	P Fisher (A Brown)

Registering interests

Within 28 days of becoming a member or your re-election or re-appointment to office you must register with the Monitoring Officer the interests which fall within the categories set out in **Table 1** (**Disclosable Pecuniary Interests**) which are as described in "The Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012". You should also register details of your other personal interests which fall within the categories set out in **Table 2** (**Other Registerable Interests**).

"**Disclosable Pecuniary Interest**" means an interest of yourself, or of your partner if you are aware of your partner's interest, within the descriptions set out in Table 1 below.

"Partner" means a spouse or civil partner, or a person with whom you are living as husband or wife, or a person with whom you are living as if you are civil partners.

- 1. You must ensure that your register of interests is kept up-to-date and within 28 days of becoming aware of any new interest, or of any change to a registered interest, notify the Monitoring Officer.
- 2. A 'sensitive interest' is as an interest which, if disclosed, could lead to the councillor, or a person connected with the councillor, being subject to violence or intimidation.
- 3. Where you have a 'sensitive interest' you must notify the Monitoring Officer with the reasons why you believe it is a sensitive interest. If the Monitoring Officer agrees they will withhold the interest from the public register.

Non participation in case of disclosable pecuniary interest

- 4. Where a matter arises at a meeting which directly relates to one of your Disclosable Pecuniary Interests as set out in **Table 1**, you must disclose the interest, not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest, just that you have an interest. Dispensation may be granted in limited circumstances, to enable you to participate and vote on a matter in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest.
- 5. Where you have a disclosable pecuniary interest on a matter to be considered or is being considered by you as a Cabinet member in exercise of your executive function, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest and must not take any steps or further steps in the matter apart from arranging for someone else to deal with it

Disclosure of Other Registerable Interests

6. Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to one of your Other Registerable Interests (as set out in **Table 2**), you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

Disclosure of Non-Registerable Interests

- 7. Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to your financial interest or well-being (and is not a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest set out in Table 1) or a financial interest or well-being of a relative or close associate, you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting. Otherwise you must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.
- 8. Where a matter arises at a meeting which affects
 - a. your own financial interest or well-being;
 - b. a financial interest or well-being of a relative, close associate; or
 - c. a body included in those you need to disclose under Other Registrable Interests as set out in **Table 2**

you must disclose the interest. In order to determine whether you can remain in the meeting after disclosing your interest the following test should be applied

- 9. Where a matter *affects* your financial interest or well-being:
 - a. to a greater extent than it affects the financial interests of the majority of inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision and;
 - b. a reasonable member of the public knowing all the facts would believe that it would affect your view of the wider public interest

You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting. Otherwise you must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation.

If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

10. Where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority and you have made an executive decision in relation to that business, you must make sure that any written statement of that decision records the existence and nature of your interest.

Table 1: Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

This table sets out the explanation of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests as set out in the <u>Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012</u>.

Subject	Description
Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain. [Any unpaid directorship.]
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the council) made to the councillor during the previous 12-month period for expenses incurred by him/her in carrying out his/her duties as a councillor, or towards his/her election expenses. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.
Contracts	Any contract made between the councillor or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the

	councillor is living as if they were
	spouses/civil partners (or a firm in which such person is a partner, or an incorporated body of which such person is a director* or a body that such person has a beneficial interest in the securities of*) and the council — (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and (b) which has not been fully discharged.
Land and Property	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the council. 'Land' excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not give the councillor or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners (alone or jointly with another) a right to occupy or to receive income.
Licenses	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the council for a month or longer
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to the councillor's knowledge)— (a) the landlord is the council; and (b) the tenant is a body that the councillor, or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners is a partner of or a director* of or has a beneficial interest in the securities* of.
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities* of a body where— (a) that body (to the councillor's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the council; and (b) either— (i)) the total nominal value of the securities* exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or (ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the councillor, or his/ her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were

spouses/civil partners has a beneficial
interest exceeds one hundredth of the
total issued share capital of that class.

* 'director' includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society.

* 'securities' means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

Table 2: Other Registrable Interests

You have a personal interest in any business of your authority where it relates to or is likely to affect:

- a) any body of which you are in general control or management and to which you are nominated or appointed by your authority
- b) any body
 - (i) exercising functions of a public nature
 - (ii) any body directed to charitable purposes or
 - (iii) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union)



Local Government Association Guidance on LGA Model Councillor Code of Conduct
Agenda Item 10

CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

<u>23 July 2025</u>

COUNCILLOR ADAMS - CABINET MEMBER FOR STRATEGY, COUNTRYWIDE WORKING AND EXTERNAL PARTNERSHIPS, PERFORMANCE, COMMUNICATIONS, HR AND LEGAL SERVICES

For the period April to July 2025

1 Progress on Portfolio Matters.

Communications

Supported Economic Growth with Invest North Norfolk events including promotion, graphic design requirements and coverage of the events.

Highlighting the work of Countryside Rangers and supporting the Green Futures project, to get young people involved with nature and the environment (Partner project with the North Norfolk Youth Advisory Board) and the countryside survey.

Supported Coastwise Team in highlighting developments around Happisburgh Car Park, promotion and graphic design requirements for the Coastwise cafes and coastal transition plans.

Promoting ongoing capital projects, such as Cromer Pier, the completion of the Mundesley and Cromer Coastal Management Schemes and Albert Street in Holt.

Continued audience growth on social media, including more bespoke/targeted use of video content on Instagram and TikTok in line with current consumer trends, and focused sector-based promotion on LinkedIn.

Supporting NNDC's involvement in Local Government Reorganisation and Devolution. Including via social media channels.

Continued to raise awareness of the coastal communities through Battle of the Beaches, which will continue into the first week of August.

Created, designed and finalised the next issue of Outlook magazine which will be delivered to North Norfolk households w/c July 21st.

Democratic Services

The Democratic Services Team has been very busy, with support for committee meetings taking priority in recent weeks.

The team has supported training sessions for members in scrutiny, licensing, and investigatory/disciplinary matters.

In July a new officer joined the team. Their role will focus on supporting the Council's oversight committees and they will work closely with the Committee Chairs on improving engagement between our GRAC and Scrutiny Committees and ensuring that the work programmes focus on adding value to the decision-making processes.

Electoral Services

The team have been focussing on contacting electors who are required to renew their postal votes before 31st January 2026. This amounts to some 13500 of our total absent voter list. The response has been good in comparison to other teams around the country with 50% response so far.

Human Resources

Attendance and Authorised Absence Policy - This has been updated and agreed with Unison and a new version is on the intranet and available to all staff.

Family Friendly Policy - Following legislative changes in April this policy has been updated in accordance with the changes and is available on the intranet.

International Women's Day (8 March) - The Council celebrated with a panel event featuring female peers from across NNDC, providing an opportunity for them to discuss their experiences as professional women and share insight on their journeys.

Reed Health Checks - A further day of health checks were carried out by Reed, as always this was welcomed by staff and resulted in a good turnout on the day.

<u>Legal</u>

Legal support to Coastwise continuing and progressing matters

Ongoing recruitment exercise to fill lawyer vacancies within the team.

Continuing to support the wider council to fulfil its statutory responsibilities under Freedom of Information and Data Protection legislation.

Performance for responding to statutory requests for information at 95%.

Providing a week's work experience for a university student.

2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments.

Democratic Services

The Town & Parish Council Forum will start to meet again in the Autumn. These sessions are usually virtual to maximise attendance but we hope to hold an in-person session at the Council Offices too so that clerks can meet and engage with key Council officers.

Electoral Services

Work has begun on the Annual Canvass of electors and also an election petition has been received for the recent vacancy on Wells Town Council so a Notice of Election will be published later in the month.

<u>Legal</u>

Training for Legal Officers on Housing reviews

Review of teams Business Continuity Plan and Business Impact Analysis document

3 Meetings attended

Meetings:

Attended meetings with MPs, and numerous discussions with partner Councils and providers in respect of Local Government Reorganisation, including attendance at LGA Conference and Norfolk Show.

We also hosted Town and Parish Briefings, and I have attended various other smaller individual events on Local Government Reorganisation, including one held at Norwich Cathedral, and briefings for other political groups (e.g. North Norfolk Labour Party).

I also met with UEA Students, Friends of North Lodge Park, Freebridge Housing Association, Cash Access UK, Norfolk & Norwich University Hospitals Trust, Anglian Water, Walcott Parish Council, Cromer Tennis Club, Norfolk Leaders Group, UEA, Friends of North Lodge Park, Stody Estate & Raynham Estate.

I attended:

Local Plan Hearings, Annual Business Forum (Holkham), event for reopening of Pier Dressing Rooms, Visit to Sizewell C, Coastwise events (various), Bluefield Battery Storage consultation event (Hempton Memorial Hall), VE Day commemorations, Holt LIDL consultation, Stalham Independent Living ground breaking event, Local Government Association Conference – Liverpool (30th June to 3rd July), Coastal Practitioners Conference, Norfolk & Norwich Festival event, Sands Agricultural Machinery opening event, Holt Country Park, Broadland Housing Association (Salthouse) and Cromer Pier Show opening.

To occur 9th – 23rd July: Various ongoing Local Government Reorganisation meetings, further meetings with MPs, Sheringham Town Council and NatWest.

CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

<u>23 July 2025</u>

COUNCILLOR HARRY BLATHWAYT - CABINET MEMBER FOR COAST

For the period April to July 2025

1 Progress on Portfolio Matters.

Cromer and Mundesley Coast Protection Scheme

- Mundesley main works were completed in May 2025. The contractor, Balfour Beatty, has demobilised and the scheme completion was celebrated on 8th July.
- The Coastal Monitoring Plan submitted to the MMO and Planning a post construction condition has been discharged. The condition requires up to ten years monitoring following the completion of the temporary rock stockpile.
- In Cromer, minor 'snagging' and 'making good' works have been completed.

Coastwise

- Work has started on Community Transition Plans, with contractors being appointed and kick off meetings attended.
- The Coastwise Creative Competition exhibition took place between March and May, with subsequent follow up requests for the exhibition to visit local libraries.
- Coastwise co-lead the national Coastal Practitioner conference, hosted in Cromer. There was significant interest from practitioners around adaptation and coast protection projects in North Norfolk. Chloe Suttle represented the team at an 'early careers' panel session.
- The latest (fourth) series of Coastwise Cafés took place in June at Overstrand, Trimingham and Happisburgh. One of the events was held at Happisburgh school hall during school pick-up time, which proved to be a good way to reach more residents.

Overstrand

- The Cabinet paper for the proposed coast protection works was approved in March 2025, funding applications are in train, having received notice that a budget allocation has been made by the Regional Flood and Coastal Committee, subject to approval of the Outline Business Case (OBC).
- Investigation into Procurement Routes and drafting the consultants brief for supporting the OBC, detailed design and contractor tender documents is ongoing.
- Quotes are being obtained for the removal of material that has slipped onto the top of the sea wall; some of which is contaminated with Japanese knotweed (invasive species).
- Methods of dealing with the Japanese knotweed that is currently on the cliff are being investigated, but this is a complex area in which to work due to the instability of the cliffs.

Repairs and Maintenance

- All pre-season works required on our coastal assets within the District have been completed, including repairs and maintenance to access slopes and steps where required.
- Cromer Pier fabrication of pier tie bars.
- Removal of timber plant bay on East Runton beach.
- Cromer groynes making safe and removal of the temporary concrete 'Lego' blocks from the plant bays.
- Remedial works completed to access slope at East Runton following wash out from heavy rainfall.
- Removal of the now redundant Sandscaping information signs.
- Remedial works completed to outfall drain at Weybourne.
- Floodgate inspections and ongoing maintenance as required.

2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments.

Coastwise

- Progress on community transition plans in Weybourne, Overstrand, Trimingham, Walcott & Bacton, and Happisburgh will be driven forward by community groups and facilitated by contractors.
- Members of the Coastwise team will be attending and presenting at EELGA Net Zero and Climate Change workshop on 16th July.
- The final report on Graveyards at erosion risk is expected soon.

Repairs and Maintenance

- Sheringham promenade repair works.
- Cromer groyne repairs.
- Beeston Bump infill of void behind seawall.
- Overstrand west revetment repairs.

3 Meetings attended

Date 2025	NNDC	Broads Auth	Virtual	In Person	Description
28/02	Х	X	Х		CEO catch up
02/03	Х		Х		Coastwise Catchup
03/03	Х			Х	Cabinet & Business Planning
04/03	Х			Х	Cromer Mundesley Scheme Board
05/06	Х		Х		Overstrand Catchup
Ditto		x		Х	Broads Local Access Forum
Ditto	Х		Х		Norfolk Coastal Meeting
06/03		X	Х		CEO Catch up
07/03		Х		Х	Planning Committee
10/03	Х		Х		Quarterly MP Coastal Catchup
11/03	Х		X		Norfolk Coastal Forum
12/03		Х		Х	Norwich LGR presentation

X X X X	X	X	Full Board Prep Meeting Full Board Meeting
		X	Full Board Meetind
X			<u> </u>
		X	BAAppraisals
		X	Cabinet pre agenda & Business planning
	X		Training
		Х	Full Council
Х	Х		CEO Catchup
X	X		Heritage Asset Review Group
	х		Coastwise Catchup
		Х	Norfolk Strategic Flood Alliance
	Х		Norfolk Coastal Partnership
		x	Coastwise Creative Judging
		x	Cabinet & Business Planning
C Broads Auth	Virtual	In Person	Description
	Х		Coastwise Catchup
X		Х	Navigation Committee
X		Х	Planning Committee
	X		Coastal SIG Field Trip Discussion
	X		Blakeney Harbor/Coastal Feasibility Project
		X	Treasury management training
	X		Coastal SIG Field Preparation Meeting
		x	Cabinet & Pre Planning
	x		Coastal SIG Field Trip Themes
X		x	Upper Thurne Working Group
	X		Norfolk Coastal Catchup
X			Leaders Catchup
			Chairs Group Meeting
^		v	Coastwise Board
v			National Parks Peak District (3 day) Conference
C Broads	Virtual	In	Description
Auth			
		X	Cabinet. Cromer Mundesley Board
	X		Norfolk Coastal Partnership Strategy meeting
		X	Broadland Futures.
X	Х		Board Preparation Meeting
X		Х	Board Meeting
		Х	Coastal Practitioners Conference
X	Х		Leaders Catchup
		Х	Coastal Practitioners Conference
X	Х		DEFRA Appointments meeting
	Х	X	George Freeman MP Private Members Bill meeting.
X		Х	National Parks Meeting
	X		Anglia water strategy meeting. Coastal community resilience presentation prep meeting
x	x		CEO catchup
	X I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I <td< th=""><th>XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX</th><th>xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx<trr>xxx</trr></th></td<>	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx <trr>xxx</trr>

ditto	X			X	Full Council	
22/05	х			х	Norfolk Coastal Partnership AGM	
ditto		x	Х		Management team Briefing	
27/06		Х	Х		Leaders catchup	
28/06	Х		Х		Coastwise catchup	
29/05	Х		Х		Coastal SIG Terms of reference meeting	
30/05		X		Х	Planning Committee	
June	NNDC	Broads	Virtual	Person	Description	
02/06	Х			X	Cabinet & Business Planning	
03/06	Х			Х	Norfolk Strategic Flood Alliance	
ditto		х	Х		CEO catchup	
04/06	Х			Х	Flood and Coast Conference Telford	
05/06		Х	Х		Leaders meeting	
ditto	Х			Х	Broads IDB	
06/06		X		X	Directors Interviews	
09/06		Х		Х	Post interview meeting	
10/06	Х			Х	Cromer Mundesley Board	
12/06	х			X	Coastwise café, Trimingham. Members briefing on LGR	
13/06		x		Х	Heritage asset review group	
16/06	Х			Х	Coastwise grant applications	
17/06	Х		Х		Anglia water meeting	
17/06		Х		Х	Sailability 20 th anniversary celebration	
18/06	Х		Х		Coastal SIG Quarterly meeting	
19/06	Х		Х		Coastal SIG Water Quality Summit	
ditto		x	Х		CEO catchup	
23/06	Х			Х	Pre-cabinet & Business planning	
25/06		Х	Х		DEFRA Public Appointments Interviews	
26/06		Х	Х		ditto	
27/06		Х		Х	New member induction	
ditto		Х	Х		DEFRA Public Appointments Interviews	

CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

23rd July 2025

COUNCILLOR ANDREW BROWN - CABINET MEMBER FOR PLANNING AND ENFORCEMENT

For the period 8th March 2025 to 11th July.

1 **Progress on Portfolio Matters**

In terms of **Planning Policy**:

- (i) The further Local Plan Examination Hearings took place in the week of 8th April 2025. These focussed on the issues raised during the Further Consultation on the Local Plan concluded on 19th December 2024. The Hearings took place in our Cromer offices and were be led / chaired by our independently appointed Planning Inspector. For further information see: <u>Resumed Hearings Agenda</u>.
- (ii) The Inspector wrote to the Council by letter dated 8th May 2025 to provide an update on his work on our Plan. That letter (see: <u>Inspectors Post</u> <u>Hearings Letter</u>) included the statement that:

"(His) overall conclusion is that the Council has made good progress over the last year to address the concerns set out in my letter dated 24 May 2024 and that with suitable **main modifications** (MMs) it should be possible for a sound plan to be adopted."

- (iii) It is anticipated that the required *consultation on the Main Modifications* will take place during August and September 2025. The most up-to-date position will always be set out on our 'Local Plan Examination Latest News page, see: Local plan examination latest news
- (iv) The Norfolk Strategic Planning Framework (NSPF) is document produced by a partnership of all nine Norfolk local planning authorities. It helps demonstrate compliance with the "duty to cooperate" requirement of Section 110 of the Localism Act 2011. That requires authorities to 'engage constructively, actively and on an ongoing basis for all strategic and cross boundary planning matters. The first version of the NSPF document was produced and endorsed in 2018 and the most recent version endorsed by Cabinet April 2021. The latest iteration has now been drafted and is ready for endorsement and sign off from the participating LPAs. The intention is to bring a short report recommending endorsement of it to the September Cabinet meeting.

(v) The latest government funding review resulted in the Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) withdrawing funding that has been in place for years to support the development of *Neighbourhood Plans*. As a result, Government funded support that was used by Parish and Town Councils to commission new and support the production of neighbourhood planning work has stopped. We understand that technical support grants that were agreed prior to the end of March 2025 will be honoured. The withdrawal of direct grant funding by HMCLG will affect those neighbourhood plans already in production and those starting out.

In addition, to-date, the Council has been able to claim funding to cover its own costs in relation to Neighbourhood Plan examination and referendum. It is not known, at this time, if this funding will continue or whether it has also been withdrawn. Officers are looking at options that might enable us to provide some financial support for Neighbourhood Plan work – particularly for those already underway – realistically though, if we are able to help, this will be at a significantly reduced level from that that had been in place via Government funding.

In terms of **Development Management**:

- (vi) The Development Committee has met three since the last Report and considered 18 applications at those meetings. Those 18 included four major applications for a variation to an approved scheme for 62 retirement dwellings in Sheringham, see <u>Development Committee Report RV241351</u> a 41 apartment retirement living scheme also in Sheringham, see <u>Development Committee Report PF241229</u> the Council' swimming pool (etc) proposal at Fakenham, see <u>Development Committee Report PF242418</u> and, a solar PV proposal at South Raynham, see <u>Development Committee Report PF250091</u>. The Committee agreed with the officer recommendation in each case and in all four cases the Assistant Director for Planning was given authority to issues permission once section 106 agreements and or conditions are drafted / completed.
- (vii) At the meeting on 27th June 2025, Councillors also considered a report on various *Government consultation documents*, namely:
 - a. Planning Reform Working paper: Speeding Up Build Out
 - b. Technical Consultation on Implementing Measures to Improve Build Out Transparency
 - c. Planning Reform Working paper Reforming Site Thresholds; and
 - d. Technical Consultation Reform of Planning Committees.

The Assistant Director for Planning was authorised to submit the Council's position to Government in each case. See <u>Development Committee Paper</u> <u>June 2025</u> for more information.

(viii) The paper on the *Reform of Planning Committees* caused most discussion. While the Council's formal response will include putting forward numerous ideas for improving the system that the Government are proposing to mandate, Committee decided that the headline part of their previous response on the subject should also be repeated in the response – i.e. that the Council is opposed to one of the core components of the Government's proposal – i.e. the drastic reduction of local democratic involvement in planning that is being proposed.

In terms of **Building Control**:

- (ix) A new arm's length body to Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) is being established with the intention for this to take on the functions of the *Building Safety Regulator* from the Health & Safety Executive (HSE). MHCLG stated that these reforms will pave the way for the creation of a single construction regulator, as recommended by the Grenfell Tower Inquiry. Moreover, MHCLG stated that they will establish a new Fast Track Process to enhance the review of new build higher-risk building applications, unblock delays and boost sector confidence - a measure which MHCLG believe will help the delivery of 1.5 million homes and speed up remediation. See <u>Reforms to Building Safety Regulator</u> for more information.
- (x) The Building Safety Regulator has updated its registration classes for Registered Building Inspectors. This means that the range of permissible works that class 2 Registered Building Inspectors can undertake has been widened. While the changes appear to be being made to support the Government in their ambition to help deliver 1.5m homes this Parliament, it has raised some serious concerns within the sector about people now being able to 'sign-off' works that they weren't deemed competent to do prior to the change being made. Due to the nature of built development in North Norfolk (i.e. only one 'high-rise' building) and the competency levels of our team, this change doesn't really have a practical implication in our area – unlike much of the country.

Finally, on other matters:

(xi) A successful prosecution has been secured in a *planning enforcement* case. In October 2020, the Council served an Enforcement Notice following unauthorised residential use of a building at an ex-youth centre in Trimingham. The Enforcement Notice mandated that the residential use ceased within the building, which had been converted for residential purposes without applying for planning permission.

The landowner subsequently failed to comply with the Notice, leading to the Council seeking a prosecution. At Kings Lynn Magistrates Court, on 30 April 2025, the Court found the landowner guilty and issued a fine, a victim surcharge and awarded costs to the District Council. The associated website article is available at: <u>Planning Enforcement in Trimingham</u>.

- (xii) The first two 2025 *Town and Parish Council training sessions* on planning matters have been held. These were on 'how to write a good quality response on planning applications (in Stalham on 21st May 2025) and on 'affordable housing' (in Cromer on 1st July 2025).
- (xiii) We remain on track for our transfer of much of our Land Charges Search function to *HM Land Registry*. We have made the required amendments to our data sets (more than 7,500 of them) so that they are compatible with the national way of doing things. We remain on course for 'transfer' this autumn.

(xiv) Finally, the Council has received a GeoPlace *Platinum Award for Address and Street Data*. This is awarded to authorities that have maintained Gold status across all criteria of the Annual Improvement Schedule for 10 out of 12 months up to the end of March 2025. The award citation states that 'this prestigious recognition highlights (y)our dedication to maintaining the highest standards of (address and street) data quality throughout the year'.

2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments

The next Development Committees are due to be held on 24th July and 21st August 2025.

3 Meetings attended (from May 2025)

<u>May</u>

- 2nd Development Committee
- 6th Cabinet
- 16th County Council Forum meeting re Local Govt reform
- 29th Norfolk Strategic Planning Forum at Norfolk CC

<u>June</u>

- 2nd Cabinet & Business Planning
- 4th/5th House of Commons visit
- 11th Overview & Scrutiny
- 12th Full Council presentation on Local Govt reform

<u>July</u>

7th Cabinet & Business Planning

23rd Full Council

Note: In addition to the above, Cllr Brown attended various Parish Council meetings.

CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

<u>June 2025</u>

COUNCILLOR WENDY FREDERICKS - CABINET MEMBER FOR PEOPLE SERVICES

For the period up to 30th June 2025

1 Progress on Portfolio Matters.

Benefits

North Norfolk District Council Benefits Team Named Finalists for National Award

We are proud to announce that our Benefits Team has been shortlisted as a finalist for the IRRV Performance Awards - Benefits Team of the Year 2025.

This national recognition from the Institute of Revenues Rating and Valuation (IRRV) highlights the team's commitment to delivering excellent customer service, supporting vulnerable residents, and driving innovation in welfare support.

Being named a finalist is a testament to the dedication and professionalism of the entire team, and we look forward to the results which will be announced in October.

Caseload (Q1/2025)

We see fluctuations in our caseload as cases close due to natural changes in circumstances. In addition to this, the Housing Benefit (HB) caseload making up for 36% of the total caseload, is continuing to decrease due to the managed migration process to Universal Credit.



We are continuing our Financial Inclusion Income maximisation workstream where we are reaching out to households in financial hardship to ensure those in need receive the appropriate support. To date we have realised £171,140.58 in annualised income across 76 households.

Speed of Processing Times – (Q1/2025)

The table below shows our processing times for Q1 (2025). Our targets are:

16 days for processing new claims10 days for processing changes in circumstances

We prioritise processing changes that affect Housing Benefit to help minimise overpayments. Doing so reduces the financial impact on customers and helps the council avoid potential losses in Housing Benefit subsidy and the need for recovery action.

	Number received in the Quarter	NNDC number of days to process (Q1/2025)
New claims HB	450	7.47
New claims CTS	452	21.33
Changes in circumstances HB	07.047	15.03
Changes in circumstances CTS	27,217	5.87

Discretionary Housing Payments

We continue to administer Discretionary Housing Payments (DHP) to support tenancy sustainment, homelessness, and to support people to stay within the community.

For 2025/26, North Norfolk has been allocated funding of £103,037.00, and up to 30th June 2025 we have spent 34% of our allocation across 35 households.

A breakdown of how the expenditure has been allocated across the 35 households can be seen below.



Household Type	Number of Households paid	Expenditure across households		
Single - Working age	17	£ 12,819.78		
Single - Pension age	2	£ 6,244.79		
Couple - Working age	2	£ 2,673.11		
Couple - Pension age	0	£ -		
Family - Working age	13	£ 12,742.29		
Family - Pension age	1	£ 136.05		
Totals	35	£ 34,616.02		

Housing Options and Homeless Prevention

Your Choice Your Home

The demand for social and affordable housing options remains high within the district and far exceeds the availability and supply. As at the 30 June 2025 there were 2,123 households on the housing list with (22%) being on the Housing Register – the register contains those qualifying applicants who have the most urgent housing needs, including homeless households and households living in Temporary Accommodation.

The tables below highlight the make up of housing need and the size of property that is required by applicants on the housing list. Although the greatest demand for housing is those with a 1-bedroom need, there are significantly fewer larger properties allocated with a current demand for 4 bed+ properties being 236

	Housing List by Bedroom Need					Home	s Let by P (Bedroc	roperty siz oms)	ze
	Housing Register	Housing Options	Transfer	Total		Housing Register	Housing Options	Transfer	Tot al
1 Bed	201	837	154	1192		14			14
2 Bed	96	293	90	479		20			20
3 Bed	64	82	39	185		8			8
4 Bed	97	101	36	234		2			2
5 Bed +	11	12	9	33		0			0
Total	470	1325	328	2123		44			44

Some properties have a minimum age requirement, for example, in some cases only people over 55 years of age can apply, this applied to 14% of the properties let between 01 April to 30 June 2025

Households Assessed and Duty Owed

Our Housing Options Service offers advice to anyone who has a housing problem, and offers support and assistance if someone is homeless, or threatened with homelessness, within the next 56 days.

Approaches to the service remain high and during the month of June 2025 we have opened 101 new cases with 23 households being assessed as owed a statutory duty to prevent or relieve homelessness.

Year to date we have opened 307 cases with over 22% of households presenting when they are already homeless.



Causes of Homelessness

The three most common triggers of homelessness/loss of last settles home during the month were:

- The loss of a private tenancy
- Domestic Abuse
- Households no longer being able to stay with families and friends

Open Cases

On the 30th June 2025 there were 245 open cases.



Outcomes

Between 01 April and 30 June, we have closed 292 cases, of which 35% were owed a statutory duty.

Where homelessness cannot be prevented or relieved a decision is taken to whether the applicant is owed the Main homelessness duty. This describes the duty a local authority

has towards an applicant who is unintentionally homeless, eligible for assistance and has a priority need. Households are only owed a main duty if their homelessness has not been successfully prevented or relieved.

Between 01 April to 30 June 2025, 47 main duty decisions have been taken with the following decisions being reached:

- 01: Not homeless
- 10: Homeless + no priority need
- 03: Homeless + priority need + intentionally homeless
- 33: Homeless + priority need + intentionally homeless

Where a local authority has accepted a main housing duty to an applicant, Section 193 accommodation duty arises. This requires the local authority to ensure that the applicant has access to suitable temporary accommodation until the applicant is rehoused and the Section 193 duty is discharged.

94% of main duties have been discharged with 94% households accepting an offer of social housing 3% moving into private rented and 3% returned home to family.

Temporary Accommodation

As at the 30 June 2025 there were 59 households in Temporary Accommodation. Included in the 32 Family Households there were 76 dependent children.



Other, includes Couples and families with Older Children

34% of households were in Temporary Accommodation owed by North Norfolk District Council, and there are currently no families with children in accommodation with share facilities.



Rough Sleeping

During the month of June (at various points in time) 6 people were reported/verified as sleeping rough in North Norfolk. At the end of the month, 3 people remain sleeping rough in the district, 2 people have secured licences and moved into our temporary accommodation for rough sleepers, and 1 person is being accommodated in TA under part 7 of the Housing Act. Part 7 of the Housing Act 1996, as amended, outlines the legal framework for how local housing authorities in England address homelessness and the duties they owe to individuals who are homeless or threatened with homelessness. It details the criteria for determining homelessness, the assessments required, and the various duties owed to applicants.

Housing Strategy

Temporary Accommodation

The Council now holds 27 units of Temporary or other homeless accommodation (including five units of move on accommodation for ex-rough sleepers). Value for money analysis of our in-house TA has concluded the homes do provide VFM, especially compared to expensive (and inferior) nightly paid accommodation.

The demand for TA continues and we have recently been successful in our bid for government funding through Local Authority Housing Fund Grant (£588k) which is helping us to purchase a further six units of homeless accommodation. Two of these homes have already been purchased (included in the 27 above) and are now in use. A further three homes (a 1-bed, a 3-bed and a 4-bed) should complete shortly. We aim to secure the remaining home in the next 2-3 months.

New Affordable Homes

We have a healthy affordable housing scheme pipeline, many of which are 'rural exception' housing sites at various points in the development process. There are over twenty developments which will, subject to approvals, deliver more than 550 new affordable homes in the next few years.

In Sheringham (Westwood) 19 affordable homes have been completed, with the remaining 5 to be let in July 2025.

Flagship Housing Association have a current planning application for 9 affordable homes in Pudding Norton at Green Lane.

Blakeney Neighbourhood Housing Society continue to work in partnership with Broadland Housing Association to deliver 8 affordable homes, with a planning application submission expected in the coming months.

In the last week of June, a planning application has been submitted by Flagship Housing Association, for a proposal to build 26 affordable homes on Catfield Road, Ludham. The proposed homes are a mixture of affordable rent and shared ownership for households with a local connection.

A rural exception housing site has been completed in Salthouse providing 5 affordable homes. In West Beckham, 5 affordable rented homes built by Broadland Housing Association have been completed, with a further 5 to follow shortly. For both parishes, households also with a local connection will be given preference. Members of the Development Committee along with NNDC officers were invited to a development completion event at Salthouse on 4 June. The Broadland Housing Association team were there to offer a tour and answer any questions.

In Holt, Lovells will be delivering 9 of the first affordable homes on the Beresford Road site in June, with 13 homes to follow in the autumn. The remaining 16 affordable homes will be delivered in 2026.

Work continues to seek further land in the district which is suitable for affordable housing with some local landowners making contact following recent publicity. Strategic Housing are currently working on the suitability of ten early-stage sites.

Other

A training session for all Town & Parish councils, explaining how affordable housing is delivered, will take place on 1st July 2025.

A briefing for all councillors on all aspects of housing, and the Council's roles and responsibilities, will take place on 16th July 2025.

Social Prescribing

In June there have been 58 referrals into the Social Prescribing team with 119 issues identified. This includes a total of 35 referrals received from GP surgeries, with 52 issues identified.

There have been 72 referrals into the Financial Inclusion team in May. Statistics for June are still to be finalised, and it is expected that the number of referrals for June will have increased.

Following the recent resignation of a member of the team, we will shortly be advertising for a Financial Inclusion Officer to fill the vacant post of 18.5 hours.

In the week commencing 30/06/2025 some members of the team have been attending some Dementia UK Summer School online events. This will help to enhance and develop their knowledge and skills when working with households dealing with dementia.

<u>IHAT</u>

The Council has a statutory duty to provide financial assistance to those who qualify for a Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) to contribute towards adaptations which help them to safely access their home and the facilities within it.

The funding is provided as a capital grant from government via the Better Care Fund. The government allocation for DFGs for 2025/26 is **£1,680,858**. We also have a contribution from reserves following an underspend during the pandemic, of **£400,000**.

Actual spend as of 30th June 2025 against the budget is **£255,103** in mandatory DFG's. This is represented below.

Ye	ar	Month	Sum of Up to £5k	Sum of £5k to £15k	Sum of £15k to £30k	Sum of Total expenditure
20	025	April	9,740.00	87,368.84	51,243.36	148,352.20
20	025	May	12,552.89	50,409.49	23,263.24	86,226.00
20	025	June	0.00	20,525.00	0.00	20,525.00
То	tal		22,292.89	158,303.33	74,506.60	255,103.20

In addition to this a total of £16,312.02 was distributed in Discretionary Grants.

The team has been undertaking a process review which is close to completion. Some insights from the review have been acted upon and we are pleased to see an improvement to our performance in the first quarter compared to the previous year.

Assessment Completed	2024	2025
April	5	12
Мау	7	10
June	6	13
Total	18	35

Recommendation Completed	2024	2025
April	12	16
Мау	7	16
June	5	13
Total	24	45

A breakdown of the DFG outcomes and demand for Q1 (2025) is explained further below.

However, it should be noted when reading the data that the number of completed Disabled Facilities Grants (DFGs) can vary month to month due to the complex and multi-stage nature of the process, which depends on factors such as contractor availability, supply chain delays, resident circumstances, and the time lag between approval and completion; a low number in any given month often reflects earlier delays or seasonal factors, rather than a lack of activity or progress.

Additionally, a grant cannot be formally recorded as completed until the final invoice is received and processed, which can further delay reporting even when works have finished.

Number of referrals received

The team received a total of 80 referrals with 75% of referrals being received via Norfolk County Council Adult Social Services.

Year	Month	Sum of NNDC referrals	Sum of Norfolk County Council referrals
2025	April	7	12
2025	May	12	19
2025	June	1	29

Outcomes

During the first quarter, the team approved 24 DFG applications and saw 27 cases where DFG applications were classed as "completed". When looking at "completed" applications, this means the authority has been invoiced for the works done and the budget allocated from the DFG budget.

A total of 21 applications were either withdrawn or cancelled. As part of the process review work, we will be analysing this area of work in more detail to understand why applicants are not progressing their applications.

Year	Month	Sum of Applications withdrawn/cancelled	Sum of Grants Approved	Sum of Adaptations Completed
2025		12	12	14
2025	May	1	2	11
2025	June	8	10	2

Type of adaptation

During the first quarter a total of 35 adaptations were installed in residents' homes. A total of 10 households received improvements to the access in or around their home, 18 households received the installed of low level access shower, or a similar adaptation to their bathroom, 2 households were improved by widening doorways to a main room in the house, such as a kitchen, 4 households saw the installation of a stairlift, and 1 household saw the installation of a wash dry toilet.

Year	Month	Sum of Access	Extension	Sum of Level access: Shower/bathroom adaptation	Other e.g door widening, stepped access, kitchen adaptations etc.	Sum of Stairlift	Wash/dry toilet
2025	April	6	0	8	1	3	1
2025	May	3	0	8	1	1	0
2025	June	1		2			

Demographics of households

During the quarter we saw most households receiving adaptations between the ages of 18 to 65, with households aged under 17 receiving the least adaptations. Most adaptations were concerned with Registered Social Landlord (RSL) properties, followed by people who



Key service updates:

The process mapping project is nearing the end and has been reviewed with the team, including discussion around best practice and better ways of working to improve the service provided by IHAT.

We will be meeting with Flagship Housing Association in July to review collaborative working and potential improvements. Ongoing monthly meetings with Flagship Housing Association will allow for the review of cases to improve completion times, and to find suitable combined solutions using best practice.

Ongoing IHAT weekly meetings including recent visitors N-able to discuss wash dry toilets pros and cons on functionality and financially along streamlining wash dry toilet installation in client's properties.

Six-weekly local delivery group meeting with partners of Norfolk County Council.

Ongoing meetings with architect, Technical Officers and Occupational Therapists (OTs) for extensive DFG projects and reviewing outstanding cases.

3 Meetings attended

EEERG Conference NNDC Full Council Cllr Transformation Network Meeting

Mundesley Parish Council Full Council Cabinet Business Planning Assets Meeting Mental health and Wellbeing Launch of Mindful Norfolk Salthouse Completion Meeting Ministerial Meeting with Baroness Taylor Mundesley WI Award presenting Overview and Scrutiny Portfolio Holder for Housing Strategy Meeting Cabinet Pre-Agenda Meeting

Asset Preservation Discussion Portfolio for People Services Catch up Carbon Literacy Leadership Academy Drop in meeting **Regional Accommodation Forum** Town and Parish Council briefing on DEVO and LGR Meeting with second home owner Norfolk Leaders Meeting Sub for TA EEERG Skills Forum Mundesley Business Venture Meeting TA in NN discussion with potential provider Mundesley Parish Council Full Council Meeting with Zedpods Rural Affordable Housing Webinar North Norfolk Apprenticeships and training opportunities Speaking at the National Housing Federation on Rural Housing Challenges online Homelessness Prevention Possible Partnership Catchup with Leader and CEX Visit to REAGIT Training Costal Forum sub Chair for HB **Overview and Scrutiny** Member Briefing on Housing Mundesley Parish Full Council Joint Staff Consultive Committee Your Own Place Meeting

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CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

23 July 2025

1

COUNCILLOR CALLUM RINGER – PORTFOLIO HOLDER FOR IT, ENVIRONMENTAL & WASTE SERVICES

For the period April to July 2025

Progress on Portfolio Matters.

Environmental Protection

Pest Control (by Millennium) at hotspots in Cromer, East Runton progressing very well, with targeted work to prevent the development of infestations in Hoveton and Weybourne. Work with Environmental Services, Leisure, and Assets and Properties. Car Meet PSPOs in force.

Dog Control PSPOs for non-coastal areas extended for another three years.

The North Norfolk District Council Financial Penalty Policy Environmental Protection (Housing) was revised and adopted by CLT, to specifically include electrical regulations offences, and ensure that it was more robust in general.

Fly-tipping admitted and fixed penalty notice issued for recent incident involving bagged waste and soft furnishings in Trimingham.

Two vehicles of long-term complaint have been removed by their owners in North Walsham, after abandoned vehicle action.

Environmental Services

Commercial food waste: We are working to commercial food waste service commencing from July 2025 onwards.

We currently have approx. 220 eligible customers in line with the requirements under Simpler Recycling from April 2025, who are signing up for the new service. Currently to service this level of customers we need one vehicle to operate the service, which we will be hiring in.

We anticipate the initial service to naturally grow over the coming months where customers start to get a clearer understanding of how the service can work for them. We will actively be reviewing the service as it grows to establish if and when we need an additional vehicle.

Domestic food waste: We have received confirmation that our new food waste vehicles are estimated to delivered throughout August 2026. We are currently reviewing and compiling a business case on a phased roll plan for the new domestic service based on when the vehicles arrive. A phased roll out allows for teething issues to be addressed and any impact potentially being on a smaller set of residential areas, rather than the whole district.

Films and flexible plastics trial: NNDC will be taking part in the Norfolk Waste Partnership's (NWP) films and flexible plastic trial, which will run across a 6-week period from September 2025 covering 3 recycling collections from the chosen area. Local Ward members who are impacted will be contacted on individual basis. The purpose of the trial is to understand the feasibility of introducing such a service and the potential cost may be required for investment into the Mixed Recycling Facility going forward to handle this material. NWP will also be relaying the information to DEFRA alongside their concerns with end markets for the materials.



Contract performance:

Public Protection

The Public Protection team continue to inspection food businesses across the District, although due to retirement the team are currently short staffed, they are prioritising resource until a replacement arrives in late August. There has been a review of several key licensing policies, including the Taxi Handbook and Gambling Statement of Principles which was presented to the relevant licensing committees on the 9th of July 2025. Street Trading is the next policy which is being reviewed and the consultation for this will open in mid-July.

			2025		
		Jun	Jul	Total	
Animal	Animal Activites	2	1	3	3
	Total	2	1	3	3
Carava n	Camping Site	1	0	1	1
	Total	1	0	1	1
Charitable	House to House Collection	0	3	3	3
	Street Collections	1	2	3	3
	Total	1	5	6	6
Gambling	Gambling Premises Notification	3	0	3	3
	Lottery - Small Premises	15	8	23	23
	Total	18	8	26	26
Liquor & Entertainment	Club Premises	1	2	3	3
	Personal	8	3	11	11
	Premise Licence	75	29	104	104
	TENS	39	11	50	50
	Total	123	45	168	168
Taxi	Hackney Carriage Vehicle	15	4	19	19
	Private Hire Operator	3	0	3	3
	Private Hire Vehicle	126	14	140	140
	Taxi Driver	163	53	216	216
	Total	307	71	378	378

Licensing Stats: Summary Monthly

Emergency Planning and Resilience

The organisations Business Continuity plans are currently being refreshed and reviewed.

The pilot project of the Community Resilience Models has ended, we are waiting official feedback but overall, the project appears to have been well received and a useful exercise for those involved.

Between April and June the team worked hard as part of a multiagency group, to responded to the impact of the fatal collision between the Solong and The Stena Immaculate in the North Sea and the release of plastic nurdles. The skips which were

located along the coast to assist with the collection and removal of the nurdles have recently been removed. Survey work indicates that the beaches in our district which were initially impacted are now cleared to a satisfactory level.

Following rest centre training at Great Yarmouth Borough Council, there will be a review of NNDC rest centres and their operation.

CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

<u>July 2025</u>

COUNCILLOR SHIRES - CABINET MEMBER FOR FINANCE, ASSETS AND PROPERTY SERVICES

For the period April to July 2025

1	Progress on Portfolio Matters.
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Finance

Outturn

• The outturn report covering the year ending 31 March 2025 showed a surplus (£0.622m) forecast at Jan 25. This favourable swing is largely down to improved income as well as significant savings in employee and supplies and services budgets.

Budget 2026/27

 Work has begun to identify potential areas for budget savings ahead of budget setting for 2026/2027.

Accounts

 The 2024/2025 Statements of Accounts were delayed in publishing beyond the 30th June 2025 deadline, it is now anticipated that these will be published by Friday 18 July 2025.

Audits

- Audit planning for 2024/25, has been completed by EY with the audit to commence in the autumn
- Two internal audits, Key Controls and Finance Application were completed with reasonable assurance.

Revenues

National Collection Results for 2024/25

- The **Council Tax** collection was 98.37% rounded to 98.4% against the target of 98.20%.
- This means we are top in Norfolk again and not just top quartile (25%) nationally again but are 22nd out of 298 councils nationally which is within the top 7.4% councils nationally.
- The **Non-Domestic (Business) Rates** collection was 99.45% rounded to 99.5% against the target of 99.2%.
- This means we are top in Norfolk again and not just top quartile (25%) nationally again but are 13th out of 298 councils nationally which is within the top 4.3% councils nationally.

Collection for 2025/26 as of 30 June 2025.

- The Council Tax collection was 28.87% against the 30 June 2025 target of 28.85%. This equates to an excess of £20k. We have collected over £31.9m to date.
- The NDR collection was 32.73% against the 30 June 2025 target of 28.85%. This equates to an excess of £1.32m. We have collected over £10.2m to date.
- For context, at the end of June last year, we had achieved 28.93% for council tax and are finding things more difficult with second home premiums and cost of living affecting council tax collection. At the end of June last year, we had achieved 28.46% for NDR, so we are continuing to do very well.

Estates

Vacant property:

- Cornish way 2 units vacant There is still interest from existing tenant to relocate to a vacant unit, a further unit is has received offers following marketing – this didn't progress and the unit is being readvertised.
- The Cedars Barns continue to be advertised. Vacant Annex has some interest from an existing tenant but has not progressed.
- North Lodge Park hard standing car park we are awaiting instructions
- Fakenham Connect first floor offices are being advertised no interest
- North Norfolk Visitor Centre lease is progressing with Dentist, Heads of Terms to be signed as next stage and solicitors to be instructed. Architects visited.

Leases:

- Lease negotiations for the RNLI continue and monitoring of damp conditions. Rocket House Café lease terms agreed at Cabinet.
- Fakenham industrial unit lease renewal is continuing through the legal process.
- Donkey shelter Building redevelopment by community organisation being considered. Financial appraisal received and following meeting to review.
- Lease terms negotiated in relation to Flash project.
- Lease renewals for key tenant at Cromer and Fakenham offices have had some initial discussions.
- Cabbell Park car park lease negotiations to be to finalised.
- No weekly let bookings are available and leases for these locations have been issued for 5 year period. Weekly let huts and furniture have been sold.
- The beach hut and chalet notice of rent increase has been issued and took effect from 1st April 2025
- Gas Governor, Sheringham lease terms agreed

Disposal:

- Enabling land at Sheringham. The option agreement is to be further extended for a period of 6 months to enable the purchaser time to apply for planning consent for an amended scheme, alongside this advertising of the site for sale, will also commence. Legal transaction in progress and meeting held. Quotes for remarketing obtained.
- Highfield Road, Fakenham Option agreement for Housing is progressing subject to governance approval.

- Mundesley a disposal of amenity land to Parish Council is in progress.
- Victory, North Walsham, EV charges, change is demise following removal of land to facilitate Flagship development being considered and contact legal work for licence for works.
- Shared equity disposals for 2 properties are in progress.
- Interest from various Parish and Town Councils regarding acquisition of community assets being reviewed.
- Sale of Station Approach putting greens to the Town Council in Sheringham is to be put on hold to enable a whole review of the asset portfolio due to LGR.

Acquisition:

- Supporting Coastwise/Coastal Team in acquisitions. Completed on 3 x properties, 2 x land at Happisburgh, including one as a replacement car park and 2 further residential properties in progress. 1 x offer made to property at Trimingham that is in probate.
- Radar Station Trimingham is due to be sold, initial contact with owner awaiting further information from them.
- Supporting Housing with purchase of additional properties. Most recent transactions Completed on 2, 1 x Fakenham to complete early July, 1x in progress at Holt. Offer made for 1 bed North Walsham solicitors instructed. Awaiting instructions on final property when identified.
- Public Open Space adoption of Highfield Park, Cromer is in progress.

Property Services

- The Leas play area at Sheringham is complete and we are expecting reopening of this new facility w/c 21st July.
- We are looking to promote inclusion going forward with NNDC play areas and are supporting the *everyone has the right to play* initiative, and this refurbishment provides an excellent opportunity to demonstrate our commitment
- Complete with accessible equipment and soft surfacing for the whole area.
- Working with the local member to develop a programme of works for general improvements to the amenity area to the west of the Leas public conveniences. Works to the horsebox shelters is complete as is improvement to cabling and lamping to 11 lamp columns along the pathway east & west of the Leas shelter. Further works have now been scoped with the local member and will focus on removal of the water features and creating a picnic area adjacent to the new play area.
- Working with Kate Rawlings for energy efficiency and improvement works to Holt Road offices to include improvements to existing roof PV's, electric vehicle charging points and new boilers.
- Albert Street public conveniences are now open and includes a changing places facility. This concludes the changing places programme and now offers this facility at 7 locations across the district.

- Working with Countryside and Leisure to support delivery of an electrical supply at Holt Country Park.
- Further works at HCP to include provision of an ECO classroom, refurbishment of the existing public convenience and design and installation of a new foul storage system.
- Design proposals and budget estimate costs for the classroom have been received and are being considered.
- Other works for Countryside and Leisure include provision of changing facilities at Cabbell Park.
- Design proposals and budget estimate costs for the changing rooms have been received and are being considered.
- Scoping works and deign proposals for works at the Marrams Sunken Gardens in Cromer are progressing. Works here will include removal of water features replacing with low maintenance planting and improvements to footpath lighting.
- Pier sub structure survey has been completed and is currently being reviewed. The report identifies areas requiring immediate attention.
- This includes full rope access solutions below the decking and divers in the water. The survey will assess the structural integrity of the pier and recommend a sequence of works required over the next 5-year period.
- Working with Leisure Services and Openwide on the Pier backstage refurbishment works planned for January 2025. This work is now complete.
- Pier donation stations have been received are due to be installed shortly.
- Collaborative working with Corporate H&S and Estates to review NNDC asbestos management procedures following audit by the HSE.
- This work is now complete.
- Collaborative working with Housing Options on the target hardening scheme for vulnerable persons.
- Continue to work with Housing Options on inspecting and maintaining temporary accommodation and refugee accommodation.
- Estates have handed over to Property Services their current and future project workload.
- Rocket House restaurant works are complete.
- Rocket House ground floor public conveniences will re-open during w/c 21st July.
- RNLI Henry Blogg museum damp monitoring has been extended for a further three months.
- A consultant has been appointed for the proposed refurbishment of the Pier auditorium to get the project moving forward so an expression of interest can be submitted for potential external funding.
- Reef remedial works are currently WIP. Rectification to the fire alarm system is complete. New under croft escape hatch is being manufactured.
- Further works to internal high level poolside lighting and car park drainage repairs to follow.

- Cedars remedial works are in progress with further investigations required for damp ingress.
- Works to the Watch House Cromer have been scoped and a consultant appointed. A structural engineer has been appointed for the cliff stabilisation, and we expect to receive the design proposal shortly for tendering.
- Scoping and programming at the Marrams bowls club for complete removal of existing flat roof structures and replacement with new system.
- This work will include complete removal of asbestos containing material as well as new lighting and ceilings throughout.
- Designs for North Lodge pay & display car park have been received with some changes required before planning is submitted.
- Evaluating options for roof removal / repairs at Cornish Way and Catfield industrial units.
- Scoping works to the Donkey Shelter as part of the chalet refurbishment programme.
- Scoping and programming are now underway for the public convenience efficiency programme. Proposals will be completed and forwarded to the decarbonisation board for consideration. LABC and planning have been consulted and a structural engineer appointed to advise of suitability of roofs for load bearing purposes.
- The corporate consultant framework contract is now live with all successful suppliers appointed.
- The new Concerto asset management database system has been awarded and goes live in August. Training workshops are currently being arranged.
- A contract for the capital programme of church boundary walls has been awarded and works are being programmed for September.

2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments.

Revenues

Second Homes Work

• There is much additional work created here to deal with the increase enquiries and to implement measures to reduce avoidance of the premium.

System Procurement

• The Civica Openrevenues system will expire for Revenues and Benefits on 1 October 2025, and we have agreed to procure a new contract with Civica. We have managed to get more modules for less costs which include the Business Districts Software.

Training/Development

- A revenues team leader has completed her level 5 CMI management qualification,
- A revenues officer has completed his diploma in Institute of Revenues, Rating

& Valuation (IRRV) and was awarded his certificate at the IRRV East Anglian Association AGM by the national president.

- A revenues officer has started her level 3 certificate in Institute of Revenues, Rating & Valuation (IRRV).
- Two new revenues officer apprentices have started their level 3 Business Administration qualification.
- A new revenues officer has started her revenues trainee position.
- The revenues manager has been nominated as Vice-Chairman of the IRRV East Anglian Association and a revenues team leader has joined him on the IRRV East Anglian Association Exec.

Service Improvements

- Online forms reviewing and improving the most used customer paper forms is continuing. We have gone live with a new Non-Domestic (Business) Rates direct debit form that replaces one by Capita. We are working on a Non-Domestic (Business) Rates Change of Address form.
- The Long-term empty property review forms as part of our Business Process Review of the current process has been completed and is now live with updated webpages.
- We have also completed the work on the online Second Homes form which has gone live linked to our webpages to help with the increase in enquiries challenging the second homes premium charge.

OPEN Revenues Workflow Disk Space discussion

- Revenues and Benefit services in conjunction with IT and System Teams are reviewing the amount of disc space being used with a view to the size reducing. We are close to capacity and have agreed to implement processes to delete and archive old electronic accounts and documents stored that are no longer needed by the services.
- This work is important, and the Revenues data has been tested and implemented in our live system. A rolling plan to undertake this exercise will continue so we are in a much better place before annual billing starts next year when we need to create and save another year's worth of data.

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Property Services

2025/26

- Capital works bids for 2025/2026 submitted. Outcome has been published.
- Budget saving proposals for 2025/2026 submitted. Outcome has been published.

Temporary Accommodation

- Working with EELGA on options for temporary housing solution.
- Membership of steering group to review EELGA options.

Procurement

- Consultant contract tender exercise is now complete and under evaluation
- Working up tender for car park repairs from current capital fund.
- Working up tender brief for new asset management system. Current contract expires June 2025 with no further extension allowed. Tender exercise is now complete and under evaluation.

3 Meetings attended

Fraud Hub Meeting Year-End/Annual Billing Review Meeting Revenue's Staff Meeting Revenues Portfolio Holder Check Ins Revenues Managers Monthly Performance Meeting This page is intentionally left blank
CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

23 July 2025

COUNCILLOR JOHN TOYE - CABINET MEMBER FOR SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

For the period April to July 2025

1 **Progress on Portfolio Matters.**

Funding and Programmes

The UK Shared Prosperity Fund (UKSPF) and Rural England Prosperity Fund (REPF) programmes, delivered by the Council over the past three years and two years respectively, concluded in March 2025. A report was presented to the Overview & Scrutiny Committee on 9 April 2025 which demonstrated that all workstreams met or exceeded their output and outcome targets. The total value of business and community focused programmes delivered within the District equated to £5,554,899, with ~£2.7m of UKSPF/REPF funding and the remainder leveraged from private or other match funded sources, representing a substantial uplift on the original funding provided.

As set out in a report to Cabinet on 3 February 2025 (and further outlined to the Overview & Scrutiny Committee in April), MHCLG announced the UKSPF 'transition year' 2025/26 funding allocations to local authorities on 13 December. NNDC was awarded £405,095 of UKSPF funding and the Cabinet report summarised proposals for delivery under four workstreams. The Government made a further funding announcement on 27 March 2025, allocating £437,000 of REPF additional capital funding to NNDC to be utilised as a grant scheme – now established and a pipeline of projects is in development.

An example of the sorts of projects that the REPF grant has supported is the recently opened farm shop at Lodge Farm in Northrepps (see pic.) - a case study and video of which can be found be found <u>here</u>.

The new funding is significantly reduced from the previous years, but the intention remains for it to be invested in local priorities that contribute to the



priorities that contribute to the Corporate and Economic Growth strategies

while delivering against the Government's specified missions, themes, subthemes, outputs and outcomes for the funding programme.

The overarching key UKSPF workstreams are:

Addressing Fuel Poverty

The Council's Energy Officer will promote energy efficiency measures for local households. This provision will play a key role in ensuring that eligible households in north Norfolk are aware of and well-positioned to access available funding, thereby maximising the benefits of various initiatives aimed at improving energy efficiency through retrofitting improvements to residential properties.

Business Support and Engagement

This programme encompasses a number of separate strands delivering a range of business support and engagement activities across a range of sectors in the District. This will include holding business events (North Norfolk Annual Business Forum, Inspiring North Norfolk, cultural sector partnership event and a visitor economy sector conference); producing case studies (for sharing on Invest North Norfolk, e-bulletin, social media etc); business training workshops; and partner networking events along with specialist business support to north Norfolk businesses via the Growth Hub. This will also include bespoke services such as 1:1 engagement, advice, business planning and growth services, grant support, workshops and training. It also encompasses administration of the 2025-26 REPF grant scheme.

Destination Marketing

A 2025 promotional campaign designed to market the District will tap into the desire for 'staycations' and repeat visits, majoring on the comfort, satisfaction and familiarity of the destination. Visit North Norfolk will promote north Norfolk as the ideal holiday destination, using the researched/evidenced visitor motivators of food and drink, heritage, history and culture, dog-friendly, nature and attractions. The campaign's call-to-action will target prior north Norfolk visitors. Targeting will also continue to include the local catchment to encourage 'days out on your doorstep' to local communities. A highly visual campaign, using film and images, will appeal to all audiences and show the breadth of things to do in north Norfolk, with the aim of extending frequency and length of stays and driving footfall through digital marketing.

High Street and Town Centre Support

A package of support has been developed for the towns/retail centres across the District – 'North Norfolk High Streets Matter'. Discussions are presently being held with key stakeholders in each town to understand the aspirations for their town centres and high streets. The initiative has been designed to drive footfall and increase dwell-time; it includes grant support to deliver initiatives such as wayfinding and interpretation and small-scale physical improvements. A small grants scheme has been established for retail businesses, focusing on Fakenham, North Walsham and Stalham in summer 2025-26 and rolling out to other towns in the winter/2026. This is complemented by a separate retail excellence skills scheme (workshops), Love Your Market Town and Go Digital Initiatives (delivered and funded by NCC).

Creative Foundations Fund

On 29th May 2025, the Government announced the launch of an £85 million fund to help cultural organisations and institutions (with some exclusions) to provide support for vital repairs and upgrades that will assist with their sustainability. The new Creative Foundations Fund will help arts venues across England to address a range of issues, such as repairing building infrastructure, outdated or failing systems, inefficient energy systems and inaccessible spaces. Whilst the funding is limited and likely to be highly competitive, the Council recognises that it owns certain key assets that potentially could be eligible and so relevant officers are presently exploring options for this funding.

Invest North Norfolk

Invest North Norfolk – the Council's business facing brand and portal – has continued to develop and expand, serving as a valuable resource to support businesses with fulfilling their growth aspirations. Over 450 businesses have already signed up to receive the monthly 'INN the Know' bulletin which helps to keep businesses abreast of the latest support information. All are welcome to sign up to this. To register, please visit <u>here</u>.

We are also keen to shine a spotlight on local businesses who are doing exemplary things within the District, whether excelling within their sector, investing in innovation, sustainable practices or local jobs. Case studies, and videos in particular, help to inspire and encourage both indigenous and inward investment.

A recent example of this is a case study on JW Automarine which is a world leader in lift bag technology and has been in Fakenham for over fifty years. A case study and video of this business can be found <u>here</u>.



Rural Position Statement & Digital Infrastructure

It is recognised that as a rural-coastal community, north Norfolk faces a number of challenges – both immediate and projected over the coming decade. Whilst presently at an embryonic stage, there is an intention within this financial year to produce a Rural Position Statement serving to illustrate the depth of these challenges which, in the context of Local Government Reorganisation and Devolution, is considered as being increasingly valuable. At this stage, a process of data/evidence and information gathering and a mapping of relevant stakeholders is being undertaken. In addition, a separate but related exercise has commenced to understand the critical issues of mobile and digital infrastructure within north Norfolk. Meetings have been held with relevant Officers to better understand the issues. Input from Members to help identify local challenges and 'not spots' has been welcomed. This piece of work is ongoing but, once completed, there is an intention to raise these matters formally with the telecommunications operators. Whilst there have been previous efforts to map these issues, north Norfolk has now also been given priority for a more thorough mapping of not spots through use of equipment mounted on refuse collection vehicles. The results from an earlier, less granular, exercise can be found <u>here</u>.

Skills & Employment

On the 9 June 2025 the North Norfolk Skills & Employment Forum held a Workshop, chaired by NNDC and kindly hosted by Paston College. The Forum, which brings together a range of partners, including representatives from local authorities, higher/further education, schools and employer groups, discussed a number of important issues, with the key themes including succession planning, employer engagement, retaining & attracting talent and widening participation in training. The information from this workshop will be collated and help to shape and inform local skills policy and the development of future programmes.

2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments.

Upcoming events can be found <u>here</u>

3 Meetings attended

There are a number of both routine, one off and focused meetings, events activities I have engaged in this period, including:

Regional Energy Skills Hackathon FSB North Norfolk Networking Event (hosted by Black Shuck) Visit North Norfolk Summer Social Norfolk Business Board Meetings RSN Rural Housing / Rural Transport meetings Business, Parish, Town visits North Norfolk Apprenticeships & Training meeting with Paston, East Coast College and Cromer High School Clean Energy Working Group Royal Norfolk Show – Rural Business Awards (with particular congratulations to Pensthorpe on winning Best Rural Tourism Attraction, and other notable North Norfolk businesses and individuals recognised as runners up (see here). Move 2025 at the ExCell. Attended the VE80 London event

CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

<u>July 2025</u>

COUNCILLOR ADAM VARLEY - CABINET MEMBER FOR CLIMATE CHANGE & NET ZERO

For the period April to July 2025

1 **Progress on Portfolio Matters.**

HUG2 and ECO4

The second phase of the Home Upgrade Grant (HUG2) completed in March 2025. Through Norfolk Warm Homes, this scheme has delivered home energy improvements including air source heat pumps (replacing oil), cavity wall insulation, loft insulation, and solar PV to 136 properties in North Norfolk. These improvements brought £1,885,480 of funding to the district. It is estimated that, on average, each property will save 5.6 tonnes of CO_2 annually. Twenty-five of these properties were enabled by UKSPF funding which paid for measures such as replacing old cavity wall insulation which made the property eligible for HUG2 funding.

The Energy Company Obligation Scheme (ECO4) LA flex continues to run to March 2026. The total ECO4 LA Flex applications supported by the Council last year (24/25) was 132 with a further forty-two households already assisted in 25/26. This scheme also provides the implementation of energy saving measures to vulnerable households through external funding.

UEA student consultancy

Five students from UEA provided consultancy advice on options for offsetting of the Council's Carbon emissions (now and in 2030). This information will help the Council to decide what approach to take to the residual carbon emissions in its carbon footprint. Students from the UEA School of Environmental Sciences complete consultancy reports as part of their final year degree programme to give experience on working on real projects for external organisations.

Net Zero Communities Project

The Net Zero Communities Project run by the Norfolk Climate Change Partnership (NCCP) and funded by Innovate UK has completed and is sharing its findings on the barriers faced by communities looking to transition to a Net Zero future. Common themes include style of language used, lack of knowledge and finance. The partnership is now looking at ways that we can overcome these issues across the County.



MakeMyHouseGreen solar initiative

The primary aims of this partnership are to promote solar panels and provide residents with information to get started on their solar journey. This is combined with the new webpage on the NNDC website: <u>Home | Solar panels: your guide to going green</u>

It is recommended that three quotes be sought, even if residents are choosing to go with the company MakeMyHouseGreen.

MakeMyHouseGreen have enabled installations across North Norfolk. The following information can be seen on the below dashboard:

Make My House Green Solar Delivery Dashboard- April – June 2025



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2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments.

The Council has successfully bid for money from the government Warm Homes: Local Grant as part of the Norfolk Warm Homes consortia (together with Broadland, Breckland, South Norfolk, Kings Lynn and West Norfolk Councils). The funding award for our consortia is £3,999,037.00 across three years. This money will be used to provide insulation, low carbon heating and solar panels for qualifying households in, or in danger of being in, fuel poverty.

The Council has been awarded a £150,000 grant from the Public Sector Decarbonisation Scheme towards retrofit works at Fakenham fitness centre.

3 Meetings attended

Cabinet Business planning Climate Cluster Bluefield Renewable energy consultation NZSAP team meeting NCCP meeting Assets preservation discussions EV taxi consultation discussions Community energy roundtable event Trees content discussion Net Zero Communities finding and next steps event 2025 Net Zero and Climate Conference: Mitigation vs Adaptation This page is intentionally left blank

CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

<u>June 2025</u>

COUNCILLOR LIZ WITHINGTON - CABINET MEMBER FOR COMMUNITY, LEISURE & OUTREACH

For the period March to June 2025

1 **Progress on Portfolio Matters.**

Culture - Funding and Programmes

The Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government have announced a small allocation of rural funding top up to the UKSPF, to follow on from last year's delivered programme. A rural business and community grant scheme will therefore be administered in the same way as the previous scheme. NNDC will be looking to link with community groups (as well as businesses) to explore projects that meet the pre-determined outputs and outcomes.

The collateral, assets and information for the Deep History Coast (DHC) from the former Cromer visitor information centre has been donated, and relocated, to Sheringham Museum, which will develop a DHC space that will evolve over the coming weeks, with plans to create a more permanent area in 2026.

Following the successful application to the Hornsea 3 Legacy Fund for a Community Indoor/Outdoor Eco-Learning Space' at Holt Country Park, plans are being developed for its installation. This is the very first award from this brand-new fund. It is a vital award to enable NNDC leisure and Countryside team to be able to develop a programme of environment-based learning opportunities for our residents and especially our young people. This not only supports our aim to help residents understand the importance of supporting our unique environments in North Norfolk but also through connecting with nature supports the mental and physical health of residents.

2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments.

In June, the Government launched a new fund for creative/cultural venues (<u>Creative Foundation Fund</u>). Expressions of Interest are invited by 25th July and the Council is giving consideration to submitting bids, using evidence from the Culture Feasibility Study. The expected outcomes of the fund are:

- improved value for money through decreasing the amount of expenditure on maintenance and repair of cultural assets
- reduced loss of high-quality cultural work from creative and cultural organisations as a result of asset failure or degradation

- cultural organisations develop more sustainable financial and business models, adapting to the changing environment and needs of the communities with whom they work
- improved energy efficiency and environmental performance of cultural buildings and equipment.

This fund recognises the economic value to our area that the arts, culture and creativity play. It focusses on resolving business critical actions which will help these creative venues to not only continue to support health and wellbeing but importantly be sustainable financially and able to drive the local economy and tourism forward.

The Business Engagement Programme (BEP) supported by funding from the UK Shared Prosperity Fund (UKSPF) will continue for 2025-26 supporting businesses and specific sectors. This will include support for Culture and tourism businesses at:

- Tourism Conference (November 6th 2025)
- Annual Business Forum (March 2026)
- Culture Event Workshop (September 17th 2025) hosted by New Stages in North Walsham.

Cultural Partnership

After a successful workshop establishing the partnership the next meeting will take place in September. This meeting will be looking at how the Partnership can grow further, reflect the importance of the Creative Sector in our tourism economy and become self sustaining. Anyone wishing to attend can contact the <u>economic.development@north-norfolk.gov.uk</u> by email.

From the Cultural partnership there has been an indication of both a need and desire for the independent museums across the district to come together in a similar way. As Portfolio holder I am looking to support this in September as well and look forward to meeting with the broad range of interesting and vibrant museums reflecting the social history of our diverse area. Currently the Joint Museums Committee only includes those collections within the Norfolk County council Museums Service.

3 Meetings attended

Officers Representing the Portfolio of Culture, Arts and Heritage and Tourism

Tourism best Practice Group – face to face meeting at the Wymondham Heritage gallery and a tour of Wymondham Abbey

VNN and Cromer Art Space to discuss next steps for Culture Workshop

Sheringham Museum – meeting to discuss DHC and support around upcoming initiative including:

• Climate Exhibition (UEA partnering) How did the sea survive us

- Art Collective When it's gone, it's gone by Matthew Bennington (funding via Nch Univ of Arts and Sainsbury Centre)
- Opening of DHC new home TBC May 2025

Meeting with Head East to begin to shape Cultural Itineraries for North Norfolk into a visual arts blog and links to cultural sites and events such as Cromer Art Space, Wells Maltings, NN Open Studios etc. He will develop and share and then post.

Visit North Norfolk summer networking event (3rd July).

Portfolio Holder Meetings Attended

- Creative Sheringham
- Culture Workshop
- Norfolk Arts Forum Executive committee
- Cromer ArtSpace
- Grove Sculpture Trail
- Creative Foundations Fund x2
- Cultural Partnership
- VNN Cultural Events Promotion
- VNN Summer Networking Event
- Sheringham Little Theatre
- Cromer Pier Biannual Report meeting
- Cromer Pier Summer Pier show
- Al in the Creative Sector at Sheringham Little Theatre with Jocelyn Burnham
- Creative Competition Exhibition (Coastwise) Schools Prize giving

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CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

<u>23 July 2025</u>

COUNCILLOR L WITHINGTON - CABINET MEMBER FOR COMMUNITY OUTREACH (CUSTOMER SERVICES)

For the period April to July 2025

1 Progress on Portfolio Matters.

The Customer Services team has had an exceptionally active start to the new financial year. While this level of demand was anticipated, it has led to longer wait times than we would ideally aim for.

Customer contact volumes into Customer Services for the months of April to June were as follows:

- 11,387 calls answered
- 2,071 face-to-face customers assisted
- 1,381 emails received
- 2,471 online customer contact forms raised
- 45 web chats handled

Total 17,355 customer contacts – down 13.84% during the same period last year.

Online form usage for the months of April to June was 58,698 transactions – up 33.33% on the same period last year.

Each April, NNDC departments launch their own priority initiatives, which naturally result in a higher volume of customer enquiries. Although these efforts are not always coordinated across departments as we would hope for, they generate valuable customer engagement and demonstrate the continued interest in our services, even as they place added pressure on our phone lines.

The top 5 reasons for customer contact were:

- Council Tax change of address
- Council Tax explain my bill
- Garden Waste renew the service
- Council Tax second home premium
- Car Parking permit renewal

From April to June, satisfaction with the ability to contact the council was 77.07%, compared to 88.30% in the previous three months. This dip is an understandable reflection of the increased year-end demand. However, customer feedback remains strong in other key areas. Helpfulness of the advisor is rated at 91.63%, satisfaction with the advice provided stands at 89.43%, and the resolution rate at the first point of contact was 82.02% over this period. These results highlight the continued commitment of our Customer Services team to delivering high-quality support during a particularly busy period and underscore the benefits of the "one front door" approach in providing streamlined, effective service to our residents.

We've also seen two of our team members take on exciting new roles within NNDC, continuing their careers in other departments. We are pleased to share that recruitment for their replacements has been successful, and we look forward to welcoming our new colleagues in August and September.

2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments.

As reported three months ago, a new online contact form for Revenues Services was launched to improve efficiency, reduce manual processing, and promote customer self-service. In the first 3 months we have seen over 500 customers contact Revenue Services via the new form. Work is still ongoing in updating all outbound Revenues correspondence and the website pages to support this new customer contact functionality.

Building on the success of that initiative, further development work is now underway to introduce similar contact forms for other key service areas, including Housing Benefits, Housing Options, Environmental Health, and Planning.

These new forms follow the same principles capturing all essential information at the first point of contact to streamline handling, reduce the need for follow-up, and support quicker, more effective responses. This ongoing digital development is part of a wider effort to enhance the customer experience while helping services manage demand more efficiently.

In the last report, we highlighted plans to build on our strong start to the year through continued development of the C3 Contact Centre. Testing of the new workflow system is currently in progress, with a thorough evaluation taking place to ensure it is user-friendly, fit for purpose, and well received once rolled out. This careful testing aims to maximise efficiency and deliver clear benefits to both staff and residents.

Meanwhile, development of the PCI-compliant payment platform is ongoing, focusing on transitioning systems to support secure and seamless payment

processing.

Together, these advancements will help reduce handling times, enhance security for residents making payments, and improve the overall customer experience, marking important steps toward modernising our contact centre operations. This page is intentionally left blank

CABINET MEMBERS REPORT TO COUNCIL

<u>23 July 2025</u>

COUNCILLOR WITHINGTON - CABINET MEMBER FOR COMMUNITY, LEISURE AND OUTREACH.

For the period April to July 2025

1 Progress on Portfolio Matters.

Everyone Active Leisure Contract

Participation figures for the year so far remain strong across the 5 facilities: February – 42905 March – 45895 April – 44925 May – 44546 June – 42019

At the end of May memberships across the contract sat at 3828, with 1050 children on the swim lesson programme (Victory and Reef only).

Countryside

All three of the team's applications to Keep Britain Tidy for continued Green Flag status were successful. This will be the 21st year in which Holt Country Park has received this award, whilst Pretty Corner Woods and Sadlers Wood celebrate 10 years and 12 years respectively. Pretty Corner Wood scored particularly highly this year for both the desktop and field assessments, and the judges summary for this site was as follows:

Pretty Corner Woods is an attractive woodland and heathland area on the edge of Sheringham, which provides a valuable resource for locals and visitors to this part of Norfolk. The woodland is well managed for its landscape and biodiversity value, which is enhanced by the management prescriptions which are in place.... It provides a safe, attractive and tranquil area for a range of user groups who evidently enjoy and value it. The site is continually changing, and the quality and diversity of the woodlands are changed through sensitive and appropriate management and restocking, the creation of wildflower areas and glades, the improvement of biodiversity and the enhancement of GFA Feedback 2022 J/Operations/Green Flag/year/Master documents 2022 Issue 4 April 2022 the visitor experience. The site is a great resource for volunteer groups and educational visits. It certainly deserves to retain its Green Flag status.

The year long Green Futures Youth Project has reached the halfway point and has received around 160 visits from young people to the environment focussed sessions. So far, the team have delivered a wide variety of sessions, from habitat and 'get to know' sessions to carbon literacy and caricature workshops. Sessions will continue to run until the end of the year and further details can be found at <u>Home | Green Futures: youth project</u>

Beaches/RNLI

All 9 lifeguarded beaches in the district are now operational and have been busy thanks to the good weather we have been experiencing. To date no major instances have been reported by the RNLI. This scheme is supported by funding from NNDC.

In May we received the news that we have once again been awarded Blue Flag Status for all 6 of our beaches, with Mundesley and Sea Palling regaining this status thanks to their water quality returning to 'excellent'. To achieve a Blue Flag status, a beach must meet a number of strict criteria. This criterion includes:

- accessibility
- beach management
- consistently good water quality results
- environmental and educational programs
- water safety

Pier Pavilion Theatre

The Pier is enjoying a good year to date with good sales in the theatre and bar, and some good events delivered including Paws on the Pier, Vintage weekend and the recent return of the very popular Sunset Sessions.

Sales of concerts are up 24% year on year, The Summer Show 6% and Christmas 21%, and early reviews of the Summer Show are very positive. A total of 29,255 seats had been booked for a concert or show this year by the 22nd June.

Markets

Like much of the Leisure Service the Markets have benefitted so far this year from the nice weather and all three are doing very well. The main positives are the extra 7 regular traders we now have at Sheringham along with the additional specialist markets planned and Music on the Market events which happened during Creative Sheringham. Cromer is showing showing great improvement from where it was at 1 or 2 stalls to now being nearly at capacity.

Physical Activity Development

The recent Victory Triathlon was a huge success, selling out for the first time with 100 participants signing up. The event saw participants from 7 different counties attend, 51% females, 20% who considered themselves to have a disability, 27% who had previously taken part in this event, and a fantastic 31% who took part in their first ever triathlon. Highlights were winners in the 80 year old categories and a number of first timers competing as parent and child. (18+)

Entries for the Reef Triathlon on October 5th opened the day after Victory and had sold more than 80 spaces within a week. We expect the full capacity of 125 to be filled comfortably.

We have supported Mundesley Infant and Primary School to submit a bid to Sport England for funding to launch a second hire hub in the district, following on form the success of our pilot at Bacton School. Part funding was approved by SE with the rest needing to be raised in match. We are working on ideas to achieve this with the school. Hire Hubs provide the local community with the opportunity to hire various sports equipment to help them to stay active. This idea was developed by our leisure team and the hope is to roll out a number across the district.

The Leisure Team continue to work on an alternative holiday provision for children in the district should the Government Funded HAF programme cease. The team are working with local providers and businesses to put in place a new provision in the district which will support those who need it most.

This year's HAF programme can be found here <u>Big Norfolk Holiday Fun - Norfolk</u> <u>County Council</u> The Big Norfolk Holiday Fun activity programme provides holiday activities for children and young people aged 5-16 (or 4 if your child is slightly younger but in school) throughout the holidays.

Those who claim means-tested free school meals can claim free spaces on the activities, whilst paid spots are available on many activities for those who don't. Please share the HAF programme across your communities and Parish Councils.

NNDC contributes to the Active Norfolk Officer who along with Active Norfolk currently supports the development of the HAF programme in addition to bringing in funding to support the development of projects to get North Norfolk Active across the district.

Cromer 3G pitch, the first facility of its type in the district, was officially opened on Monday 14th July. Officers have been working on this project with partners from the FA and Football Foundation for a number of years and we are delighted to have been able to deliver this FIFA Accredited facility to the District.



2 Forthcoming Activities and Developments.

Holt Country Park Eco Learning Space

Following the successful application to the Hornsea 3 Legacy Fund for a Community Indoor/Outdoor Eco-Learning Space' at Holt Country Park, plans are being developed for its installation. This is the very first award from this brand-new fund. It is a vital award to enable NNDC leisure and Countryside team to be able to develop a programme of environment-based learning opportunities for our residents and especially our young people. This not only supports our aim to help residents understand the importance of supporting our unique environments in North Norfolk but also through connecting with nature supports the mental and physical health of residents.

Pretty Corner Woodland Fair

Come and join us at Pretty Corner Woodland Fair on the 29th July 10-3pm. It will be a day packed full of activities for all the family. Book through the NNDC website <u>NNDC Countryside Team Events - 13 Upcoming Activities and Tickets | Eventbrite</u>

There are lots of events to look forward to over the summer holidays in our NNDC Green flag spaces, many of which are FREE. More information about the following events can also be found on the link above. Please share these events with your communities and parish councils.

Green Futures Muddy Boots (Youth 11-19) 26th July and 30th August holt Country Park

Get to know Birds 5th August SOLD OUT Orienteering Competition 5th August Holt Country Park F Archery 19th August Pretty Corner 20th August at Holt Country Park Guided Bat Walk 20th September Holt country Park Get to Know your Trees October the 7th Sadlers Wood (11-19 Years)

3 Meetings attended

Portfolio Holder meetings Flash Steering group and project board meetings Dementia Awareness in Design session for the consultant teams on FLASH Reef Dementia Training 3G Pitch opening Victory Triathlon Green Flag Meeting Leas Playpark Market Meeting

2024/25 Outturn Repo	rt					
Executive Summary	This report presents the provisional outturn position for the 2024/25 financial year which shows a General Fund underspend of £0.622m. It also provides an update in relation to the Council's capital programme and use of reserves.					
	The position will be used to inform the production of the Statutory accounts which will then be subject to audit by the Council's external auditors.					
	The report makes recommendations for contributions to reserves.					
Options considered	None - This is a factual report of the financial year end position for 2024/25.					
Consultation(s)	None – This is a factual report of the financial year end position for 2024/25.					
Recommendations	Members are asked to consider the report and recommend the following to full Council:					
	a) The provisional outturn position for the General Fund revenue account for 2024/25 (as shown in Appendix A);					
	b) The transfers to and from reserves as detailed within the report (and Appendix C);					
	c) The surplus of £0.622m be transferred to the General reserve to mitigate future funding shortfalls.					
	d) The balance on the General Reserve of £2.825m following the transfer outlined above.					
	e) The surplus of £0.384m relating to retained business rates be transferred to the Business Rates reserve.					
	f) The financing of the 2024/25 capital programme as detailed within the report and at Appendix D.					
	g) The updated capital programme for 2025/26 to 2030/31 and scheme financing as outlined within the report and detailed at Appendix E;					
	h) Approval of additional funding to cover capital project overspends of £10,816 as detailed in paragraph 5.7.					
	i) The roll-forward of existing capital project funding from 2024/25 into 2025/26 as detailed in paragraph 5.9.					
	j). To note the addition of £55,000 towards the New Play Area (Sheringham, The Lees) to be funded from the Asset Management Reserve in 2025/26 for a total project budget of £120,000					
	k) The addition of £6,081 towards the Cromer Offices LED Lighting in the Capital Programme to be funded from Capital Receipts in 2025/26 for a total project					

	budget of £178,796.					
	I) The addition of £20,000 towards the Public Conveniences (Sheringham & North Walsham) project in the Capital Programme to be funded from Capital Receipts in 2025/26 for a total project budget of £565,514.					
	m) The addition of the Holt Eco Learning Space scheme for £100,000 into the 2025/26 Capital Programme to be funded by an external contribution.					
Reasons for recommendations	To provide a draft outturn position for the General Fund, Capital Accounts and Reserves which will form the basis to produce statutory accounts for 2024/25. Also to provide a draft opening position for the financial year 2025/26.					
Background papers	Budget report, Budget Monitoring reports, NNDR3 return					

Wards affected	All	
Cabinet member(s)	Cllr Lucy Shires	
Contact Officer	Daniel King	
	Director of Resources	
	daniel.king@north-norfolk.gov.uk	
	01263 516167	

Links to key documents:				
Corporate Plan:	Financial Sustainability and Growth			
Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS)	The outturn position will have an impact on the Reserve Balances, which will become the updated 2025/26 opening balances for the MTFS			
Council Policies & Strategies	Corporate Pan 2024-2028			

Corporate Governance:	
Is this a key decision	No
Has the public interest test been applied	

Details of any previous decision(s) on this matter	Budget Report – approved by Full Council on 21 February 2024
	Budget Monitoring Period 4 – taken to Full Council on 25 September 2024
	Budget Monitoring Period 6 – taken to Full Council on 18 December 2024
	Budget Monitoring Period 10 – taken to Cabinet on 3 March 2025.

1. Introduction

- 1.1 This report presents the draft outturn position for the 2024/25 financial year for revenue, capital and reserves along with details and explanations for any variances from the updated budget. The updated budget reflects the budget approved by Full Council in February 2024 updated during 2024/25 for budget virements.
- 1.2 Commentary on the more significant year-end variances is included within the report with further supporting information provided within the detailed appendices.
- 1.3 The report also includes a current forecast position statement on the level of reserves along with the outturn and financing position for the 2024/25 capital programme. The capital programme for the period 2025/26 to 2030/31 has been updated to take account of the outturn position and is included within this report and appendices.
- 1.4 All budgets have been monitored during the year by Service and Finance Officers with regular reports being presented to Cabinet and Overview and Scrutiny. The period 10 budget monitoring report was presented to Cabinet in March which covered the first 10 months of the year up to the end of January 2025. At the time this report was forecasting a General Fund underspend of (£0.048m).

1.5 **Estimates included in the Accounts**

The provisional outturn position includes some significant figures which are subject to external audit, these are in relation to Benefit Subsidy and Business Rates Retention.

- a) Benefits Subsidy The benefit subsidy return was completed and submitted by 2 May 2025 and will be subject to external audit review later in the year. Depending on the outcome from the external audit review there could be an impact on the overall financial position, for example should a subsidy repayment be due to the Department for Work and Pensions. It is for this reason that the Council holds a Benefits Earmarked Reserve to mitigate any such impact.
- b) **Business Rates -** Under the current system an element of the business rates is retained locally (split between the County (10%) and Districts (40%)) with the balance (50%) being returned to Central Government. The budget for the year was informed by the baseline funding and the NNDR1 position. The outturn position is based on the

National Non-Domestic Rates (NNDR3) Return which is submitted annually. The draft NNDR3 return was submitted to Government 23 May 2025 and is subject to external audit as part of the final accounts audit, before being finalised. As with the benefits subsidy above, the Council operates a Business Rates Earmarked Reserve to help mitigate against any potentially negative impacts of these arrangements

- 1.6 This outturn position final budget monitoring position for the year for the year ending 31 March 2025 is a net (£0.622) surplus. This report recommends contributing the surplus to the General Reserve to offset the impacts of future year budget shortfalls and anticipated negative outcomes of the government funding review.
- 1.7 The final key point is the deadline to publish the draft Statement of Accounts for 2024/25 is 30 June 2025, with the 30-day public inspection commencing after that. The backstop date for the final audited accounts to be published is 27 February 2026. It is anticipated that the external audit of the accounts will be undertaken in the autumn 2025.

2. Summary Financial Position 2024/25

- 2.1 The General Fund position for the year shows a year-end Surplus of (£0.622m). This is after allowing for transfers to Earmarked Reserves for current and known commitments.
- 2.2 Appendix A The General Fund Summary, shows the overall revenue position including notional charges; however, to assist reporting and explaining 'real cash' variances, Table 1 below provides a summary of the General Fund position excluding these charges.
- 2.3 Accounting standards require several notional charges to be made to service accounts e.g., capital charges, revenue expenditure funded from capital under statute (REFCUS) and pension costs, and whilst they don't have an impact on the surplus or deficit for the year, they are included for reporting purposes.

2024/25 Revenue Account Excluding Notional Charges	Updated Budget	Outturn	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Service Area:			
Corporate	3,011	2,652	(359)
Communities	7,296	5,690	(1,606)
Place and Climate Change	4,044	2,777	(1,267)
Resources	5,865	5,805	(60)
Net Cost of Services	20,216	16,924	(3,292)
Parish Precepts	3,129	3,129	0
Net Interest Receivable/Payable	(1,525)	(1,061)	464
Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP)	488	570	82
Capital Financing	2,448	1,077	(1,370)

2.4 **Table 1**

Contribution to/(from) Earmarked Reserves Contribution to/(from) General Reserve	(4,601) 110	(2,191) 1,252	2,410 1,142
Net Service Expenditure/Income to be met from Government Grant and Taxpayers	20,265	19,700	(564)
Government Grants and Council Tax	(20,265)	(20,322)	(58)
Net (Surplus)/Deficit for the Year	0.000	(622)	(622)

- 2.5 **Net Cost of Service –** the position shows a net surplus of (£3.292m) across the Councils main service areas. This position is explained further within section 3 below and also within appendix B.
- 2.6 **Non-Service expenditure –** Relates to income and expenditure not directly related to providing specific Council services.
 - Net Interest Receivable/Payable relates to the Council's balances invested to provide revenue to assist with funding the budget. The position shows that there was a net deficit of £0.464m at the end of the year. This largely related to interest receivable which was lower than predicted due to reduced interest rates and lower balances available to invest. This is explained further within paragraphs 3.11 to 3.16.
 - Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) is a charge to revenue made in respect of paying off the principal sum of the borrowing undertaken to finance the capital programme. At the end of the financial year this provision was £0.082m more than anticipated.
 - **Capital Financing** this expenditure line relates to revenue financing allocated to the council's capital programme. The position shows an underspend of (£1.370m) which reflects slippage in the programme. This does not impact on the bottom-line position as all of the finance relates to earmarked reserve movements.
 - Contributions to/(from) Reserves As the actual expenditure was below budget and income exceeded budget this has resulted in a reduction in the net movement in reserves that was expected when the budget was set. The actual use of reserves was £2.191m which compares favourably with the budgeted use of reserves of £4.601m. Contribution to earmarked reserves increased from the budgeted £0.110m to £1.252m. Further information on the councils reserves movements can be found at section 4 below and within Appx C.

2.7 Government Grants and Taxation

- This shows the provisional outturn for Business Rates and Council tax.
- £0.050m Council tax discount grant was budgeted for separately but was actually paid over as part of the net Revenue support grant allocation.

3. Net Cost of Services – Detailed Commentary by Expenditure Heading for 2024/25

- 3.1 The net cost of services shows a year-end Surplus of (£4.715m). This position includes notional charges and is before any transfers to/from earmarked reserves.
- 3.2 Table 2 below shows the main variances across the standard expenditure headings which comprise the Net Cost of Services.

	Expenditure Heading	2024/25 Updated Budget	2024/25 Outturn	2024/25 O Varian	
		£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Α	Employee Costs	16,618	14,969	(1,649)	-9.9%
в	Premises	4,064	3,924	(139)	-3.4%
С	Transport Related Expenditure	284	278	(5)	-1.8%
D	Supplies and Services	14,515	13,721	(794)	-5.5%
Е	Transfer Payment	18,715	19,460	745	4.0%
F	Capital Financing Costs	3,724	2,963	(761)	-20.4%
G	Income	(34,247)	(36,358)	(2,111)	6.2%
	Net Cost of Service	23,672	18,957	(4,715)	

3.3 The significant variances categorised under each expenditure heading are outlined in the following section. Further information on these variances can be found at detailed service level within appendix B.

3.4 **A. Employee Costs**

Table 2a provides further analysis on the Councils employee cost variance

Employee Costs	2024/25 Updated Budget	2024/25 Outturn	2024/25 Outtu	ırn Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Direct Employee Costs	16,310	14,735	(1,575)	-9.7%
Indirect Employee Exps - Training	205	101	(104)	-50.8%
Indirect Employee Exps Other	102	133	31	29.9%
Total Employee Costs	16,618	14,969	(1,649)	

Direct Employee costs -

 An adjustment of (£0.690m) has been made in relation to the current service costs on the Local Government Pension Scheme. This is a technical adjustment that is made in the accounts to comply with Accounting Standards. It reflects the difference between the cash contributions the Council has made into the Pension Fund during the year and the value of pensions accumulated in the year calculated by the actuary. As these additional costs are reversed out under net operating expenditure, they have no bottom-line impact on the revenue outturn position although the increase is reflected in long term liabilities on the Balance Sheet.

- A number of funded posts were not filled during the year this has resulted in a saving of (£0.284m) but is offset by a corresponding reduced contribution from earmarked reserves.
- (£0.753m) Savings have been generated from staff turnover, vacancies and changes to working patterns.
- £0.152m People services staffing offset by grant income.

Indirect Employee Expenses -

Underspends against the training budgets including (£0.011m) qualification training, and (£0.087m) against continuing professional development and generic training, (£0.027m) of this relates to the corporate allocation. This position is partially offset by recruitment costs which are met from turnover savings and not budgeted for separately.

3.5 **B. Premises Costs**

 Table 2b provides further analysis on the Councils premises cost variance

Premises	2024/25 Updated Budget	2024/25 Outturn	2024/25 Outturr	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Repairs & Maintenance	786	575	(211)	-26.8%
Grounds Maintenance	658	685	28	4.3%
Premises Running Costs	2,620	2,663	43	1.7%
Total Premises Costs	4,064	3,924	(139)	

Repairs and Maintenance –

- Underspends in Repairs and Maintenance both Programmed (£64k) and Reactive (£0.123m). The main areas that were underspent are temporary accommodation properties maintenance had underspends (£52k), alongside the Rocket House (£26k), Cromer Pier (£41k), and Amenity Lighting (£32k).
- Savings in relation to servicing of fixed plant, i.e. lifts. (£0.013m)

Grounds Maintenance –

• Savings in general ground maintenance works (£0.040m) offset by Tree safety works £0.064m.

Premises Running Costs –

- Additional rent of buildings of £0.060m this is linked to election activities and offset by grant income and recoverable charges.
- £0.026m Internal drainage board levies, although additional support has been received to compensate by way of a new burdens grant.
- Higher utilities costs in relation to electricity and water charges £0.043m, this is partially offset by savings of (£0.017m) in business rates and council tax charges.
- Reduced contract cleaning costs (£0.029m)
- Reduction in premises related insurance premiums (£0.041m)

3.6 C. Transport Related costs

• The main elements resulting in the modest net saving of (£0.005m) are mileage expenses and other allowances offset by additional contract hire costs, in relation to woodlands management and the electric pooled vehicle fleet.

3.7 D. Supplies and Services

Table 2c provides further analysis on the Councils Supplies and Services cost variances

Supplies and Services	2024/25 Updated Budget	2024/25 Outturn	2024/25 Outtu	rn Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Equipment Purchases & Materials	260	201	(59)	-22.6%
Catering	3	3	0	0
Clothing, Uniforms & laundry	11	4	(7)	-62.5%
Printing & Stationery	118	271	154	131.3%
Fees & Services	11,041	10,014	(1,026)	-9.3%
Communications & Computing	1,293	1,207	(86)	-6.7%
Subscriptions & Allowances	408	391	(17)	-4.2%
Insurances – General	158	161	3	2.3%
Grants & subscriptions	1,225	1,548	323	26.4%
Other Supplies & Services		(80)	(80)	-100%
Total Supplies and Services	14,515	13.721	(794)	

The following outlines the significant variances that make up the supplies and services variance. Full variance explanations at service level can be found within appendix B accompanying this report.

Printing and Stationery –

- £0.166m election costs associated with the general election in July 2024. These costs have been offset by grant income from Central Governments electoral claim unit.
- (£0.006m) Savings in stationery purchases, most of which is in relation to paper.

Fees and Services -

- (£0.247m) External Audit fee, incorrect inflation added to the base budget.
- (£0.150m) Local Plan expenditure funded by earmarked reserves
- (£0.055m) Environmental Strategy projects funded by earmarked reserves.
- (£0.541m) Unallocated element of budgeted housing grants and contributions, this is offset by additional costs under other expenditure headings, most notably staffing.
- (£0.064m) Funded costs relating to the transfer of elements of the land charge service to the land registry.
- (£0.042m) ICT Support service, external professional services.
- £0.058m election costs offset by grant funding.
- £0.110m bed and breakfast costs offset by benefit subsidy and client contributions.
- £0.261m Agency costs incurred to cover key vacant posts including Assistant Director for Finance and Chief Technical Accountant posts. Of

this overspend £0.056m was within the public protection team and funded by the Contain Outbreak Management Fund (COMF) grant.

 Waste and Recycling expenditure (£0.181m) Serco contractor payments (Cleansing) £0.163 payments in respect of CCN26 payments. £0.083m higher processing costs to NEWS. (£0.160m) Lower Commercial waste disposal costs.

Communications and Computing –

• The variance under this expenditure heading is due to a reduction in computer software costs partially offset by additional licencing and maintenance costs.

Grants and Subscriptions –

- £0.237m Housing support scheme payments to beneficiaries, these are offset by a grant from Norfolk County Council.
- £0.131m Contribution to Norfolk County Council in respect of designated area enterprise zones, part of the NNDR3 return and funded from business rate receipts.
- (£0.025m) Contributions towards Local Government Reorganisation (LGR) projects and submissions funded from earmarked reserves.

Other Supplies and services –

• (£0.080m) Net movement in the provision for bad and doubtful debts not budgeted at service level.

3.8 E. Transfer payments

- The £19.460m expenditure relates to housing benefit payments to claimants during 2024/25. The budget position of £18.715m was based the 2023/24 Mid-year estimate adjusted for any known factors. This budget line also includes Discretionary Housing Payments (DHP) which is claimed for separately.
- The Council can claim this expense back through completing a subsidy claim to the Department for works and Pensions (DWP). The initial final claim for 2024/25 has been completed, and this shows a shortfall in recovery of £0.862m.
- This shortfall is largely in respect of temporary accommodation costs which the council pays in respect of nightly homelessness provision (Bed and Breakfast charges) due to the capping of expenditure level we cannot recover all the expense through subsidy. Some of the shortfall is mitigated by recovered overpayment debts reducing the deficit to £0.773m.

3.9 **F. Capital Financing Costs**

- The current General Fund position excludes the final capital adjustments, In respect of depreciation and intangible amortisation. This will not have an impact of the Councils final outturn revenue position as they are reversed out.
- The variance of (£0.761m) shown at table 2 above is in relation to REFCUS (Revenue Expenditure Funded from Capital Under Statute) This relates to capital which would normally be classed as revenue expenditure as it does not create an asset on our balance sheet, for example grants and loans.

3.10 **G. Income**

Table 2d provides	further analysis	on the Councils	Income variances

Income	2024/25 Updated Budget	2024/25 Outturn	2024/25 Outturn	Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Government Grants	(18,922)	(18,620)	302	-1.6%
Other Grants & Reimbursements	(1,998)	(3,079)	(1,080)	54.1%
Customer & Client Receipts	(13,029)	(14,081)	(1,052)	8.01%
Interest	(8)	(18)	(10)	130.1%
Net Recharges Internal income	(289)	(559)	(270)	93.8%
Total Income	(34,246)	(26,358)	(2,111)	

Government Grants -

- £0.141m Council Tax administration grant now part of Revenue Support Grant (RSG)
- £0.161m Department for works and Pensions (DWP) Subsidy based on initial Final subsidy claim for 2024/25 submitted in May 2025.

Other Grants and Reimbursement –

- (£0.161m) Health and Wellbeing partnership grant received from Norfolk County in a prior year, transferred from Receipts in Advance (RIA) to cover expenditure.
- (£0.246m) Grant received in respect of Housing Support Fund administered by the Housing benefit team, this is offset by contributions.
- (£0.236m) Housing grants including homes for Ukraine, balances have been transferred to the Housing reserve.
- (£0.387m) Election grant received from electoral services Unit in respect of undertaking the General election. This is offset by costs although there is a net surplus of (£0.129m)
- A number of smaller one-off grants have been received including (£0.012m) additional contribution from Norfolk Climate Change Partnership, (£0.027m) Planning biodiversity grant, and (£0.051m) Benefits new burdens

Customer and Client Receipts –

- (£0.109m) Additional planning income, due to a number of larger application fees being received in the last quarter of 2024/25.
- (£0.187m) Car park income including (£0.033m) from penalty charges and (£0.029m) from season tickets.
- (£0.098m) Surplus licencing fee income, this has been earmarked as part of the self-financing regulations and will be used as part of future fee setting calculations.
- (£0.038m) Legal fee income
- £0.024m Corporate Health and Safety, due to staff vacancies there has been no capacity to undertake training courses.
- (£0.180m) Other recoverable charges, this is part of the bottom-line subsidy position and represents cash received relating to recovered overpayment debt and also movement in the provision relating to overpayment debt held on the Civica Revenue and Benefits system.
- £0.061m Investment properties, other lettings rents including the Rocket House, the RNLI have vacated the premises leaving a shortfall in rent and service charge income.

- (£0.285m) Homelessness recoverable charges on temporary accommodation (TA) including subsidy and client contributions, of this (£0.078m) is in relation to Council owned TA properties.
- (£0.184m) Net additional Waste and recycling income including performance failure deduction which has been set aside in an Innovation Fund and used for future cost pressure payments.

Internal Income -

• Additional income to the general fund in relation to staff time recharged and funded from capital projects.

Non-Service Income and Expenditure

- 3.11 The non-service income and expenditure largely relates to investment income (interest and dividends) and the cost of borrowing (interest payable). It also includes a small amount of interest from other sources e.g. interest on loans given to organisations for affordable housing schemes.
- 3.12 The budget for 2024/25 interest receivable was £1.865m, the actual income for the year was £1.387m. Decreasing interest rates to control inflation and having lower cash balances available for investing have resulted in this adverse variance of £0.479m.
- 3.13 The Council primarily uses internal borrowing where required (using cash from sources within the Council's own operations) which is prudent to save on external borrowing interest costs. Since March 2023 it was identified that the Council had a cashflow deficit of £5m. A PWLB long-term loan was obtained for one year to fill this requirement, however, this deficit is long-term and so future external borrowing will still need to be taken. A loan was only taken for one year as interest rates were high at the time of taking the loan. It was forecasted that interest rates would fall over 2024/25 after hitting a peak of 5.25% (interest rates had not been this high since 2008) and so the loan should only be for a year to allow for the loan to be renewed at a lower interest rate in future years. This decision aims to reduce the interest expense to the Council.
- 3.14 As the loan decision was taken after the 2024/25 budget setting process (agreed by Full Council in January 2025) there was no budget in replace to finance the borrowing interest expenses of the PWLB loan. It was agreed by Full Council on the 24th of September 2024 as part of the period 4 budget monitoring report 2024/25 to use the Council's remaining £0.300m Treasury Reserve to establish a borrowing budget for the year. This reserve allocation was not taken at outturn and will now be available to mitigate shortfalls in future years. The importance of taking out a long-term loan instead of continually renewing short-term loans is to reduce the interest rate risk to the Council during times when interest rates have been fluctuating wildly. This is a more prudent approach and allows a future borrowing budget to be set which the Council knows it is able finance.

The updated 2024/25 interest payable budget was $\pounds 0.340m$, the actual expenditure for the year was $\pounds 0.327m$. This is a minor favourable variance of $\pounds 0.013m$ from decreasing interest rates.

- 3.15 The full details of the Treasury Management activity and performance for the year are contained in a separate report (Treasury Management Outturn) being presented to Cabinet at this meeting.
- 3.16 Significant points to note from the report are as follows:
 - The Council started and finished the year with seven long-term Pooled Fund investments worth £20.000m. These funds earned interest of £1.038m.
 - The Council started and finished the year with four housing loans, starting at a value of £2.145m and finishing with a value of £1.853m after loan repayments during the year. These loans earned interest of £0.080.
 - The Council held short-term investments of varying balances during the year. These funds earned interest of £0.287m.
 - The Council started and finished the year with total loans of £5m from the PWLB. This incurred an interest expense of £0.266m.
 - The Council took out short-term loans of varying balances during the year to meet cashflow demands that could not be met from internal borrowing. These incurred an expense of £0.061m.

Retained Business Rate Income

- 3.17 The Council is a member of the Norfolk Business Rates Pool which is beneficial for all authorities within the Pool.
- 3.18 Accounting for Business Rates collection is a complex area as it involves three financial years and contributions to and from other external organisations over this time too.
- 3.19 Since 2020/21 it has been difficult to calculate the budget for the Council's Retained Business Rates because of this. Because of the uncertainty around what the actual levels would be and the possibility of having to repay grants any surplus since 2020/21 has been transferred to the Business Rates Reserve to offset any future deficits.
- 3.20 The 2024/25 budget included Retained Business Rates Income was included at a prudent level because of uncertainty around the calculation. The actual outturn is compared to the budget. The actual income level for the year was £0.384m above the budget and this will be transferred to the Business Rates Reserve. It should be noted that as the accounts are audited.
- 3.21 The Council Tax surplus for the 2024/25 year is £0.192m.

4. Reserves

- 4.1 The Council holds a General Reserve for which the recommended balance for 2024/25 is £2.1 million. The purpose of holding a General Reserve is to provide a working balance to help cushion the impact of uneven cash flows and to provide a contingency to help cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies.
- 4.2 The outturn position for the year ending 31 March 2025 was a net (£0.622m) surplus before recommendations to reserves.
- 4.3 In addition to the General Reserve the Council holds several Earmarked Reserves that are held to meet known or predicted liabilities. The Earmarked Reserves also provides a means at the year-end for carrying funds forward to the new financial year to fund ongoing commitments and known liabilities for which no separate revenue budget exists.
- 4.4 There are several Earmarked Reserves that have balances, yet the timing of the use of the reserve is yet to be agreed. For example, the Business Rates reserve which is held to negate any negative impacts on the General fund resulting from business rates appeals awarded, s31 grant balances and year end deficits.
- 4.5 Section 3 of the report has highlighted the service areas where an underspend has occurred relating to budgets funded by earmarked reserves. As part of the outturn process transfer entries are input to reflect the actual reserve funding requirement ensuring that the unallocated balance is available to meet future commitments or fund future projects. This adjustment offsets some of the positive variances in the net cost of services. In addition, a number of grant funding streams are ringfenced meaning that there is a specific purpose outlined in the grant determination. Underspends on these grants need to be earmarked to be utilised in future years or repaid.
- 4.6 The transfers to and from reserves (general and earmarked) are included within the reserves statement as detailed at Appendix C. This appendix outlines the purpose of each reserve and shows the planned use over the current four-year budget period. The updated budget projections were forecasting transfers from earmarked reserves totaling £4.491m. The outturn position only required a transfer of £0.939m from reserves resulting in a variance of (£3.552m) the most significant movements are as follows.
 - Capital Projects Reserve (£0.475m) Capital Project slippage outlined in section 5 below.
 - Asset Management Reserve (£0.137m) Capital Project slippage outlined in section 5 below.
 - Coast Protection Reserve (£0.244m) Switch of funding for Coastal Transition Accelerator Programme (CTAP) expenditure now funded from capital grant.
 - Delivery Plan Reserve (£0.808m) (£0.494m) Capital Slippage (£0.192m) fixed term staffing contracts, (£0.098m) Expenditure relating to environmental strategy project.

- Environmental Health Reserve £0.126m of which £0.097m relates to surplus Licensing fee income.
- Housing Reserve £0.485m, (£0.183m) COMF grant released to fund expenditure in Benefits Administration and Public Protection services. Ring fenced grant balances earmarked including Homes for Ukraine and Age UK. Budgeted use of grant for staffing, not required as funding switched to in year grants.
- Treasury Reserve as part of the 2024/25 updated budget £0.300m was released from this reserve to fund borrowing interest, as part of the outturn process this has not been taken. This will allow for future shortfalls to be funded.
- 4.7 The General Reserve balance on 31 March 2025 stands at £2.825 million which is above the recommended balance.

5. Capital Programme 2024/25

- 5.1 This section of the report presents the capital outturn position for the 2024/25 year and the financing for this, together with the updated programme for the financial years 2025/26 to 2030/31. Appendix D provides the detail of the outturn for the 2024/25 capital programme and variances prior to any adjustments to the original year budgets. The updated capital programme for 2025/26 to 2030/31, is attached at Appendix E.
- 5.2 The capital programme expenditure for 2024/25 was £25.702m compared to an updated 2024/25 budget of £39.629m giving an underspend of £13.927m.
- 5.3 This significant underspend is attributable to multiple factors. Some high value projects have not progressed as far as originally planned due to project delays, or project timelines have been reconsidered to reflect changes to programmed delivery. This report requests if some budgets that are still required could be rolled forward into the 2025/26 capital programme. These are detailed further down in this report.
- 5.4 The total Capital Expenditure of £25.702m was funded by:
 - £21.507m of grants
 - £1.240m of external contributions
 - £1.079m of reserve allocations
 - £0.00m of revenue contributions
 - £1.071m of capital receipts
 - £0.805m funded from borrowing
- 5.5 Details of the Capital Expenditure covered by the 2024/25 Financing can be found in Appendix D alongside projects with roll-forward requests (reprofiling to 2025/26 budget).
- 5.6 The table below shows the schemes completed in 2024/25 along with the value of unspent budget given up. Explanations of the major unspent budgets are detailed in paragraphs (a) to (j).

Capital Projects completed in 2024/25 and removed from the 2025/26 capital programme:

Budget Manager		Completed Capital Projects	Unspent budget uncommitted / (overspent budget committed) £	Funding Source returned / (used)
Contracts & Waste Services Manager	(a)	Purchase of Bins	28,476	Capital Receipts
Climate & Environmental Policy Manager	(b)	Solar PV Panels at Victory Swim and Fitness Centre	20,278	Borrowing
Coastal Engineering Manager	(C)	Coastal Defences	9,030	Capital Receipts
Contracts & Waste Services Manager	(d)	Waste Vehicles	0	Environmental Health Reserve
Assets & Property Programme Manager	(e)	Public Conveniences (Fakenham & Wells)	18,492	Capital Receipts
Leisure and Locality Services Manager	(f)	Countryside Machinery	236	Capital Receipts
Housing Strategy & Delivery Manager	(g)	Local Authority Housing Fund (Grants)	0	Grant
Estates & Asset Strategy Manager	(h)	Fakenham Connect/Crinkle Crankle Wall	3,948	Major Projects Reserve
Economic Growth Manager	(i)	North Walsham Heritage Action Zone	142,462	Capital Receipts
Director for Place & Climate Change	(j)	Fakenham Urban Extension	0	Delivery Plan Reserve
Network Manager	(k)	User IT Hardware Refresh	6,552	Capital Receipts
Application Support Manager	(I)	Financial Management System	3,034	Capital Receipts
Network Manager	(m)	Server Replacement	39,327	Capital Receipts
Network Manager	(n)	Replacement Storage Hardware	18,841	Capital Receipts
Housing Adaptations Team Leader	(o)	Disabled Facilities Grants	141,347	Grants
Total deallocated funding			432,023	

Total uncommitted funding by financing source	432,023
Capital Receipts	266,450
Grants	141,347
Major Repairs Reserve	3,948
Borrowing	20,278

- (a). The Purchase of Bins capital project was completed in 2024/25 with total expenditure of £121,524 against a yearly approved budget of £150,000. This means a total of £28,476 budget was not required and will be uncommitted from capital receipts funding. This underspend does not request a roll-forward as there is a new approved budget of £150,000 for the scheme in 2025/26.
- (b). The Solar PV Panels at Victory Swim and Fitness Centre project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £179,722 against the schemes approved budget of £200,000. This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £20,278 which will be uncommitted from borrowing funding.
- (c). The Coastal Defences capital project was completed in 2024/25 with total expenditure of £140,970 against a yearly approved budget of £150,000. This means a total of £9,030 budget was not required and will be uncommitted from capital receipts funding. This underspend does not request a roll-forward as there is a new approved budget of £150,000 for the scheme in 2025/26.

- (d). As part of the yearly final accounting checks, it was identified that solar panels were purchased to fit six SERCO waste vehicles, these were to replace diesel lifting mechanisms with solar powered lifting mechanisms. The costs of £16,750 for these panels were capitalised as they are improving a current asset of the Council. This project has been completed in 2024/25, and the costs have been put into the Council's capital programme – funded from the Innovation reserve
- (e). The Public Conveniences (Fakenham & Wells) project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £968,471 against the schemes approved budget of £986,963. This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £18,492 which will be uncommitted from capital receipts funding.
- (f). The Countryside Machinery project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £38,229 against the schemes approved budget of £38,465. This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £236 which will be uncommitted from capital receipts funding.
- (g). The Local Authority Housing Fund project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £1,040,000 against the schemes approved budget of £1,040,000. However, this scheme is specifically relating to the LAHF funding from central government which was used to administer grants from NNDC to housing developer to build affordable accommodation in the district. The Council has been awarded additional LAHF grant of £588k in 2025/26 which will be put towards the authorities Council Owned Temporary Accommodation project, instead of administering further grants.
- (h). The refurbishment of IT Training room and replacement of desktop PCs no longer needs doing as staff now have laptops which they can take along to any training sessions.
- (i). The Recruitment Software budget is a residual budget that is no longer required.
- (j). The Fakenham Connect/Crinkle Crankle Wall project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £293,389 against the schemes approved budget of £297,337. This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £3,948 which will be uncommitted from the Major Projects Reserve.
- (k). The User IT Hardware Refresh project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £75,586 against the schemes approved budget of £82,138 This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £6,552 which will be uncommitted from capital receipts funding. This underspend does not request a roll-forward as there is a new approved budget of £60,000 for the scheme in 2025/26.
- (I). The Financial Management System project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £291,966 against the schemes approved budget of £295,000. This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £3,034 which will be uncommitted from capital receipts funding.
- (m). The Server Replacement project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £60,673 against the schemes approved budget of £100,000. This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £39,327 which will be uncommitted from capital receipts funding.
- (n). The Replacement Storage Hardware project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £131,159 against the schemes approved budget of £150,000. This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £18,841 which will be uncommitted from capital receipts funding.
- (o). The Disabled Facilities Grants 2024/25 project was completed with final expenditure of £1,937,693 against the schemes approved 2024/25 budget of £2,079,040. This is a total saving during delivery achieved of £141,347. This amount will be uncommitted from the capital programme but held in the Council's capital grants received in advance. This is because the unused grant funding for this project is ringfenced and can only be used to fund additional Disabled Facilities Grants in future years
- 5.7 There are schemes where overspends have occurred in 2024/25. Details are given in the table below alongside the recommended funding source to finance these overspends. Explanations for the overspends can be found in the paragraphs below.

Budget Manager		Overspent Capital Projects	Overspend £	Funding Source requested
Assets & Property Programme Manager	(0)	Cromer Offices LED Lighting Programme	715	Capital Receipts
Assets & Property Programme Manager	(p)	The Lees Walkway and Structural Works	10,098	Capital Receipts
Total extra funding requested to finance overspends		10,816		

Capital Projects overspent in 2024/25, requesting extra budget approval.

Total funding requested by financing source	10,816
Capital Receipts	10,816

- (p). The Lees Walkway and Structural works project was completed in 2024/25 with final expenditure of £44,356 against the schemes approved budget of £34,258. This is an overspend of £10,098 against the project. However, this additional expenditure was deemed essential to reinforce the Lees Walkway (located in Sheringham) which due to heavy rainfall and water ingress had become dangerously unsafe for the public to walk on. Additional costs were incurred due to the specific construction of the walkway which exceed original project cost estimates. It is proposed that some uncommitted capital receipts from the above projects delivered with savings is used to finance this overspend.
- (q). The Cromer Offices LED Lighting Programme has not yet been completed but was overspend in 2024/25 with expenditure of £172,715 against an approved budget of £172,000. This is an overspend of £715 against the project caused by additional works being required beyond the original tender to implement additional motion sensors with the goal of

controlling the lights in the office (preventing them from being on when not required). It is proposed that some uncommitted capital receipts from the above projects delivered with savings is used to finance this overspend.

5.8 This report requests that the Council notes capital receipts of £0.761m were received in 2024/25 as outlined below:

Total capital receipts 2024/25:	
Sale of Waste Bins	-3,000.00
Repaid Egmere Bond	-6,687.63
NCC Refund on HAZ	-69,691.70
DFG Repayments	-67,409.87
Right to Buy's	-614,511.84
Total	-761,301.04

For the consideration of future capital projects, the Council's 2025/26 capital programme currently has total of £2.875m of projects agreed to be funded by capital receipts. However, the Council only has £2.386m of capital receipts funding available as at the end of 2024/25. This amount of allocated expenditure is appropriate as it is forecasted that sales of assets in 2025/26 will total £1.418m, this will meet the funding gap and provide an amount of capital receipts to fund future projects. This figure includes the estimated capital receipt of £1m from the sale of the Sheringham Enabling Land.

This report would advise that that any new larger-scale projects going forward will primarily need to be considered as funded by borrowing unless higher-value assets are sold by the authority.

5.9 For the schemes which were not completed in 2024/25 it is requested that the capital budgets are rolled forward into 2025/26 for the managers to finish the schemes. The project's requesting budget is approved to be rolled forward into 2025/26 are detailed below, and shown in Appendix E. This report asks members to consider and approve if the projects outlined below can continue in 2025/26 to meet the Council's goals. The details for any projects and current financial commitments are outlined in the following paragraphs.

Capital Project	Ref:	Budget requested to be rolled-forward into 2025/26 £	Funding Source(s)
Cromer Coastal Protection Scheme	(r)	846,067	Grants
Coastal Erosion Assistance	(s)	13,336	Capital Receipts
Coastal Adaptations	(t)	244,990	Capital Receipts
Mundesley Coastal Management Scheme	(u)	1,226,806	£144,000 Capital Receipts £312,806 Grants £770,000 Contributions
Coastal Management Fund	(v)	341,750	Capital Receipts
Coastwise	(w)	1,665,587	Grants

Requests for capital budget roll forward from 2024/25 into 2025/26

Electric Vehicle Charging Points	(x)	33,317	Capital Receipts
The Reef Solar Carport	(y)	65,180	Delivery Plan Reserve
Holt Country Park Electricity Improvements	(z)	237,168	Borrowing
Public Conveniences – Energy Efficiencies	(aa)	148,719	Borrowing
Public Conveniences – Sheringham & North Walsham	(ab)	2,696	Capital Receipts
Public Conveniences – Albert Street, Holt	(ac)	54,554	Borrowing
Cromer Pier – Steelworks and Improvements to Pavillion Theatre	(ad)	47,967	Capital Receipts
3G Facilities	(ae)	847,568	£600,000 Grants £247,568 Borrowing
Cromer 3G Football Facility	(af)	979,141	£683,866 Grants £295,275 Borrowing
The Reef Leisure Centre	(ag)	252,823	£139,727 Capital Receipts £113,096 Capital Projects Reserve
Green Road Football Facility (North Walsham)	(ah)	50,223	Delivery Plan Reserve
New Play Area (Sheringham, The Lees)	(ai)	16,429	Delivery Plan Reserve
Fakenham Leisure and Sports Hub (FLASH)	(aj)	2,101,486	Grants
Back Stage Refurbishment – Pier Pavillion Theatre	(ak)	16,665	Borrowing
Holt Country Park Staff Facilities	(al)	4,003	Borrowing
Cromer Church wall	(am)	50,000	Major Projects Reserve
Cabbell Park Clubhouse	(an)	237,000	Capital Receipts
Compulsory Purchase of Long- Term Empty Properties	(ao)	383,835	Borrowing
Community Housing Fund	(ap)	228,161	Housing Reserve
Council Owned Temporary Accommodation	(aq)	84,557	£84,577 Grants
Housing S106 Enabling	(ar)	764,000	S106 Contributions
Loans to Housing Providers	(as)	340,000	Capital Receipts
Rocket House	(at)	852,447	Borrowing
Property Acquisitions	(au)	700,868	Delivery Plan Reserve
Chalet Refurbishment	(av)	124,928	Capital Receipts
Marrams Building Renovation	(aw)	46,513	Asset Management Reserve
Car Parks Refurbishment	(ax)	201,800	Borrowing
Asset Roof Replacements (Art Deco Block, Red Lion Retail Unit, Sheringham Chalets)	(ay)	90,213	£58,113 Asset Management Reserve £32,100 Grants
New Fire Alarm and Fire Doors in Cromer offices	(az)	786	Capital Receipts
West Prom Sheringham, Lighting & Cliff Railings	(aaa)	55,000	Capital Receipts
Collectors Cabin Roof	(aab)	29,625	Asset Management Reserve

New Revenues and Benefits System	(aac)	98,720	Capital Receipts
Customer Services C3 Software	(aad)	23,400	Delivery Plan Reserve
Marrams Footpath and Lighting	(aae)	(2,627)	Borrowing
	Total:	13,505,721	

Budget Roll-Forwards by Funding Source:	£
Grants	6,326,489
Contributions	1,534,000
Reserves	1,381,608
Revenue Contribution to Capital Outlay (RCCO)	0
Capital Receipts	1,824,217
Borrowing	2,439,407
Total	13,505,721

- (r). Cromer Coast Protection Scheme This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works are anticipated to complete in 2025. This scheme is grant-funded, the grant can only be used for the project or must be repaid.
- (s). Coastal Erosion Assistance This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed; this budget aims to provide coastal erosion grant support in the event on an emergency.
- (t). Coastal Adaptations This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. Although there is no project works in progress, this sum is funded from a prior sale of land, which as a condition, required an agreed sum to be spent on coastal adaptation works.
- (u). Mundesley Coastal Management Scheme This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works are anticipated to complete in 2025. This scheme is primarily grant-funded, the grant can only be used for the project or must be repaid.
- (v). Coastal Management Fund This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This budget is planned to be used for a major coastal beacon replacement programme along the North Norfolk coastline.
- (w). Coastwise This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed but this grant-funded scheme can only be used for the Coastwise project.
- (x). Electric Vehicle Charging Points This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This budget is planned to be used for infrastructure enabling works to allow Norfolk County Council to install charging points on North Norfolk District Council's assets using central government funding.

- (y). The Reef Solar Carport This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This budget is planned to be used to purchase an electric battery storage or alternative electricity storage method to connect to the existing carport structure.
- (z). Holt Country Park Electricity Improvements This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is currently in the design phase to determine how best to connect the site to nearby electrical infrastructure.
- (aa). Public Conveniences, Energy Efficiencies This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is to delivery net-zero improvements to Public Conveniences across the District (e.g. installing water-efficient plumbing systems, electric hand-dryers or small-scale solar panels).
- (ab). Public Conveniences, Sheringham & North Walsham This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works are anticipated to complete in 2025, where the toilet block fully refurbished.
- (ac). Public Conveniences, Albert Street, Holt This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works are anticipated to complete in 2025, where the toilet block fully refurbished.
- (ad). Cromer Pier, Steelworks and Improvements to Pavillion Theatre This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works have been completed; however, a retention sum is still due for payment in 2025.
- (ae). North Walsham 3G Facilities This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. This project has been renamed to specifically refer to the provision of a 3G facility at North Walsham as this location is eligible for potential grant funding. This project is currently under discussions with landowners to find a suitable location for the construction with a decision anticipated in 2025.
- (af). Cromer 3G Football Facility This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project construction works are anticipated to complete in summer 2025 and grant approval has been awarded from the Football Foundation which must be spent on this project or repaid.
- (ag). The Reef Leisure Centre This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. This is a retention sum which has been withheld and used to resolve construction defects following the centre's construction contractor having gone into administration. This budget must be spent on resolving defects or paid to the contractor's administrators.

- (ah). Green Road Football Facility (North Walsham) This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. Construction work has been delayed whilst negotiations with the tenants of the site are ongoing.
- (ai). New Play Area (Sheringham, The Lees) This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. The new play equipment has been purchased, but not yet installed at the site, therefore the remaining budget is required to complete this scheme.
- (aj). Fakenham Leisure and Sports Hub (FLASH) This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works are anticipated to be carried out in 2025 and continue in 2026 as a large-scale project. This scheme is primarily grant-funded, the grant can only be used for the project or must be repaid.
- (ak). Back Stage Refurbishment, Pier Pavillion Theatre This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works have been completed, with residual works and final payments still to be made.
- (al). Holt Country Park Staff Facilities This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works have been completed, with residual works and final payments still to be made.
- (am). Cromer Church Wall This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. Currently potential contractors are being reviewed for this specialist construction with plans for works to commence in 2025.
- (an). Cabbell Park Clubhouse This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. Discussions and construction options are ongoing to determine the most appropriate way to deliver this project.
- (ao). Compulsory Purchase of Long-Term Empty Properties This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This budget is retained for the CPO of dangerous properties in emergency circumstances (such as where property owners may not be able to financially afford to repair and keep their properties).
- (ao). Community Housing Fund This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is to deliver grants to private housing developers to encourage the provision of affordable accommodation in the district.
- (aq). Council Owned Temporary Accommodation This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is to purchase and make habitable residential properties for temporary accommodation to reduce

homelessness across the district. This is anticipated to reduce the annual cost to the Council of providing temporary accommodation.

- (ar). Housing S106 Enabling This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is to use S106 funding specifically allocated towards providing affordable accommodation in the areas set out in individual S106 agreements. The S106 funding must be used as outlined in these agreements or repaid.
- (as). Loans to Housing Providers This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This budget is to provide long-term loans to private housing developers to support the provision of affordable accommodation in the district (at no long-term financial loss to the Council).
- (at). Rocket House This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as some project works are contractually committed. The project works are ongoing to renovate the property.
- (au). Property Acquisitions This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This budget is retained for the purchase of properties for future sale.
- (av). Chalet Refurbishment This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is to renovate Council owned chalets in the district.
- (aw). Marrams Building Renovation This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. Discussions and construction options are ongoing to determine the most appropriate way to deliver this project.
- (ax). Car Parks Refurbishment This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is to resurface Council owned car parks where required.
- (ay). Asset Roof Replacements (Art Deco Block, Red Lion Retail Unit, Sheringham Chalets) – This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The remaining works are specifically on the Red Lion Retail Unit which is anticipated to be completed in 2025.
- (az). New Fire Alarm and Fire Doors in Cromer offices This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The project works have been completed, with residual works and final payments still to be made.
- (aaa). West Prom Sheringham, Lighting & Cliff Railings This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is to improve the railings and lighting columns along the Promenade however feasibility studies are ongoing on how best to deliver this project.

- (aab). Collectors Cabin Roof This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. This project is to renovate the thatched roof of the property so that the Council can let the property to tenants.
- (aac). New Revenues and Benefits System This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward as project works are contractually committed. The procurement for the new system has been completed with implementation to be carried out in 2025.
- (aad). Customer Services C3 Software This report requests that the unspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward. No project works are contractually committed. The project works are anticipated to completed in 2025.
- (aae). Marrams Footpath and Lighting This report requests that the overspent capital budget shown in the above table is rolled forward so that the future budget can finance the costs of the 2024/25 overspend. No project works are contractually committed. The project works are anticipated to completed in 2025.
- 5.10 There are schemes where additional budget requests have been made to and allocated by the Council's S151 Officer to fund projects in emergencies using the Council's reserves. The S151 Officer cannot authorise any other form of additional funding without Full Council approval. Details are given in the table below alongside the reserve used source to finance these additional budget requests. Explanations for the overspends can be found in the paragraphs below and it is asked that the Council notes these approvals which have been included into the 2025/26 capital programme, shown on Appendix E.

Additional Capital Project funding approvals 2024/25 by the S151 Officer.

Budget Manager	Ref:	Overspent Capital Projects	Overspend £	Funding Source requested	
Assets & Property Programme Manager	(aae)	New Play Area (Sheringham, The Lees)	55,000	Asset Management Reserve	
Total additional funding approvals		55,000			

(aae). New Play Area (Sheringham, The Lees) – The new play equipment has been purchased, but not yet installed at the site, alongside the requested budget roll-forward of £16,429 it has been assessed that an additional £55k is required to complete the play park installation to the highest standard and make the play park safe for use. Approval of additional budget from reserves has been given to prevent delays in the installation of new play equipment following the assessment that additional budget was required.

Additional Capital Project funding requests for 2025/26 to Full Council:

Budget Manager Ref:	New Capital Programme	Additional Budget Requested £	Funding Source	
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		Requests		requested
Assets & Property Programme Manager	(aaf)	Cromer Offices LED Lighting Programme	6,081	Capital Receipts
Assets & Property Programme Manager	(aag)	Public Conveniences (Sheringham & North Walsham)	20,000	Capital Receipts
Leisure & Locality Services Manager	(aah)	Holt Eco Learning Space	100,000	Contributions
Total additional fun	ding ap	provals	126,081	

Total funding requested by financing source	126,081
Contributions	100,000
Capital Receipts	26,081

- (aaf). The Cromer Offices LED Lighting Programme requires additional budget to the already approved £172,000 and £715 overspend mentioned earlier in this report. At the end of works it was identified that additional motion sensor installations needed to be purchased and installed as some sections of lighting were not activating appropriately from the normal movements of Officers working at the building. These costs are a further £6,081, this report requests that Full Council approves this further sum towards the project to be funded from capital receipts to finance the additional works required. This would make the total project cost £178,796 to complete.
- (aag). The Public Conveniences (Sheringham & North Walsham) project requires additional budget to the already approved £545,514 including £2,696 roll-forward as mentioned earlier in this report. It has been identified that additional works are required on the roof of the Sheringham Public Conveniences to finalise the construction. These costs are a further £20,000, this report requests that Full Council approves this further sum towards the project to be funded from capital receipts to finance the additional works required. This would make the total project costs £565,514 to complete.
- (aah). The Holt Eco Learning Space is a new capital project request. This project is to use a £100,000 contribution awarded from the Hornsea 3 Legacy Fund to construct an eco-learning space at Holt Country Park. This report requests that Full Council approves for this scheme to be added into the 2025/26 capital programme and has been included in Appendix E.

6. Capital Programme 2025/26 Update

6.1 Appendix E shows the capital programme for the period 2025/26 to 2030/31 as it currently stands. The capital programme has been updated to reflect schemes closure and budget slippage identified within this report. It also includes schemes which have already received formal approval by Full Council or the S151 Officer as at the 31 March 2025.

7. Medium Term Financial Strategy

7.1 The content of this report includes details of budgets which will support the medium-term financial strategy through the revised capital programme and movements in reserves.

8. **Proposals and Options**

This is a factual report that outlines the financial position at the year-end for the year 2024/25. There are proposed recommendations for Cabinet to make to full Council on 23 July 2025. The approval of these recommendations will enable the Council to maintain its strong financial position in the coming years.

9. Corporate Priorities

Delivering services within budgets enables the Council to maintain its strong financial position and maintain a robust level of reserves that may be required to address future unforeseen events.

10. Financial and Resource Implications

10.1 This report is of a financial nature and the financial implications are included within the report content.

11. Legal Implications

11.1 There are no legal implications as a direct consequence of this report.

12. Risks

12.1 Financial risks are identified within the report content.

13. Net ZeroTarget

This report does not raise any issues relating to the achieving the net zero target.

14. Equality, Diversity & Inclusion

This report does not raise any issues relating to the achieving the net zero target.

15. Community Safety issues

This report does not raise any issues relating to the community safety issues.

16. Conclusion and Recommendations

- 16.1 Members are asked to consider the report and recommend the following to full Council:
 - a) The provisional outturn position for the General Fund revenue account for 2024/25 (See Appendix A);
 - b) The transfers to and from reserves as detailed within the report (and Appendix C) along with the corresponding updates to the 2025/26 budget;
 - c) The surplus of £0.622m be transferred to the General reserve to fund future funding shortfalls;

- d) The balance on the General Reserve of £2.825m
- e) The financing of the 2024/25 capital programme as detailed within the report and at Appendix D;
- f) The updated capital programme for 2025/26 to 2030/31 and scheme financing as outlined within the report and detailed at Appendix E;
- g) Approval of additional funding to cover capital project overspends of £10,816 as detailed in paragraph 5.7.
- h) Approval of capital project budget roll-forwards from 2024/25 into 2025/26 paragraph 5.9.
- i) To note the addition of £55,000 towards the New Play area (Sheringham, The Lees) to be funded from the Asset Management Reserve in 2025/26 for a total project budget of £120,000
- j) To approve the addition of £6,081 towards the Cromer Offices LED lighting programme to be funded from Capital Receipts in 2025/26 for a total project budget of £178,796.
- k) To approve the addition of £20,000 towards the Public Conveniences (Sheringham & North Walsham) project to be funded from Capital Receipts in 2025/26 for a total project budget of £565,514.
- To approve the addition of the Holt Eco Learning Space scheme for £100,000 into the 2025/26 Capital Programme to be funded by an external contribution.

S151 Officer

The draft outturn position as presented in this report shows that there is a surplus for the year of £0.622m for the year. The Council can meet this through the use of Reserves however future years' position will need to be closely managed and monitored to ensure that the Council can remain financially sustainable.

The is still subject to audit and may be subject to change. The final position will be presented to GRAC in the Statement of Accounts which they Committee will be asked to approve and sign.

Monitoring Officer

In accordance with the CIPFA requirements, this report provides financial information to Members around the 2024/25 provisional outturn position for the year and matters as detailed in the recommendations.

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General Fund Summary Outturn 2024/25

Service Area	2024/25 Base Budget £	2024/25 Updated Budget £	2024/25 Outturn £	Outturn Variance £
Corporate Leadership/ Executive Support	~ 576,259	- 514,991	43,479	~ (471,512)
Communities	11,530,421	11,399,996	9,577,687	(1,822,309)
Place and Climate Change	7,121,376	7,129,876	4,911,753	(2,218,123)
Resources	4,538,101	4,628,088	4,424,434	(203,654)
Savings to be Identified	(250,000)	0	0	Ó
Net Cost of Services	23,516,157	23,672,951	18,957,353	(4,715,598)
Parish Precepts	3,129,194	3,129,194	3,129,194	0
Capital Charges	(2,962,374)	(2,962,374)	(2,962,440)	(66)
Refcus	(761,647)	(761,647)	0	761,647
Interest Receivable	(1,865,172)	(1,865,172)	(1,387,447)	477,725
External Interest Paid	40,285	340,285	326,901	(13,384)
Revenue Financing for Capital:	210,000	2,447,783	1,079,304	(1,368,479)
Minimum Revenue Provision	487,860	487,860	569,828	81,968
IAS 19 Pension Adjustment	268,000	268,000		658,987
Net Operating Expenditure	22,062,303	24,756,880	20,639,680	(4,117,200)
Funded By Parish Precepts Council Tax Collection Fund Surplus Retained Business Rates New Homes bonus Revenue Support Grant 3% Funding Guarantee Rural Services Delivery Grant Ctax Discount Grant Services Grant Income from Government Grant and Taxpayers	(3,129,194) (7,068,941) (108,332) (7,683,000) (5,600) (309,046) (1,230,666) (656,974) (51,576) (22,518) (20,265,847)	(3,129,194) (7,068,941) (108,332) (7,683,000) (5,600) (309,046) (1,230,670) (656,970) (51,576) (22,518) (20,265,847)	(3,129,187) (6,766,412) (108,336) (8,066,899) (5,600) (336,094) (1,230,670) (656,974) 0 (22,518) (20,322,690)	7 302,529 (4) (383,899) 0 (27,048) 0 (4) 51,576 0 (56,843)
(Surplus)/Deficit	1,796,456	4,491,033	316,990	(4,174,043)
Contribution To/(From) Reserves	(1,796,456)	(4,491,033)	(938,750)	3,552,283
(Suplus)/Deficit Position	0	0	(621,760)	(621,760)

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Communities Directorate Outturn 2024-25

Ad Environment & Leisure Services				
Au Environment & Leisure Services	Updated Budget	Outturn 2024/25	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	2024/25	c	c	
Ad Environmental & Leisure Svs	£	£	£	
Employee	96,751	89,675	(7,076)	Lower salary costs and Pension Fund adjustment.
Transport	1,744	1,697		No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	100	328		No Major Variances.
Support Services	10,640	10,656	16	No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(109,235)	(109,236)	()	No Major Variances.
	0	(6,879)	(6,879)	
Deach Cafaty				
Beach Safety Premises	2,750	88	(2 662)	Lower R&M costs.
Supplies and Services	367,665	371,713	(, ,	Blue Flag applications and notice boards.
Support Services	76,820	76,824		No Major Variances.
Income	0	(145)		No Major Variances.
-	447,235	448,481	1,246	
Civil Contingencies				
Employee	86,622	82,354	,	Pension Fund adjustments.
Transport	1,044	1,021	, ,	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	12,390	3,858	(0,532)	(£3,960) Professional fees budget not required. Balance is made up of misc. minor variances.
Support Services	64,100	64,128	28	No Major Variances.
	164,156	151,360		
	,	,	(,,-,	
Cleansing				
Supplies and Services	1,087,850	901,215	(186,635)	(£181,098) Serco contractor payments. (£2,689) Equipment purchases.
				(£2,848) Bad Debts provision.
Support Services	77,760	77,760		No Major Variances.
Income	(87,495)	(84,634)		Reduced income from dog and litter bin recharges.
	1,078,115	894,341	(183,774)	
Community Safety				
Employee	8,252	6,701	(1,551)	No Major Variances.
Transport	500	0	,	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	4,000	5,006	1,006	No Major Variances.
Support Services	25,180	25,188	8	No Major Variances.
	37,932	36,895	(1,037)	
0				
Corporate H&S Employee	83,104	83,602	109	No Major Variances.
Transport	600	254		No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	2,250	2,364	· · ·	No Major Variances.
Support Services	20,820	20,820		No Major Variances.
Income	(24,000)	110		Fee income from Occupational Safety & Health (IOSH) courses not
				generated.
Support Services Income	(82,774)	(82,776)		No Major Variances.
	0	24,374	24,374	
Environmental Contracts				
Employee	356,623	302,867	(53 756)	(£33,161) Lower employee costs due to vacant post. (£14,728) Pension
Employee	330,023	302,007	(33,730)	Fund adjustments. (£5,000) Qualification training budget not spent.
				5
Transport	12,452	5,752	(6,700)	Lower vehicle maintenance costs.
Supplies and Services	1,275	4,134	2,859	No Major Variances.
Support Services	125,040	125,064		No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(511,438)	(511,440)	()	No Major Variances.
	(16,048)	(73,623)	(57,575)	
Environmental Protection				
Employee	561,185	484,100	(77 085)	(£55,078) Lower employee costs. (£22,472) Pension Fund adjustments.
	001,100		(11,000)	
Transport	20,396	15,821	(4,575)	Lower travelling costs.
Supplies and Services	65,650	67,225	,	See Note A below:
Support Services	302,120	302,160	40	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	37,620	37,632		No Major Variances.
Income _	(13,000)	(26,452)		See Note B below:
	973,971	880,486	(93,485)	

Note A : (£5,815) Equipment purchases. (£5,845) Lower professional fees in relation to rechargeable works. £2,425 Subscriptions. £26,789 Bad debts written off. (£14,425) Bad debts provision.

Note B : (£2,034) Grant for Bully cross dogs to offset salary costs. (£6,248) Rechargeable income - Assisted burials and rechargeable works. (£3,800) HMO Licences.

Ad Environment & Leisure Services				
	Updated	Outturn	Outturn	Variance Explanation
	Budget	2024/25	Variance	
	2024/25			
Foreshore				
Employee	32,288	31,529	()	No Major Variances.
Premises	48,936	23,594	(25,342)	(£21,947) Lower R&M costs. (£2,722) Lower Premises insurance
				premiums.
Transport	700	516	, ,	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	5,300	435	(, ,	Equipment and professional fees budgets not spent.
Support Services	72,520	72,528		No Major Variances.
Income	0	(791)		No Major Variances.
	159,744	127,811	(31,933)	
Internal Drainage Board Levies				
Premises	502,085	528,109	,	Higher levies.
Supplies and Services	0	170		No Major Variances.
Support Services	370	372		No Major Variances.
Income	(35,265)	(41,265)		Grant to offset higher costs.
	467,190	487,386	20,196	
1				
Leisure	400.470	400.070	(7.000)	Develop Evelop Performance
Employee	168,176	160,370	,	Pension Fund adjustments.
Transport	5,332	4,075	(, ,	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	27,550	26,792	. ,	No Major Variances.
Support Services	126,490	126,504		No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(327,548)	(327,600)		No Major Variances.
	0	(9,859)	(9,859)	
Laiaura Camelana				
Leisure Complexes				
Premises	145,711	154,501	8,790	(£10,560) Lower insurance premiums. £17,393 Business Rates - offset by
				higher management fee income.
Supplies and Services	0	6,597	6,597	£4,020 Engineering Insurance premiums. £2,261 Bad Debts provision.
Support Services	116,350	116,388	38	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	587,211	587,220	9	No Major Variances.
Income	(85,398)	(102,791)	(17,393)	Higher management fees - offset by NDR costs at The Reef.
	763,874	761,915	(1,959)	-
Markets				
Employee	6,084	6,813		No Major Variances.
Premises	35,248	19,622	(15,626)	(£3,412) Lower Business Rates. (£12,230) Lower rents to reflect lower
				market income.
Transport	0	115	115	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	4,100	3,201		No Major Variances.
Support Services	43,530	43,536	· · ,	
Income	(40,000)	(31,078)		No Major Variances. Lower income from market traders.
licome	48,962	42,209		-
	40,302	42,203	(0,755)	
Other Sports				
Premises	12,510	11,250	(1 260)	Lower insurance premiums.
Supplies and Services	41,200	31,275	(, ,	Professional fees and costs associated with sports events.
Support Services	68,300	68,304		No Major Variances.
Income	(8,000)	(7,110)		No Major Variances.
income	114,010	103,719		
	114,010	100,110	(10,201)	
Parks & Open Spaces				
Premises	280,468	292,569	12.101	(£11,651) Lower R&M costs. £24,966 Grounds maintenance and
	,		,	emergency tree works.
Supplies and Services	65,200	67,160	1.960	No Major Variances.
Support Services	139,600	139,620		No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	1,368	1,368		No Major Variances.
Income	(8,500)	(25,225)		(£10,021) Higher interest on grassed area deposits. (£6,510) Insurance
	(-,)	(,)	(,)	recharges.
	478,136	475,492	(2,644)	
	-,	-, -	()-)	
Pier Pavilion				
Premises	3,000	350	(2,650)	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	0	10	,	No Major Variances.
Support Services	42,780	42,780		No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	20,286	20,292		No Major Variances.
Income	(10,000)	(8,799)		No Major Variances.
	56,066	54,633		
	, -	,		
Public Protection				
Employee	615,944	481,635	(134,309)	See Note A below :
Transport	16,041	12,854		Lower travelling allowances.
Supplies and Services	65,680	108,762		See Note B below :
Support Services	383,700	383,748	48	No Major Variances.
Income	(248,000)	(346,771)	(98,771)	Licensing fee income - to be transferred to the earmarked Environmental
				Health Reserve for future fee setting.
	833,365	640,228	(193,137)	

Note A : (£115,995) Employee savings through vacant posts - some fixed term staffing to be funded from the Contain Outbreak Management Fund (COMF). (£21,739) Pension Fund adjustments. £4,458 Higher training costs.

Note B : £58,205 Agency staff - funded from COMF. £6,000 Computer software - funded from COMF. (£3,000) Advertising budget not spent. £5,150 Subscriptions - this cost has been offset by lower professional fees. (£16,509) Professional fees to include Private Water Sampling.

Appendix B

Ad Environment & Leisure Services

Ad Environment & Leisure Services				
	Updated Budget 2024/25		Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
Recreation Grounds				
Premises	7,100	7,127	27	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	7,200	7,220		No Major Variances.
Support Services	4,090	4,092	2	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	6,046	6,048	2	No Major Variances.
Income	(1,000)	(1,090)	(90)	No Major Variances.
	23,436	23,397	(39)	
Street Signage				
Supplies and Services	10,000	9,715	(285)	No Major Variances.
Support Services	42,360	42,372	()	No Major Variances.
	52,360	52,087	(273)	rie major vananooo.
Travellers				
Premises	8,448	7,560	(888)	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	53,600	56,263	()	No Major Variances.
Support Services	9,000	9,012		No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	6,104	6,108		No Major Variances.
Income	(2,000)	(490)	1,510	No Major Variances.
	75,152	78,454	3,302	
Waste Collection And Dispace				
Waste Collection And Disposal Employee	0	976	076	No Major Variances.
	5,826,469	5,833,424		See Note A below:
Supplies and Services Support Services	488,000	5,633,424 487,992	-,	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	764,192	764,196	()	No Major Variances.
Income	(4,824,575)	(5,007,069)		See Note B below:
licome	2,254,086	2,079,519	(174,567)	See Note D Delow.
	2,234,000	2,013,319	(114,307)	

Note A ; £163,086 - Higher Serco contractor costs. £82,627 Higher processing costs to NEWS , some of which is being offset by a returned gate fee. (£159,844) Lower commercial waste disposal costs. (£70,257) Bad debts provisions. (£4,675) Lower postage and hybrid mailing costs. (£3,500) Lower contribution to Great Yarmouth BC for Norfolk Waste Partnership.

Note B : £55,194 Lower recycling credits - lower tonnage. (£52,024) Increased bulky waste collection fees. (£13,716) Increased commercial waste fee income. £77,677 Lower than budgeted fee income - savings bid of £50,000 not achieved. (£109,000) Norfolk Environmental Waste Services (NEWS) - returned gate and profit share - this has been used to offset the additional processing costs and the balance to be taken to the Environmental Health Reserve. (£137,343) Serco performance failure fees - this income will be rolled forward to the Innovation Fund.

Woodlands Management			
Employee	188,114	177,124	(10,990) Pension Fund adjustments.
Premises	52,962	31,627	(21,335) Emergency Tree works - all costs in 2024/25 have been reallocated to various services.
Transport	21,661	28,755	7,094 Additional car leasing payments - maintenance not included in the original contract cost.
Supplies and Services	12,450	16,308	3,858 Replacement generator at Holt Country Park.
Support Services	159,650	160,271	621 No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	5,449	5,448	(1) No Major Variances.
Income	(56,460)	(66,893)	(10,433) Youth Advisory Board grant - to be rolled forward to 2025/26.
	383,826	352,640	(31,186)
Total Environment and Leisure	8,395,568	7,625,065	(770,503)

Communities Directorate Outturn 2024-25

Ad People Services

	Updated Budget 2024/25	Outturn 2024/25	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Ad People Services				
Employee	88,386	75,719	(12,667)	Lower salary costs and Pension Fund adjustment.
Transport	1,194	1,167	(27)	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	100	0) (100)	No Major Variances.
Support Services	10,590	10,608	8 18	No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(104,247)	(104,244)) 3	No Major Variances.
	(3,977)	(16,750)) (12,773)	
Benefits Administration				
Employee	1,090,319	1,017,510	(72,809)	See Note A below:
Transport	944	4,403	3,459	Higher travelling costs.
Supplies and Services	67,100	28,862	(38,238)	See Note B below:
Support Services	494,610	494,616	6	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	31,700	31,704	4	No Major Variances.
Income	(413,215)	(323,425)	89,790	See Note C below:
	1,271,458	1,253,671	(17,787)	-

Note A : (£26,296) Employee costs - some vacant posts during the year, offset by fixed term contract costs, some of which have been funded by COMF. (£46,716) Pension Fund adjustments.

Note B : £11,950 Consultancy fees (Policy in Practice) - funded from New Burdens Grant. £23,279 Computer software and licences - LIFT Dashboard - funded from COMF. (£73,577) Bad debts provision.

Note C: (£50,667) Additional New Burdens Funding. £140,849 Shortfall in Benefits Administration Subsidy - included with Revenue Support Grant as part of the Council's settlement.

Community			
Employee	705,958	821,086	115,128 See Note A below:
Premises	0	795	795 No Major Variances.
Transport	11,032	15,821	4,789 Lump sum travelling allowances.
Supplies and Services	304,106	79,918	(224,188) See Note B below:
Support Services	362,750	362,796	46 No Major Variances.
Income	(449,999)	(711,800)	(261,801) See Note C below:
Support Services Income	(202,500)	(212,365)	(9,865) Contributions for capital salaries.
	731,347	356,251	(375,096)

Note A : £152,541 Employee costs - fixed term staffing costs funded from grant and partnership contributions. (£41,727) Pension Fund adjustments.

Note B: (£15,925) Unspent grants.(£205,324) Professional fees - some of the surplus is to be transferred to the Reserve for use towards employee and homelessness costs in future years.

Note C: Additional grant income and contributions from the Health & Wellbeing Partnership, Better Care Fund, Age UK, Community Transformation Fund and the Primary Care Network, all of which was not budgeted for.

Homelessness	
Premises	

	1,005,600	427,851	(577,749)
Income	(1,747,767)	(2,079,732)	(331,965) See Note C below:
Capital Financing	83,963	83,964	1 No Major Variances.
Support Services	1,219,500	1,219,476	(24) No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	1,317,252	1,121,391	(195,861) See Note B below:
Transport	0	261	261 No Major Variances.
Premises	132,652	82,490	(50,162) See Note A below:
101110103311033			

Note A: (£43,603) Lower R&M costs. (£5,034) Lower Council Tax costs for empty properties. (£8,112) Lower utility costs. £4,092 Higher service charges.

Note B: £110,099 Higher B&B charges - offset by subsidy and client contributions. £4,625 Bad Debts written off. £23,767 Computer software and Licences - to include costs of Locata which are partially offset by partnership contributions. (£335,025) Professional fees - some of this surplus is to be used to offset higher Homelessness costs.

Note C: (£282,807) Higher rent collections and service charges for temporary accommodation. (£44,604) Additional central government grants received for Rough Sleeper Initiatives and Winter Pressure funding - some of which is to be transferred to the Housing Reserve.

Housing Options				
Employee	780,481	732,716	,	(£8,204) Lower employee costs. (£34,392) Pension Fund adjustments. (£4,270) Lower training costs.
Transport	6,000	7,823	1,823	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	5,179	4,512	(667)	No Major Variances.
Support Services	299,560	299,604	44	No Major Variances.
Support Services	(1,091,220)	(1,091,280)	(60)	No Major Variances.
Income	0	(21,776)	(21,776)	
	0	(68,401)	(68,401)	
Total People Services	3,004,428	1,952,621	(1,051,807)	
Total Communities	11,399,996	9,577,686	(1,822,310)	

Corporate Directorship Outturn 2024-25

AD Corporate

AD Corporate				
	Updated Budget 2024/25	Outturn 2024/25	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
Communications	£	£	£	
Employee	225,773	211,880	(13,893)	(£10,498) Pension fund adjustments. (£4,950) Training.
Transport	2,238	2,031	(207)	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	52,536	34,311	(18,225)	(£10,569) Magazine publication. (£4,000) Photography. (£2,954) Digital promotion.
Support Services	72,820	72,840	20	No major variances.
Capital Financing	55,954	55,956		No major variances.
Support Services Income Income	(409,321) 0	(409,380) (1,417)		No major variances. No major variances.
income	0	(33,779)	(33,779)	
Corporate Delivery Unit			(10.004)	
Employee	204,309	186,248	,	(£9,061) Pension fund adjustments. (£8,259) Reduced hours posts.
Transport	600	135	. ,	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	2,840	2,654		No major variances.
Support Services Support Services Income	40,840 (248,589)	40,848 (248,604)		No major variances. No major variances.
Support Services income	(240,009)	(18,719)	(18,719)	
Corporate Leadership Team	·	(,)	(,,	
Employee	787,919	731,583	(56,336)	(£34,449) Pension fund adjustments. (£18,191) Vacant posts.
Transport	10,096	6,916	(3,180)	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	14,070	18,048	3,978	No major variances.
Support Services	204,560	204,564		No major variances.
Support Services Income	(1,029,418)	(1,029,528)	. ,	No major variances
	(12,773)	(68,417)	(55,644)	
Customer Services - Corporate				
Employee	904,778	841,691	(63,086)	(£38,502) Pension fund adjustments. (£22,447) Vacant posts.
Transport	4,000	1,645	(2,355)	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	53,872	32,254	(21,618)	(£8,131) Equipment & tools. (£6,686) Stationery. (£3,118) Equipment leases. (£2,825) Subscriptions.
Support Services	400,200	400,212	12	No major variances.
Capital Financing	54,056	54,048		No major variances.
Income	(17,250)	(26,276)	(, ,	Additional income from new tenant charges.
Support Services income	(1,404,816) (5,160)	(1,404,888) (101,314)	(72) (96,154)	No major variances.
	(3,100)	(101,514)	(30,134)	
Human Resources & Payroll				
Employee	374,279	273,761	(100,518)	(£62,677) Vacant posts. (£27,991) Corporate training. (£9,788) Pension fund adjustments.
Transport	500	87	(413)	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	34,760	16,401	(18,359)	(£9,753) Professional fees. (£7,721)
	·		,	Software. (£4,326) Equipment. £5,500 Compensation.
Support Services	115,710	115,704	(6)	No major variances.
Income	(1,000)	2,756		No major variances.
Support Services Income	(567,585)	(567,684)	. ,	No major variances.
	(43,336)	(158,975)	(115,639)	

AD Corporate

Updated Budget 2024/25	Outturn 2024/25	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
£	£	£	
152,858	129,514	(23,344)	(£21,410) Vacant post. (£5,863) Pension fund adjustments. £3,941 Training.
2,600	54,090	51,490	Election costs funded from grant income below.
400	1,186	786	No major variances.
60,929	293,041	232,112	Election costs funded from grant income below.
191,590	191,604	14	No major variances.
(1,500)	(391,671)	(390,171)	Grant income to cover above election costs together with additional new burdens funding.
406,877	277,764	(129,113)	-
4,328	3,946	(382)	No major variances.
250	0	• • •	No major variances.
35,290	22,390	(12,900)	(£7,109) Equipment leases. (£5,076) Stationery.
31,560	31,572	12	No major variances.
(4,000)	(2,030)	1,970	No major variances.
(67,428)	(67,440)	(12)	No major variances.
0	(11,562)	(11,562)	
76,029	77,211	1,182	No major variances.
41,367	36,091	(5,276)	(£7,748) Electricity
85	0	(85)	No major variances.
18,370	10,781	(7,589)	(£7,546) Purchases for resale.
61,050	61,056	6	No major variances.
2,651	2,652	1	No major variances.
(30,170)	(29,309)		No major variances.
169,382	158,481	(10,901)	
514,990	43,479	(471,511)	_
	Budget 2024/25 £ 152,858 2,600 400 60,929 191,590 (1,500) 406,877 4,328 250 35,290 31,560 (4,000) (67,428) 0 76,029 41,367 85 18,370 61,050 2,651 (30,170) 169,382	Budget 2024/25 2024/25 £ £ 152,858 129,514 2,600 54,090 400 1,186 60,929 293,041 191,590 191,604 (1,500) (391,671) 406,877 277,764 4,328 3,946 250 0 35,290 22,390 31,560 31,572 (4,000) (2,030) (67,428) (67,440) 0 (11,562) 76,029 77,211 41,367 36,091 85 0 18,370 10,781 61,050 61,056 2,651 2,652 (30,170) (29,309) 169,382 158,481	Budget 2024/25 2024/25 Variance £ £ £ £ 152,858 129,514 (23,344) 2,600 54,090 51,490 400 1,186 786 60,929 293,041 232,112 191,590 191,604 144 (1,500) (391,671) (390,171) 406,877 277,764 (129,113) 4,328 3,946 (382) 250 0 (250) 35,290 22,390 (12,900) 31,560 31,572 12 (4,000) (2,030) 1,970 (67,428) (67,440) (12) 0 (11,562) (11,562) 76,029 77,211 1,182 41,367 36,091 (5,276) 85 0 (85) 18,370 10,781 (7,589) 61,050 61,055 6 2,651 2,652 1 (30,170) (29,3

Place and Climate Change Directorate Outturn 2024-25

Ad Planning

Ad Planning				
	Updated Budget 2024/25	Outturn 2024/25	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Ad Planning Employee	123,200	91,434	(31,766)	(£27,622) Directorate training. (£4,137) Pension fund adjustments.
Transport	1,325	1,557	232	No major variances.
Support Services	35,570	35,604		No major variances.
Support Services Income	(166,325)	(166,332)	(7)	No major variances.
Income	0	(10,000)	()	Norfolk mitigation fund contribution.
	(6,230)	(47,737)	(41,507)	
Building Control				
Employee	541,026	501,786	(39,240)	(£23,979) Pension fund adjustments. (£10,667) Reduced hours post. (£4,450) Qualification training.
Transport	22,563	18,968	(3,595)	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	15,940	9,331	,	No major variances.
Support Services	194,250	194,268		No major variances.
Income	(487,500)	(466,422)	21,078	Lower fee income due to external economic factors.
	286,279	257,931	(28,348)	-
Conservation, Design & Landscape				
Employee	429,634	314,564	(115,071)	(£94,933) Reserve funded posts not recruited. (£14,664) Pension fund adjustments. (£5,130) Career graded post.
Transport	9,796	8,431	,	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	14,250	9,824	,	No major variances.
Support Services	119,770	119,784		No major variances.
Income	0 573,450	(25,151) 427,451	(145,999)	Biodiversity net gain grant.
	,	,	()	
Development Management				
Employee	1,496,325	1,239,605	(256,720)	(£200,982) Various vacant posts, partly funded from reserves. (£57,973) Pension fund adjustments.
Transport	27,883	27,240		No major variances.
Supplies and Services	69,950	67,298		No major variances.
Support Services	1,033,390	1,033,368		No major variances.
Capital Financing Income	76,501 (900,000)	76,500 (1,009,128)		No major variances. Higher income due to larger one off application
income	(300,000)	(1,003,120)	(103,120)	fees.
	1,804,049	1,434,882	(369,167)	-
Planning Enforcement Team				
Employee	235,228	227,238	,	(£11,226) Pension fund adjustments. £3,654 Underbudgeted post.
Transport	8,891	7,360	(, ,	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	4,650	(18,685)		(£32,544) Costs awarded lower than provision. £8,967 Legal fees.
Support Services	91,140	91,140		No major variances.
Support Services Income	(331,202) 8,707	(331,200) (24,147)	∠ (32,854)	No major variances.
	-,	(, ,	(,,	
Planning Policy Employee	415,825	349,928	(65,897)	(£48,182) Vacant & reduced hours posts. (£16,329) Pension fund adjustments.
Transport	7,106	6,030	(1,076)	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	201,350	53,895	(147,455)	Local plan spend, reserve funded, to be carried forward for future years.
Support Services	227,570	227,568		No major variances.
Income	0	(100)	()	_No major variances.
	851,851	637,320	(214,531)	

Ad Planning

	Updated Budget 2024/25	Outturn 2024/25	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Property Information				
Employee	122,915	116,166	(6,749)	(£4,683) Pension fund adjustments.
Transport	100	0	(100)	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	131,210	63,066	(68,144)	(£63,738) Migration funds to be carried forward. (£10,760) Search fees. £5,398 Software updates.
Support Services	89,190	89,208	18	No major variances.
Income	(235,950)	(210,631)	25,319	£58,900 Migration income to be received in future year. (£34,350) Higher search fees due to one off applications.
	107,465	57,809	(49,656)	-
Total Planning	3,625,571	2,743,510	(882,061)	•

Place and Climate Change Directorate Outturn 2024-25

Ad Sustainable Growth

Ad Sustainable Growth	Updated	0	0	Variance Evalenction
	Budget 2024/25	Outturn 2024/25	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Ad Sustainable Growth				
Employee	92,427	87,250	• •	(£4,231) Pension fund adjustments.
Transport	1,944	1,231	. ,	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	200	168 48,456	. ,	No major variances.
Support Services	48,440 (143,011)	40,450 (143,004)		No major variances. No major variances.
Support Services Income	0	(143,004)	(5,899)	
	Ũ	(0,000)	(0,000)	
Business Growth Staffing				
Employee	290,110	277,634	(12,476)	(£13,687) Pension fund adjustments.
Transport	5,456	4,326	. ,	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	100	332	232	No major variances.
Support Services	115,900	115,908	8	No major variances.
Support Services Income	(411,566)	(415,091)	(3,525)	No major variances.
	0	(16,890)	(16,890)	
Coast Protection				
Employee	282,058	275,441	(6,617)	(£12,295) Pension fund adjustments. £6,963 Coastwise staffing funded from capital grant.
Premises	156,000	155,287	(713)	No major variances.
Transport	3,194	4,037	. ,	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	85,450	102,209		(£38,270) Consultancy fees. £45,027
				Contributions funded from grant. £5,004 Professional fees funded from grant. £3,676 Equipment funded from grant.
Support Services	536,410	553,427	17,017	Revised recharges from Coastal Management.
Capital Financing	503,880	503,880	0	No major variances.
Support Services Income	0	-329,962		Capital funding for coastwise employee costs.
_				_
	1,566,992	1,264,318	(302,674)	
Coastal Management		054 747	(04.007)	
Employee	319,324	254,717	(64,607)	(£50,969) Capital funded post not recruited. (£10,274) Pension fund adjustments. (£5,000) Training.
Transport	9,719	10,275	556	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	74,874	52,633	(22,241)	(£18,626) Contributions
Support Services	133,670	133,680	10	No major variances.
Income	(71,261)	(76,453)	• •	(£5,184) Employee recharges to other LA's.
Support Services Income	(466,326)	(432,419)		£50,969 Capital funding not spent. (£17,099) Revised recharges to Coast Protection.
	0	(57,567)	(57,567)	
E				
Economic Growth	2 002	224	(4 770)	No major vorianaco
Employee Premises	2,000 6,490	224 8,569	,	No major variances. No major variances.
Supplies and Services	654,000	627,013		(£29,557) Grants. (£7,152) Marketing. £8,074
Support Services	320,680	320,700	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Software. £4,194 Audit fees. No major variances.
Capital Financing	47,792	47,796		No major variances.
Income	(597,500)	(586,632)		£15,896 Grants. (£5,028) Recharged insurance.
	. ,			- · · · · · · · ·
	433,462	417,670	(15,792)	

Ad Sustainable Growth

	Updated Budget 2024/25	Outturn 2024/25	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Environmental Strategy				
Employee	257,780	198,352	(59,428)	(£44,136) Reserve funded posts not recruited. (£9,769) Pension fund adjustments. (£5,615) Reduced hours post.
Transport	2,798	21,194	18,396	£19,815 EV pool car charges to be funded from reserves.
Supplies and Services	101,050	46,420	(54,630)	Reserve funded climate project funds.
Support Services	62,020	62,040	20	No major variances.
Income	(63,774)	(88,531)	(24,757)	(£12,204) Additional contribution from Norfolk Climate Change Partnership (£7,008) Grant funding for reserve funded post. (£5,712) Employee recharges to other LA's.
-	359,874	239,475	(120,399)	-
Housing Strategy				
Employee	135,546	105,781	(29,765)	(£24,690) Vacant post. (£5,029) Pension fund adjustments.
Transport	1,644	1,235	(409)	No major variances.
Supplies and Services	21,000	7,976	(13,024)	(£10,000) Consultancy fee's. (£3,606) Professional fee's.
Support Services	262,028	262,068	40	No major variances.
Capital Financing	761,647	0	(761,647)	Capital financing included Refcus Income.
Support Services Income	(171,388)	(171,384)	4	No major variances.
	1,010,477	205,676	(804,801)	
Tourism				
Supplies and Services	68,050	56,000	(12,050)	(£7,500) Subscriptions. (£3,550) Grants.
Support Services	65,450	65,460	10	No major variances.
-	133,500	121,460	(12,040)	-
Total Economic Growth	3,504,305	2,168,244	(1,336,061)	-
Total Place and Climate Change	7,129,876	4,911,753	(2,218,123)	- - =

Resources Directorate Outturn 2024-25

AD Finance Assets and Revenues

	Updated Budget	Outturn	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Ad Finance, Assets and Revenues				
Employee	37,892	55,868	17,976	See Note A Below:
Transport	1,219	28	(1,191)	Travelling allowance underspend.
Supplies and Services	43,636	86,246	42,610	Agency staff.
Support Services	11,730	11,748	18	No Major Variances.
Support Services	(94,477)	(94,524)	(47)	No Major Variances.
-	0	59,366	59,366	-

Note A: £10,314 Training/Management Development, £5,118 Employee Costs and £4,363 New Appointment Advertising. (£1,818) Pension Fund Adjustment.

Admin Buildings			
Premises	530,115	522,490	(7,625) See Note A Below:
Supplies and Services	29,315	17,595	(11,720) See Note B Below:
Transfer Payments	154,957	203,432	48,475 See Note C Below:
Support Services	225,600	225,624	24 No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	30,487	30,492	5 No Major Variances.
Income	(452,007)	(483,486)	(31,479) See Note D Below:
Support Services	(464,822)	(464,856)	(34) No Major Variances.
	53,645	51,291	(2,354)

Note A: £14,165 Utilities (mainly Electricity), £2,517 Repairs and Maintenance, £2,198 Grounds Maintenance and £1,558 Business Rates. (£21,477) Cleaning and (£6,629) Premises Insurance.

Note B: £8,713 Telephone costs and £3,104 Insurance - Engineering. (£16,708) Health and Safety, (£5,000) Other Professional Fees and (£2,600) Marketing - General.

Note C: £45,787 NNDC share of Cromer service charge costs, £2,274 NNDC share of North Walsham service charge costs and £414 NNDC share of Fakenham service charge costs.

Note D: Additional Income: (£18,336) Service Charge, (£12,233) Other commercial premises rental income, mainly in relation to Cromer offices.

Amenity Lighting				
Premises	61,221	29,551	(31,670)	(£17,878) Repairs and Maintenance and (£13,792) Electricity.
Support Services	30,360	30,360	0	No Major Variances.
	91,581	59,911	(31,670)	-
Benefits Subsidy				
Supplies and Services	0	335,391	335,391	£237,861 Housing support fund (HSF) payments offset by grant payments. £97,531 Provision for bad and doubtful debts not budgeted for at service level.
Transfer Payments	18,544,784	19,246,885	702,101	Housing benefit and discretionary housing payments, offset by subsidy.
Income	(18,544,784)	(18,809,443)	(264,659)	See Note A Below:
	0	772,833	772,833	-

Note A: (£245,684) HSF Grant. (£14,186) Other recoverable income. £86,143 movement in the Civica debtor position. (£251,822) Recovered overpayments. £160,890 Subsidy payments from Department for Works and Pensions (DWP).

	Updated Budget	Outturn	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Car Parking				
Premises	759,706	771,687	11,981	See Note A Below:
Supplies and Services	350,925	351,047	122	(£2,962) Credit Card charges and (£2,301) Management Fee. £4,578 Postage costs.
Support Services	200,930	200,940	10	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	55,829	55,824	(5)	No Major Variances.
Income	(3,156,799)	(3,376,162)	(219,363)	See Note B Below:
Support Services Income	(20,000)	(7,770)	12,230	Lower markets income.
	(1,809,409)	(2,004,434)	(195,025)	-

Note A: £13,815 Tree safety, £7,544 Repairs and Maintenance (mainly the Flowbird contract) and £2,756 Rent/Hire/Purchase of land (Income Shares payable). (£11,557) Business rates.

Note B: Income under budget: £56,505 Cash and £16,991 Electric Vehicle Charging Point. Additional Income: (£188,773) Credit Cards, (£33,392) PCN income, (£29,351) Season ticket income, (£21,970) Rental Income, (£10,000) Income - Other Contributions, (£6,638) Apps and (£2,735) Charges Other Recoverable.

Central Costs			
Employee	35,500	43,806	8,306 £5,193 National Insurance - Apprenticeship Levy and £2,930 Subs to Professional Bodies.
Premises	0	1,925	1,925 No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	15,500	5,386	(10,114) Other Professional Fees underspend.
Support Services	347,780	347,796	16 No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(398,780)	(398,784)	(4) No Major Variances.
	0	129	129
Chalets/Beach Huts			
Premises	42,683	29,212	(13,471) (£11,258) Repairs and Maintenance, (£2,272) Business Rates.
Supplies and Services	18,700	9,638	(9,062) (£2,506) Equipment/Materials Purchases and (£6,070) Other Professional Fees.
Support Services	107,640	107,652	12 No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	4,530	4,536	6 No Major Variances.
Income	(323,570)	(255,773)	67,797 See Note A Below:
	(150,017)	(104,735)	45,282

Note A: Additional fee income (£3,475) offset by £71,272 Rental income not received due to less uptake on beach huts/chalets as a result of poor weather over summer and cost of living increases.

Community Centres			
Premises	12,670	6,390	(6,280) Premises Insurance and Repairs and Maintenance underspends.
Support Services	18,120	18,120	0 No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	1,460	1,464	4 No Major Variances.
Income	0	(5,319)	(5,319) Recovering insurance premiums from tenant.
	32,250	20,655	(11,595)

	Updated Budget	Outturn	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Corporate & Democratic Core				
Employee	0	355	355	No Major Variances.
Premises	0	344	344	No Major Variances.
Transport	100	0	(100)	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	685,035	586,599	(98,436)	See Note A Below:
Support Services	1,483,680	1,483,536	(144)	No Major Variances.
Income	0	(38,923)	(38,923)	See Note B Below:
	2,168,815	2,031,911	(136,904)	-

Note A: (£246,843) Audit Fees, (£7,829) Treasury Brokerage Fees and (£6,660) Other Professional Fees. £90,437 Contributions, £38,287 Consultancy Fees (work undertaken by LGA as a result of the Peer Review). £19,646 Bank Charges, £12,124 Subscriptions and £2,402 Licences.

Note B: Additional income: (£20,841) Grant Income, (£13,643) Charges Other Recoverable and (£4,439) Over/Under Banking's.

Corporate Finance			
Employee	552,808	478,870	(73,938) See Note A Below:
Transport	1,044	419	(625) No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	28,423	207,085	178,662 See Note B Below:
Support Services	238,040	238,068	28 No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	13,631	13,632	1 No Major Variances.
Income	0	(16,206)	(16,206) Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) Grant Income.
Support Services Income	(833,946)	(834,024)	(78) No Major Variances.
	0	87,844	87,844

Note A: (£57,526) Employee costs and (£18,986) Pension Fund Adjustment. £2,946 New Appointment Advertising overspend.

Note B: £153,047 Agency Staffing, £13,385 Other Professional Fees, £9,724 Computer Costs and £4,272 Subscriptions.

Cromer Pier				
Premises	172,000	130,998	(41,002)	(£32,801) Repairs and Maintenance and (£8,200) Premises Insurance.
Supplies and Services	89,000	85,275	(3,725)	Other Professional Fees.
Support Services	99,930	99,936	6	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	72,849	72,852	3	No Major Variances.
Income	0	(1,036)	(1,036)	Recharging property services staff time for external events.
	433,779	388,025	(45,754)	-
Estates				
Employee	244,102	190,250	(53,852)	(£46,292) Employee costs and (£8,261) Pension Fund Adjustment.
Premises	6,660	6,284	(376)	No Major Variances.
Transport	4,000	426	(3,574)	Travelling allowances underspend.
Supplies and Services	26,000	21,453	(4,547)	Consultancy/Other Professional Fees.
Support Services	134,940	134,964	24	No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(415,702)	(406,861)	8,841	Reduction in employee time charged to capital projects.
Income	0	(3,456)	(3,456)	(£2,646) Shared equity insurance recharges.
	0	Pag ^(56,142) 7	(56,940)	-

	Updated Budget £	Outturn £	Outturn Variance £	Variance Explanation
Industrial Estates	~	~	~	
Premises	29,126	33,714	4,588	£2,745 Business Rates and £2,163 Premises Insurance.
Supplies and Services	0	(5,659)	(5,659)	(£9,506) Bad Debts Provision, £3,598 Bad Debts Written off.
Support Services	81,730	81,756	26	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	24,189	24,192	3	No Major Variances.
Income	(218,006)	(200,684)	17,322	Service charge and rental income lower due to vacant units throughout the year.
-	(82,961)	(66,681)	16,280	-
Insurance & Risk Management				
Employee	50,350	53,196	2,846	Mainly in relation to Employers' Liability and Fidelity Guarantee.
Premises	310	74	(236)	No Major Variances.
Transport	9,210	10,429	1,219	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	143,070	142,911	(159)	No Major Variances.
Support Services	49,890	49,896	6	No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(252,830)	(252,804)	26	No Major Variances.
Income	0	(29)	(29)	No Major Variances.
	0	3,673	3,673	
Internal Audit				
Supplies and Services	88,200	75,282	(12,918)	Audit Fee underspend.
Support Services	9,290	9,288	(2)	No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(97,490)	(97,500)	(10)	No Major Variances.
_	0	(12,930)	(12,930)	-
Investment Properties				
Premises	211,320	179,706	(31,614)	(£30,547) Repairs and Maintenance, (£4,204) Business Rates and (£7,714) Premises Insurance. £11,015 Utilities.
Supplies and Services	2,219	(1,285)	(3,504)	£1,750 Surveyors/Estate Agent Fees offset by (£4,722) Bad Debt Provision.
Support Services	187,500	187,500	0	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	111,696	111,696		No Major Variances.
Income	(289,799)	(231,509)		See Note A Below:
_	222,936	246,108	23,172	-

Note A: £19,000 Unachievable QR Donations Saving. £39,114 Reduction in Service Charge income and £5,297 Reduction in NNDC Public Conveniences Service charge due to reduced costs at Rocket House as a result of Capital works. (£3,026) Rental Income from investment properties.

Non Distributed Costs

Employee	0	17,000	17,000 Pension Fund Adjustment.
	0	17,000	17,000

	Updated Budget	Outturn	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Playgrounds				
Premises	29,660	36,544	6,884	£2,536 Repairs and Maintenance and £4,255 Tree Safety works.
Supplies and Services	63,500	50,760	(12,740)	(£4,240) Playground Equipment/Repairs and (£8,500) Inspection costs.
Support Services	59,950	59,964	14	No Major Variances.
	153,110	147,268	(5,842)	-
Poppyfields				
Premises	3,425	955	(2,470)	Repairs and Maintenance underspend.
Supplies and Services	20,100	15,883	(4,217)	Equipment Purchases.
Support Services	22,890	22,908	18	No Major Variances.
	46,415	39,746	(6,669)	-
Property Services				
Employee	609,930	563,493	(46,437)	See Note A Below:
Premises	1,820	5,140	3,320	Repairs and Maintenance.
Transport	32,340	25,780	(6,560)	Underspends in relation to: (£3,440) Vehicle repairs/servicing and (£3,120) Travelling Allowance and Car Leasing.
Supplies and Services	34,131	21,067	(13,064)	See Note B Below:
Support Services	452,670	452,688	18	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	16,354	16,356	2	No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(1,171,322)	(1,171,380)	(59)	No Major Variances.
Income	0	(1,978)	(1,978)	Recharging property services staff time for external events.
—	(24,077)	(88,834)	(64,757)	-

Note A: (£26,826) Pension Fund Adjustment, (£11,798) Generic Training/Subs to Professional Bodies, (£10,748) Employee Costs, partly offset by £2,930 Redundancy Payment.

Note B: (£4,637) Material Purchases, (£6,692) Insurance - Engineering, (£2,261) Subscriptions and (£1,842) Personal Protective Equipment, offset by £2,029 Postage Direct Costs.

Public Conveniences			
Premises	759,501	751,616	(7,885) See Note A Below:
Supplies and Services	41,000	18,831	(22,169) Legionella Surveys and Professional Fees.
Transfer Payments	15,091	9,794	(5,297) Reduced Internal Recharge to Rocket House.
Support Services	245,010	245,016	6 No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	139,989	139,992	3 No Major Variances.
Income	(8,000)	(3,270)	4,730 Reduced income in relation to the sale of the Woo Woo Loo.
	1,192,591	1,161,979	(30,612)

Note A: (£45,217) Repairs and Maintenance, (£10,161) Contract Cleaning, (£6,447) Business Rates, (£3,950) Premises Insurance, offset by £40,781 Utilities and £16,970 Rent/Hire of Buildings.

	Updated Budget	Outturn	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Revenue Services				
Employee	946,779	862,062	(84,717)	See Note A Below:
Transport	900	4,437	3,537	Travelling Allowance overspend.
Supplies and Services	176,573	101,965	(74,608)	See Note B Below:
Support Services	707,910	707,964	54	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing Costs	0	190	190	No Major Variances.
Income	(454,130)	(463,860)	(9,730)	
	1,378,032	1,212,758	(165,274)	-

Note A: (£44,635) Vacant posts funded by reserves. (£38,967) Pension Fund Adjustment.

Note B: Underspends in relation to: $(\pounds 31,480)$ Software, however there will be a reduction in drawdown from reserves of $\pounds 26,070$ due to a delay in purchasing software until 2025/26, $(\pounds 16,194)$ Bad Debts Provision, $(\pounds 8,561)$ Other Professional Fees, $(\pounds 7,768)$ Annual Billing, $(\pounds 6,960)$ Hybrid Mailing and $(\pounds 2,372)$ Advertising - General.

5,000	3,865	(1,135) No Major Variances.
0	0	0 No Major Variances.
20,140	20,148	8 No Major Variances.
(50)	(50)	0 No Major Variances.
25,090	23,963	(1,127)
3,731,780	3,989,906	258,126
	0 20,140 (50) 25,090	0 0 20,140 20,148 (50) (50) 25,090 23,963

Resources Directorate Outturn 2024-25

Ad Legal and Governance

	Updated Budget	Outturn	Outturn Variance	Variance Explanation
	£	£	£	
Ad Legal and Governance	400.007	00.007	(5.400)	(C4 EQ4) Demoising Frind Adiustry and
Employee	102,287	96,867	. ,	(£4,584) Pension Fund Adjustment.
Transport	2,194	1,314	()	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	800	302	()	No Major Variances.
Support Services	11,730	11,748		No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(117,011)	(117,012)	()	No Major Variances.
	0	(6,781)	(6,781)	
It - Support Services				
Employee	1,100,259	973,160	(127,099)	(£75,899) Employee costs, (£46,740) Pension Fund Adjustment and (£4,465) Generic Training.
Transport	800	504	(296)	No Major Variances.
Supplies and Services	1,044,921	846,186	(198,735)	(£156,945) Computer Costs and (£41,811) Other Professional Fees.
Support Services	388,280	388,356	76	No Major Variances.
Capital Financing	206,587	206,592	5	No Major Variances.
Support Services Income	(2,540,131)	(2,540,328)	(197)	No Major Variances.
Income	0	(15,000)	(15,000)	Cyber Assessment Framework - Local Digital Grant Rolled forward.
-	200,716	(140,530)	(341,246)	-
Legal Services				
Employee	404,804	398,659	(6.145)	See Note A Below:
Transport	3,588	1,057	,	Travelling Allowance.
Supplies and Services	135,667	98,741	. ,	See Note B Below:
Support Services	209,030	209,040	, ,	No Major Variances.
Income	(50,000)	(88,094)		Legal Fees.
Support Services Income	(713,382)	(713,568)	,	No Major Variances.
	(10,293)	(94,165)	(83,872)	

Note A: £21,747 Employee Overspend, Local Government Lawyer recruited as a result of the Peer Review. (£19,092) Pension Fund Adjustment and (£7,250) Training.

Note B: (£22,397) Other Professional Fees underspend in relation to locum Lawyer, (£6,868) Books and (£5,383) Client Disbursements. Reserve drawdown £2,590 Agreed Enforcement board works.

Members Services Employee	191,420	184,844	(6,576) £2,452 Employee overspend (mainly in relation to Members NI) offset by (£8,524) Pension Fund Adjustment.
Transport	7,981	9,765	1,784 Travelling Allowance.
Supplies and Services	409,805	384,711	(25,094) See Note B Below:
Support Services	96,680	96,684	4 No Major Variances.
	705,886	676,004	(29,882)

Note B: (£17,093) Members Basic Allowance, (£10,130) Other Professional Fees, (£3,668) Chairman's Civic Expenditure, (£2,723) Members Carers Allowance. £7,494 Agency Staffing overspend.

Total Legal and Governance	896,309	434,528	(461,781)
Total Resources	4,628,089	Page 131	(203,655)

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Reserve	Purpose and Use of Reserve	Balance 01/04/24 £	Transfers Out 2024/25	Transfers In 2024/25	Outturn Movement 2024/25 £	Balance 01/04/25 £	Budgeted Movement 2025/26 £	Balance 01/04/26 £	Budgeted Movement 2026/27 £	Balance 01/04/27 £	Budgeted Movement 2027/28 £	Balance 01/04/28 £	Budgeted Movement 2028/29 £	Balance 01/04/29 £
General Fund - General Reserve	A working balance and contingency, current recommended balance is £2.1 million.	2,223,322	(25,722)	5,801	(19,921)	2,203,401	(14,706)	2,188,695	0	2,188,695	0	2,188,695	0	2,188,695
Earmarked Reserve	95:													
Capital Projects	To provide funding for capital developments and purchase of major assets.	484,708	(9,901)	0	(9,901)	474,807	(474,807)	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)
Asset Management	To support improvements to our existing assets as identified through the Asset Management Plan.	602,375	(172,753)	0	(172,753)	429,622	(135,925)	293,697	0	293,697	0	293,697	0	293,697
Benefits	To be used to mitigate any claw back by the Department of Works and Pensions following final subsidy determination. Timing of the use will depend on audited subsidy claims. Also included in this allocation are service specific grants for service improvements that have not yet been offset by expenditure.	727,822	0	0	0	727,822	(51,567)	676,255	0	676,255	0	676,255	0	676,255
Building Control	Building Control surplus ring-fenced to cover any future deficits in the service.	145,799	(40,714)	0	(40,714)	105,085	(19,874)	85,211	0	85,211	0	85,211	0	85,211
D EGDess Rates	To be used for the support of local businesses and to mitigate impact of final claims and appeals in relation to business rates retention scheme.	1,952,000	0	383,899	383,899	2,335,899	(18,000)	2,317,899	(18,000)	2,299,899	(18,000)	2,281,899	(18,000)	2,263,899
	To support the ongoing coast protection maintenance programme ands carry forward funding between financial years.	241,534	(22,141)	0	(22,141)	219,393	0	219,393	0	219,393	0	219,393	0	219,393
Communities	To support projects that communities identify where they will make a difference to the economic and social wellbeing of the area.	300,491	(131,550)	0	(131,550)	168,941	0	168,941	0	168,941	0	168,941	0	168,941
Delivery Plan	To help achieve the outputs from the Corporate Plan and Delivery Plan.	2,221,101	(1,103,678)	0	(1,103,678)	1,117,423	(574,388)	543,035	0	543,035	0	543,035	0	543,035
Economic Development and Regeneration	Earmarked from previous underspends within Economic Development and Regeneration Budgets.	178,326	(247)	0	(247)	178,079	0	178,079	0	178,079	0	178,079	0	178,079
Election Reserve	Established to meet costs associated with district council elections, to smooth the impact between financial years.	63,000	0	60,000	60,000	123,000	60,000	183,000	60,000	243,000	60,000	303,000	60,000	363,000
Enforcement Works	Established to meet costs associated with district council enforcement works including buildings at risk .	45,962	(6,078)	0	(6,078)	39,884	0	39,884	0	39,884	0	39,884	0	39,884
Environmental Healt	h Earmarking of previous underspends and additional income to meet Environmental Health initiatives.	542,848	0	125,566	125,566	668,414	0	668,414	0	668,414	0	668,414	0	668,414
Environment Reserve	To fund expenditure relating to the Council's Green Agenda.	150,000	0	0	0	150,000	0	150,000	0	150,000	0	150,000	0	150,000
Extended Responsibility Producer	Earmarking of money to be received in relation to packaging, waste collection and disposal costs.	0	0	0	0	0	1,616,000	1,616,000	0	1,616,000	0	1,616,000	0	1,616,000

Reserves Statement 2024/25 Outturn

Reserves Statement 2024/25 Outturn

Reserve	Purpose and Use of Reserve	Balance 01/04/24 £	Transfers Out 2024/25	Transfers In 2024/25	Outturn Movement 2024/25 £	Balance 01/04/25 £	Budgeted Movement 2025/26 £	Balance 01/04/26 £	Budgeted Movement 2026/27 £	Balance 01/04/27 £	Budgeted Movement 2027/28 £	Balance 01/04/28 £	Budgeted Movement 2028/29 £	Balance 01/04/29 £
Grants	Revenue Grants received and due to timing issues not used in the year.	2,686,696	(18,525)	51,349	32,824	2,719,520	(85,159)	2,634,361	(49,148)	2,585,213	(19,780)	2,565,433	(9,020)	2,556,413
Housing	Previously earmarked for stock condition survey and housing needs assessment. Also now contains the balance of the Housing Community Grant funding received in 2016/17.	1,422,448	(243,901)	372,794	128,893	1,551,341	(56,299)	1,495,042	(57,406)	1,437,636	(58,535)	1,379,101	0	1,379,101
Innovation Fund	Contract default payments earmarked to fund service improvement projects.	472,426	(16,750)	137,343	120,593	593,019	0	593,019	0	593,019	0	593,019	0	593,019
Land Charges	To mitigate the impact of potential income reductions.	339,152	(89,100)	0	(89,100)	250,052	0	250,052	0	250,052	0	250,052	0	250,052
Legal	One off funding for Compulsory Purchase Order (CPO) work and East Law Surplus.	88,914	(36,000)	0	(36,000)	52,914	(4,579)	48,335	0	48,335	0	48,335	0	48,335
Major Repairs Reserve	To provide provison for the repair and maintenance of the councils asset portfolio.	457,979	(1,652)	0	(1,652)	456,327	(53,948)	402,379	0	402,379	0	402,379	0	402,379
Net Zero Initiatives	to support the Councils Net Zero programme	471,857	(87,820)	0	(87,820)	384,037	(21,400)	362,637	(278,600)	84,037	0	84,037	0	84,037
N Homes Bonus (M) D	Established for supporting communities with future growth and development and Plan review*	146,149	(27,834)	0	(27,834)	118,315	(83,763)	34,552	0	34,552	0	34,552	0	34,552
Or gan isational Development	To provide funding for organisation development to create capacity within the organisation, including the provision and support for apprenticeships and internships.	112,221	(13,340)	0	(13,340)	98,881	0	98,881	0	98,881	0	98,881	0	98,881
Pathfinder	To help Coastal Communities adapt to coastal changes.	89,566	0	0	0	89,566	0	89,566	0	89,566	0	89,566	0	89,566
Planning	Additional Planning income earmarked for Planning initiatives including Plan Review.	287,926	(87,300)	76,807	(10,493)	277,433	46,763	324,196	50,000	374,196	50,000	424,196	50,000	474,196
Restructuring & Invest to Save Proposals	To fund one-off redundancy and pension strain costs and invest to save initiatives. Transfers from this reserve will be allocated against business cases as they are approved. Timing of the use of this reserve will depend on when business cases are approved.	717,051	(55,973)	38,670	(17,303)	699,748	0	699,748	0	699,748	0	699,748	0	699,748
Second Home Premium	To earmark the additional income delivered from the introduction of second Home premium council tax, to be used for affordable housing and homelessness prevention initiatives.	0	0	0	0	0	515,337	515,337	515,337	1,030,674	515,337	1,546,011	515,337	2,061,348
Treasury	To smooth impacts on the Revenue account of movement in fair value changes of the Councils holdings in Pooled Funds	300,000	0	0	0	300,000	0	300,000	0	300,000	0	300,000	0	300,000
Total Reserves		17,471,673	(2,190,979)	1,252,229	(938,750)	16,532,923	643,685	17,176,608	222,183	17,398,791	529,022	17,927,813	598,317	18,526,130

Capital Programme Outturn 2024-25										
<u>Scheme</u>	Updated Budget 2024/25	24/25 Actual Expenditure	Variance	Reprofiling to 2025/26 budget						
	£	£	£	£						
Our Greener Future										
Cromer Offices LED Lighting Programme	109,121	109,836	715	0						
Cromer Coast Protection Scheme	11,258,278	10,412,212	(846,067)	846,067						
Coastal Erosion Assistance (Grants)	27,931	14,595	(13,336)	13,336						
Coastal Adaptations (Cliff Protection)	244,990	0	(244,990)	244,990						
Mundesley Coastal Management Scheme	6,512,339	5,285,533	(1,226,806)	1,226,806						
Coastal Management Fund	341,750	0	(341,750)	341,750						
Coastwise	2,702,317	1,036,730	(1,665,587)	1,665,587						
Purchase of Bins	150,000	121,524	(28,476)	0						
Electric Vehicle Charging Points	33,317	0	(33,317)	33,317						
The Reef Solar Carport	65,180	0	(65,180)	65,180						
Holt Country Park Electricity Improvements	400,000	162,832	(237,168)	237,168						
Solar PV Panels at Victory Swim and Fitness Centre	193,288	173,009	(20,278)	0						
Public Conveniences Energy Efficiencies	150,000	1,281	(148,719)	148,719						
Coastal Defences	150,000	140,970	(9,030)	0						
Fakenham Sports Centre Decarbonisation	0	0	0	0						
Waste Vehicles	16,750	16,750	0	0						

22,355,262

17,475,272

(4,879,990)

4,822,921

<u>Scheme</u>	Updated Budget 2024/25	24/25 Actual Expenditure	Variance	Reprofiling to 2025/26 budget
	£	£	£	£
Developing Our Communities				
Public Conveniences (Fakenham & Wells)	20,000	1,508	(18,492)	0
Public Conveniences (Sheringham & North Walsham)	105,742	103,046	(2,696)	2,696
Public Conveniences - Albert Street, Holt	320,979	266,425	(54,554)	54,554
Countryside Machinery	1,957	1,721	(236)	0
Cromer Pier - Steelworks and Improvements to Pavilion Theatre	276,258	228,291	(47,967)	47,967
North Walsham 3G Facilitiy	847,568	0	(847,568)	847,568
Cromer 3G Football Facility	995,275	16,134	(979,141)	979,141
The Reef Leisure Centre	262,724	9,901	(252,823)	252,823
Green Road Football Facility (North Walsham)	50,223	0	(50,223)	50,223
New Play Area (Sheringham, The Lees)	65,000	48,571	(16,429)	16,429
Fakenham Leisure and Sports Hub (FLASH)	2,553,638	452,152	(2,101,486)	2,101,486
Back Stage Refurbishment - Pier Pavilion Theatre	405,000	388,335	(16,665)	16,665
Holt Country Park Staff Facilities	93,500	89,497	(4,003)	4,003
Cromer Church Wall	50,000	0	(50,000)	50,000
Cabbell Park Clubhouse	237,000	0	(237,000)	237,000
Itteringham Shop Roof Renovation	0	0	0	0
Holt Country Park Septic Tank	0	0	0	0
Public Conveniences Renovation, Holt Country Park	0	0	0	0
	6,284,864	1,605,582	(4,679,283)	4,660,555
<u>Scheme</u>	Updated Budget 2024/25	24/25 Actual Expenditure	Variance	Reprofiling to 2025/26 budget
-------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------	-------------	-------------------------------------
	£	£	£	£
Meeting Our Housing Needs				
Disabled Facilities Grants	2,079,040	1,937,693	(141,347)	0
Compulsory Purchase of Long-Term Empty Properties	429,472	45,637	(383,835)	383,835
Community Housing Fund (Grants to Housing Providers	228,161	0	(228,161)	228,161
Council Owned Temporary Accommodation	578,307	493,730	(84,577)	84,577
Housing S106 Enabling	1,064,000	300,000	(764,000)	764,000
Loans to Housing Providers	340,000	0	(340,000)	340,000
Local Authority Housing Fund	312,000	312,000	0	0
	5,030,980	3,089,060	(1,941,920)	1,800,573
Investing In Our Local Economy And Infrastructure				
Rocket House	1,014,394	161,946	(852,447)	852,447
Fakenham Connect/Crinkle Crankle Wall	5,600	1,652	(3,948)	0
North Walsham Heritage Action Zone	155,154	12,692	(142,462)	0
Fakenham Urban Extension	1,581,462	1,581,462	0	0
Property Acquisitions	704,784	3,917	(700,868)	700,868
Chalet Refurbishment	124,928	0	(124,928)	124,928
Marrams Building Renovation	48,325	1,812	(46,513)	46,513
Car Parks Refurbishment	252,335	50,535	(201,800)	201,800
Marrams Footpath and Lighting	49,725	52,352	2,627	(2,627)
Asset Roof Replacements (Art Deco Block, Red Lion Ret	127,464	37,251	(90,213)	90,213
UK Shared Prosperity Fund	233,577	233,577	0	0
Rural England Prosperity Fund	1,093,388	1,093,388	(0)	0
New Fire Alarm and Fire Doors in Cromer Offices	34,362	33,576	(786)	786
West Prom Sheringham, Lighting & Cliff Railings	55,000	0	(55,000)	55,000
The Lees Walkway and Structural Works	33,723	43,822	10,098	0
Collectors Cabin Roof	30,000	375	(29,625)	29,625
Sunken Gardens Improvements, Marrams, Cromer	0	0	0	0
	5,544,221	3,308,358	(2,235,863)	2,099,551

<u>Scheme</u>	Updated Budget 2024/25 £	24/25 Actual Expenditure £	Variance £	Reprofiling to 2025/26 budget £
A Strong, Responsible And Accountable Council	ž	£	L	£
User IT Hardware Refresh	82,138	75,586	(6,552)	0
Financial Management System	3,034	0	(3,034)	0
Server Replacement	56,327	17,000	(39,327)	0
New Revenues and Benefits System	98,720	0	(98,720)	98,720
Replacement Storage Hardware	150,000	131,159	(18,841)	0
Customer Services C3 Software	23,400	0	(23,400)	23,400
Property Services Asset Management Database	0	0	0	0
Replacement of Uninterruptible Power Supply	0	0	0	0
	413,619	223,745	(189,874)	122,120
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	39,628,947	25,702,017	(13,926,930)	13,505,721
Capital Programme Financing Table	Budget 2024/25	Actual 2024/25		
Grants Other Contributions Reserves Revenue Contribution to Capital (RCCO) Capital receipts Borrowing	27,812,325 2,773,835 2,464,533 0 3,310,902 3,267,351	21,507,489 1,239,835 1,078,979 0 1,070,676 805,039		
Total	39,628,947	25,702,017		

Coastal Erosion Assistance (Grants) 90,000 76,664 13,336 0 Coastal Adaptations (Cliff Protection) 247,493 2,503 244,990 0 2 Mundesley Coastal Management Scheme 8,949,998 7,560,192 1,389,806 0 1,3 Coastal Management Fund 950,000 108,250 591,750 0 2 Coastai Management Fund 950,000 108,250 591,750 0 2 Coastai Management Fund 950,000 108,250 591,750 0 2 Purchase of Bins 600,000 150,000 150,000 0 7 Electric Vehicle Charging Points 248,600 215,283 33,317 0 7 Holt Country Park Electricity Improvements 400,000 163,832 236,168 0 2 Public Conveniences Energy Efficiencies 150,000 1,218 148,782 0 7 Fakenham Sports Centre Decarbonisation 514,300 0 171,400 0 7	2025/26				
£ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ Our Greener Future Cromer Offices LED Lighting Programme 178,796 172,715 6,081 0 0 0 Cromer Coast Protection Scheme 19,284,841 18,438,774 846,067 0 0 0 Coastal Erosion Assistance (Grants) 90,000 76,664 13,336 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ted YE Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Our Greener Future Construction Constru	26 2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31
Cromer Offices LED Lighting Programme 178,796 172,715 6,081 0 Cromer Coast Protection Scheme 19,284,841 18,438,774 846,067 0 8 Coastal Erosion Assistance (Grants) 90,000 76,664 13,336 0 0 2 Coastal Adaptations (Cliff Protection) 247,493 2,503 244,990 0 2 Mundesley Coastal Management Scheme 8,949,998 7,560,192 1,389,806 0 1,3 Coastal Management Fund 950,000 108,250 591,750 0 5 Coastwise 14,609,914 1,213,564 7,248,638 0 7,2 Purchase of Bins 600,000 150,000 150,000 0 1 The Reef Solar Carport 596,000 530,820 65,180 0 2 Public Conveniences Energy Efficiencies 150,000 1,218 148,782 0 1 Coastal Defences 600,000 150,000 150,000 0 1 1	£	£	£	£	£
Cromer Coast Protection Scheme 19,284,841 18,438,774 846,067 0 8 Coastal Erosion Assistance (Grants) 90,000 76,664 13,336 0 0 2 Coastal Adaptations (Cliff Protection) 247,493 2,503 244,990 0 2 Mundesley Coastal Management Scheme 8,949,998 7,560,192 1,389,806 0 1,3 Coastal Management Fund 950,000 108,250 591,750 0 2 Coastai Management Fund 950,000 108,250 591,750 0 2 Coastwise 14,609,914 1,213,564 7,248,638 0 7,2 Purchase of Bins 600,000 150,000 150,000 0 2 Electric Vehicle Charging Points 248,600 215,283 33,317 0 2 Holt Country Park Electricity Improvements 400,000 163,832 236,168 0 2 Public Conveniences Energy Efficiencies 150,000 1,218 148,782 0 2 Goastal Defences<					
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Fakenham Sports Centre Decarbonisation 514,300 0 171,400 0	150,000 150,000	150,000	0	0	
	130,000	150,000	0	0	
	171,400 342,900	0	0	0	
Waste Vehicles 1,972,750 16,750 1,956,000 0 1,9	1,956,000 0	0	0	0	
	,,	Ū	0	0	

		Capitarri	ogramme - D	uuget moi	nitoring 2025/26					
Scheme	Scheme Total Approval	Pre 2025/26 Expenditure	Updated Budget	Actual Expenditure	Remaining Budget (Forecasted YE spend)	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
	£	£	2025/26 £	2025/26 £	2025/26 £	2026/27 £	2027/28 £	2028/29 £	2029/30 £	2030/31 £
Developing Our Communities										
Public Conveniences (Sheringham & North Walsham)	565,514	542,818	22,696	0	22,696	0	0	0	0	
Public Conveniences - Albert Street, Holt	332,552	277,998	54,554	0	54,554	0	0	0	0	
Cromer Pier - Steelworks and Improvements to Pavilion Theatre	1,134,000	1,086,033	47,967	0	47,967	0	0	0	0	
North Walsham 3G Facilitiy	860,000	12,432	847,568	0	847,568	0	0	0	0	
Cromer 3G Football Facility	1,000,000	20,859	979,141	0	979,141	0	0	0	0	
The Reef Leisure Centre	12,861,000	12,608,177	252,823	0	252,823	0	0	0	0	
Green Road Football Facility (North Walsham)	60,000	9,777	50,223	0	50,223	0	0	0	0	
New Play Area (Sheringham, The Lees)	120,000	48,571	71,429	0	71,429	0	0	0	0	
Fakenham Leisure and Sports Hub (FLASH)	10,850,000	539,514	10,310,486	0	10,310,486	0	0	0	0	
Back Stage Refurbishment - Pier Pavilion Theatre	405,000	388,335	16,665	0	16,665	0	0	0	0	
Holt Country Park Staff Facilities	93,500	89,497	4,003	0	4,003	0	0	0	0	
Cromer Church Wall	50,000	0	50,000	0	50,000	0	0	0	0	
Cabbell Park Clubhouse	237,000	0	237,000	0	237,000	0	0	0	0	
Itteringham Shop Roof Renovation	20,000	0	20,000	0	20,000	0	0	0	0	
Holt Country Park Septic Tank	30,000	0	30,000	0	30,000	0	0	0	0	
Country Dark	50,000	0	50,000	0	50,000	0	0	0	0	
Holt Eco Learning Space	100,000	0	100,000	0	100,000	0	0	0	0	
			13,144,555	0	13,144,555	0	0	0	0	

		Capital Pro	gramme - B	udget Mo	nitoring 2025/26					
Scheme	Scheme Total Approval	Pre 2025/26 Expenditure	Updated Budget	Actual Expenditure	Remaining Budget (Forecasted YE spend)	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
	£	£	2025/26 £	2025/26 £	2025/26 £	2026/27 £	2027/28 £	2028/29 £	2029/30 £	2030/31 £
Meeting Our Housing Needs										
Disabled Facilities Grants	12,079,040	Annual Programme	2,079,040	0	2,079,040	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Compulsory Purchase of Long-Term Empty Properties	930,000	546,165	383,835	0	383,835	0	0	0	0	(
Community Housing Fund (Grants to Housing Providers)	1,653,373	1,425,212	228,161	0	228,161	0	0	0	0	
Council Owned Temporary Accommodation	6,246,584	4,762,007	1,484,577	0	1,484,577	0	0	0	0	(
Housing S106 Enabling	2,500,000	1,136,000	1,064,000	0	1,064,000	300,000	0	0	0	(
Loans to Housing Providers	600,000	260,000	340,000	0	340,000	0	0	0	0	(
			5,579,613	0	5,579,613	2,300,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,00

Scheme	Scheme Total Approval	Pre 2025/26 Expenditure	Updated Budget	Actual Expenditure	Remaining Budget (Forecasted YE spend)	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
	£	£	2025/26 £	2025/26 £	2025/26 £	2026/27 £	2027/28 £	2028/29 £	2029/30 £	2030/31 £
Investing In Our Local Economy And Infrastr	ucture									
Rocket House	1,077,085	224,638	852,447	0	852,447	0	0	0	0	
Property Acquisitions	710,000	9,133	700,868	0	700,868	0	0	0	0	
Chalet Refurbishment	125,000	72	124,928	0	124,928	0	0	0	0	
Marrams Building Renovation	50,000	3,487	46,513	0	46,513	0	0	0	0	
Car Parks Refurbishment	601,000	129,200	411,800	0	411,800	60,000	0	0	0	
Marrams Footpath and Lighting	290,000	52,627	237,373	0	237,373	0	0	0	0	
Asset Roof Replacements (Art Deco Block, Red Lion Retail Unit, Sheringham Chalet's)	165,351	75,138	90,213	0	90,213	0	0	0	0	
UK Shared Prosperity Fund	474,196	399,403	74,793	0	74,793	0	0	0	0	
Rural England Prosperity Fund	1,895,110	1,457,851	437,259	0	437,259	0	0	0	0	
New Fire Alarm and Fire Doors in Cromer Offices	150,000	149,214	786	0	786	0	0	0	0	
West Prom Sheringham, Lighting & Cliff Railings	55,000	0	55,000	0	55,000	0	0	0	0	
Collectors Cabin Roof	30,000	375	29,625	0	29,625	0	0	0	0	
Sunken Gardens Improvements, Marrams, Cromer	150,000	0	150,000	0	150,000	0	0	0	0	
Weybourne Car Park Improvements	20,000	0	20,000	0	20,000	0	0	0	0	
			3,231,603	0	3,231,603	60,000	0	0	0	

		Capital Pr	ogramme - B	uaget Mo	nitoring 2025/26					
Scheme	Scheme Total Approval	Pre 2025/26 Expenditure	Updated Budget	Actual Expenditure	Remaining Budget (Forecasted YE spend)	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
			2025/26	2025/26	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
A Strong, Responsible And Accountable C	ouncil									
Jser IT Hardware Refresh	300,000	180,000	60,000	0	60,000	60,000	0	0	0	
New Revenues and Benefits System	200,720	0	200,720	0	200,720	0	0	0	0	
Customer Services C3 Software	23,400	0	23,400	0	23,400	0	0	0	0	
Property Services Asset Management Database	30,000	0	30,000	0	30,000	0	0	0	0	
Replacement of Uninterruptible Power Supply	40,000	0	40,000	0	40,000	0	0	0	0	
			354,120	0	354,120	60,000	0	0	0	
Fotals			35,555,326	0	35,555,326	9,460,612	2,300,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,00

	Totals	35,555,326	0	35,555,326	9,460,612	2,300,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
σ									
age	2024/25 Capital Programme Financing Table	Budget 2025/26	Actual Expenditure 2025/26	Remaining Budget 2024/25	Budget 2026/27	Budget 2027/28	Budget 2028/29	Budget 2029/30	Budget 2030/31
-	Grants	24,903,633	0	24,903,633	8,147,712	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
4	Other Contributions	1,834,000	0	1,834,000	300,000	0	0	0	0
Ω	Reserves	1,958,006	0	1,958,006	278,600	0	0	0	0
•••	Revenue Contribution to Capital (RCCO)	20,000	0	20,000	0	0	0	0	0
	Capital receipts	2,895,299	0	2,895,299	610,000	300,000	0	0	0
	Borrowing	3,850,469	0	3,850,469	124,300	0	0	0	0
	Total	35,461,407	0	35,461,407	9,460,612	2,300,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000

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Treasury Outturn Rep	
Executive Summary	This report sets out the Treasury Management activities undertaken during 2024/25 compared with the Treasury Management Strategy for the year.
Options considered	For the Council to comply with the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (Prudential Code) and CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services Code of Practice an outturn report must be presented to Members to inform them of the outcome of the Treasury Management activity for the year. Therefore, no other option has been considered.
Consultation(s)	Link Treasury Services have provided the economic information in Appendix A of this report.
Recommendations	That Cabinet recommends the Treasury Management outturn position to Full Council for approval.
Reasons for recommendations	The Treasury Management activity for the year requires approval by Full Council for the Council to comply with the CIPFA Treasury Management and Prudential Codes.
Background papers	This report refers to the Council's Treasury Management Strategy 2024/25.

Wards affected	All
Cabinet member(s)	Cllr. Lucy Shires
Contact Officer	Claire Waplington Claire.Waplington@north-norfolk.gov.uk

Links to key documents:				
Corporate Plan:	This report shows the Council's current Treasury position and compares it with the cost of delivering its Capital Programme (CFR – Capital Financing Requirement). This shows the Council's current ability to finance its current Capital Programme.			

Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS)	The Treasury Management activity during the year has been undertaken to ensure that the Council has sufficient access to liquid funds that it is requires to maintain its cashflow. Management of the Council's cash, investments and borrowing underpins the delivery of the Medium-Term Financial Strategy.
	This report provides details of the Council's investment and borrowing position and the Council's Capital Financing Requirement position, which together show the net debt position of the Council as at the end of the 2024/25 financial year.
Council Policies & Strategies	This report refers to the Council's Treasury Management Strategy 2024/25.

Corporate Governance:					
Is this a key decision	No				
Has the public interest test been applied	This report is available to the public.				
Details of any previous decision(s) on this matter	This is an annual report on the Council's Treasury position.				

1. Purpose of the report

This report sets out the Treasury Management activities undertaken during 2024/25 compared with the Treasury Management Strategy for the year.

It is a requirement for this report to be presented Members to comply with the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (Prudential Code) and CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services Code of Practice. It provides Members with the current Treasury position of the Council.

2. Introduction & Background

This report shows the Council's current Treasury position compared with the cost of delivering its Capital Programme (CFR – Capital Financing Requirement). This shows the Council's current ability to finance its current Capital Programme.

The Council borrows and invests significant sums of money and is therefore exposed to financial risks including the losses in invested funds. There are also the revenue budget implications of a varying interest rate on the Council's investments. The successful identification, monitoring and control of risk remains central to the Council's Treasury Management Strategy. **Appendix A – Annual Treasury Outturn Report 2024/25** provides the details of the Council's Treasury Management activity for the 2024/25 year and the final position as at 31 March 2025.

3. Proposals and Options

This report contributes towards the overall financial performance of the Council. It is recommended that the Council continues with its Treasury Management activity as outlined in the Treasury Management Strategy 2024-25.

4. Corporate Priorities

The Council's Treasury Management report supports the Medium-Term Financial Strategy through protecting the Council's funds and cash flows whilst minimising borrowing costs. This aligns with the corporate priority: A strong, responsible and accountable Council.

5. Financial and Resource Implications

The financial implications are contained in the report and in Appendix A. Treasury Management activities have been carried out in accordance with the Council's Treasury Management Strategy and comply fully with the CIPFA Codes of Practice. The Council has a Capital Programme that is fully funded.

Comments from the S151 Officer:

This Report provides details of the Treasury Management activity for the year. All activity has complied with the codes of practice and the Council's Treasury Management Strategy.

6. Legal Implications

This report must be presented to Members to ensure the Council is compliant with the CIPFA Treasury Management Code.

Comments from the Monitoring Officer

The Council needs to act in accordance with its Treasury Management Strategy and comply with the CIPFA codes of practice to keep Members informed.

7. Risks

This report addresses the potential risk that the Council does not have sufficient funds to finance its Capital Programme.

Full risks details are highlighted within Appendix A of this report.

8. Net Zero Target

Not applicable to this report.

9. Equality, Diversity & Inclusion

Not applicable to this report.

10. Community Safety issues

Not applicable to this report.

11. Conclusion and Recommendations

- 11.1. To conclude that Treasury activities for the year have been carried out in accordance with the CIPFA code and the Council's Treasury Strategy.
- 11.2. That Governance, Risk and Audit Committee recommend that the Treasury Management Outturn report for 2024/25 is approved by Full Council.

Appendix A

North Norfolk District Council

Annual Treasury Management Outturn Report 2024/25

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Annual Treasury Management Review 2024/25

Purpose

This Authority is required by regulations issued under the Local Government Act 2003 to produce an annual treasury management review of activities and the actual prudential and treasury indicators for 2024/25. This report meets the requirements of both the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management (the Code) and the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (the Prudential Code).

For the financial year 2024/25, to comply with reporting requirements, Full Council has been provided with the following reports:

- An annual treasury strategy in advance of the year (Council 21 February 2024).
- A mid-year treasury update report (Council 19 February 2025).
- An annual review following the end of the year describing the activity compared to the strategy (this report).

The regulatory environment places responsibility on members for the review and scrutiny of treasury management policy and activities. This report provides details of the outturn position for treasury activities and highlights compliance with the Authority's policies previously approved by members.

This Authority confirms that it has complied with the requirement under the Code to give prior scrutiny to all of the above treasury management reports by the Overview & Scrutiny Committee, before they were reported to the Full Council.

Executive Summary

During 2024/25, the Authority complied with its legislative and regulatory requirements. The key actual prudential and treasury indicators detailing the impact of capital expenditure activities during the year, with comparators, are as follows:

Prudential and treasury indicators	31 March 2024 Actual (£m)	2024/25 Forecast (£m)	31 March 2025 Actual (£m)
Capital Expenditure	13.766	39.622	25.724
Capital Financing Requirement:	17.474	20.198	18.379
Short-term Borrowing (under 1 year) Long-term Borrowing (over 1 year)	6.700 5.000	0.000 5.000	2.000 5.000
Total External Debt	11.700	5.000	7.000
Short-term Investments (under 1 year) Long-term Investments (over 1 year) Non-Treasury Investments (Housing Loans)	2.010 20.000 2.144	8.000 22.581 2.229	5.317 20.000 1.853
Total Investments	24.154	32.810	27.170
Net Borrowing/(Investments)	(12.454)	(27.810)	(20.170)

Other prudential and treasury indicators are to be found in the main body of this report. The Section 151 Officer also, confirms that borrowing was only undertaken for a capital purpose and the statutory borrowing limit (the authorised limit) was not breached.

Recommendations

The Authority is recommended to:

- 1. Approve the actual 2024/25 prudential and treasury indicators in this report
- 2. Note the annual treasury management report for 2024/25

Introduction and Background

This report summarises the following:

- Capital activity during the year
- Impact of this activity on the Authority's underlying indebtedness (the Capital Financing Requirement)
- The actual prudential and treasury indicators
- Overall treasury position identifying how the Authority has borrowed in relation to this indebtedness, and the impact on investment balances
- Summary of interest rate movements in the year
- Detailed debt activity
- Detailed investment activity

1. The Authority's Capital Expenditure and Financing

The Authority undertakes capital expenditure on long-term assets. These activities may either be:

- Financed immediately through the application of capital or revenue resources (capital receipts, capital grants, revenue contributions etc.), which has no resultant impact on the Authority's borrowing need; or
- If insufficient financing is available, or a decision is taken not to apply resources, the capital expenditure will give rise to a borrowing need.

The actual capital expenditure forms one of the required prudential indicators. The table below shows the actual capital expenditure and how this was financed.

General Fund	31 March 2024 Actual (£m)	2024/25 Budget (£m)	31 March 2025 Actual (£m)
Capital expenditure	13.766	39.622	25.724
Capital Receipts	0.470	3.311	0.936
Grants	7.846	27.812	21.502
Contributions	1.035	2.783	1.064
Reserves	1.455	2.448	1.060
Revenue Contribution to Capital (RCCO)	0.100	0.000	0.000
Total Financed in year	10.906	39.622	25.724
Unfinanced capital expenditure (Borrowing)	(2.860)	(3.268)	(1.162)

2. The Authority's Overall Borrowing Need

The Authority's underlying need to borrow for capital expenditure is termed the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR). This figure is a gauge of the Authority's indebtedness. It represents the 2024/25 unfinanced capital expenditure (see above table), and prior years' net or unfinanced capital expenditure which has not yet been paid for by revenue or other resources.

Part of the Authority's treasury activities is to address the funding requirements for this borrowing need. Depending on the capital expenditure programme, the treasury service organises the Authority's cash position to ensure that sufficient cash is available to meet the capital plans and cash flow requirements. This may be sourced through borrowing from external bodies or utilising temporary cash resources within the Authority.

Reducing the CFR – the Authority's underlying borrowing need (CFR) is not allowed to rise indefinitely. Statutory controls are in place to ensure that capital assets are broadly charged to revenue over the life of the asset. The Authority is required to make an annual revenue charge, called the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP), to reduce the CFR. This is effectively a repayment of the borrowing need. This differs from the treasury management arrangements which ensure that cash is available to meet capital commitments. External debt can also be borrowed or repaid at any time, but this does not change the CFR.

The total CFR can also be reduced by:

- the application of additional capital financing resources, (such as unapplied capital receipts); or
- charging more than the statutory revenue charge (MRP) each year through a Voluntary Revenue Provision (VRP).

The Authority's 2024/25 MRP Policy (as required by MHCLG Guidance) was approved as part of the Treasury Management Strategy Report for 2024/25 on 21 February 2024.

The Authority's CFR for the year is shown below, and represents a key prudential indicator. It includes leasing schemes on the balance sheet, which increase the Authority's borrowing need. No borrowing is actually required against these schemes as a borrowing facility is included in the contract.

CFR: General Fund	31 March 2024 Actual (£m)	2024/25 Budget	31 March 2025 Actual (£m)
Opening balance	15.111	17.474	17.474
Add unfinanced capital expenditure (as above)	2.860	3.267	1.162
Add Finance Leases *	0.000	0.000	0.310
Less MRP	(0.497)	(0.543)	(0.507)
Less Finance Lease repayments	0.000	0.000	(0.060)
Closing balance	17.474	20.198	18.379

*Includes reclassified leases due to introduction of IFRS 16 (see note 8D for explanation of the new standard).

The authority has made no voluntary application of capital receipts (VRP) in 2024/25.

Borrowing activity is constrained by prudential indicators for gross borrowing and the CFR, and by the authorised limit.

Gross borrowing and the CFR - in order to ensure that borrowing levels are prudent over the medium term and only for a capital purpose, the Authority should ensure that its gross external borrowing does not, except in the short term, exceed the total of the capital financing requirement in the preceding year (2023/24) plus the estimates of any additional capital financing requirement for the current (2024/25) and next two financial years. This essentially means that the Authority is not borrowing to support revenue expenditure. This indicator allows the Authority some flexibility to borrow in advance of its immediate capital needs. The table below highlights the Authority's gross borrowing position against the CFR, and demonstrates compliance with this prudential indicator.

CFR vs Gross Borrowing Indicator £m	31.3.24 Actual	2024/25 Budget	31.3.25 Actual
Gross borrowing position	11.700	5.000	7.000
CFR	17.474	20.198	18.379
Under / (over) funding of CFR	5.774	15.198	11.379

The authorised limit - the authorised limit is the "affordable borrowing limit" required by s3 of the Local Government Act 2003. Once this has been set, the Authority does not have the power to borrow above this level. The table below demonstrates that during 2024/25 the Authority has maintained gross borrowing within its authorised limit.

The operational boundary – the operational boundary is the expected borrowing position of the Authority during the year. Periods where the actual position is either below or over the boundary are acceptable subject to the authorised limit not being breached.

Actual financing costs as a proportion of net revenue stream - this indicator identifies the trend in the cost of capital (borrowing and other long term obligation costs net of investment income), against the net revenue stream.

Treasury Limits Indicator (£m)	2024/25
Authorised limit	50.000
Maximum gross borrowing position during the year	12.052
Operational boundary	15.000
Average gross borrowing position	6.147

The above table shows that the maximum borrowing undertaken by the authority did not exceed the authorised limit. It also shows that the average borrowing position was below the operational boundary.

3. Treasury Position as of 31 March 2025

The Authority's treasury management debt and investment position is organised by the treasury management service to ensure adequate liquidity for revenue and capital activities, security for investments and to manage risks within all treasury management activities. Procedures and controls to achieve these objectives are well established both through member reporting detailed in the summary, and through officer activity detailed in the Authority's Treasury Management Practices.

At the end of 2024/25, the Authority 's treasury position, (excluding borrowing by finance leases) was as follows:

DEBT PORTFOLIO	31 March 24 Principal (£m)	Rate/ Return (%)	•	31 March 25 Principal (£m)	Average Rate/Return (£m)	Average period (Days)		
Fixed rate funding, short-term borrowing:								
Local Authority Borrowing	5.000	4.93	110	2.000	5.44	34		
Police Authority Borrowing	0.000	4.55	85	0.000	0.00	0		
Fire Authority Borrowing	0.000	0.00	0	0.000	0.00	0		
Pension Fund Borrowing	1.700	5.63	37	0.000	5.55	32		
Housing Authority Borrowing	0.000	0.00	0	0.000	0.00	0		
Fixed rate funding, long-t	erm borrowi	ng:						
PWLB	5.000	5.39	393	5.000	5.39	28		
Total debt	11.700	5.09	156	7.000	5.43	31		
CFR	17.474			18.379				
Over / (under) borrowing	(5.774)			(11.379)				
Total investments	24.154	4.81		27.171	4.95%			
Net debt	(18.380)			(15.792)				

The maturity structure of the debt portfolio was as follows:

Debt Comparison	31 March 2024 Actual (£m)	31 March 2025 Actual (£m)
Under 12 months	6.700	2.000
12 months and within 24 months	5.000	5.000
24 months and within 5 years	0.000	0.000
5 years and within 10 years	0.000	0.000
10 years and within 20 years	0.000	0.000
20 years and within 30 years	0.000	0.000
30 years and within 40 years	0.000	0.000
40 years and within 50 years	0.000	0.000
Total Borrowing	11.700	7.000
Authorised Limit	50.000	50.000
Borrowing Limit Exceeded?	No	No

During 2023/24 the Council has secured a £5m long-term loan with the PWLB (Central Government Public Works Loans Board) running from the 27 March 2024 to 28 April 2025, secured at an interest rate of 5.39%.

The Treasury has identified that at any point of time, the Council had a £5m minimum borrowing requirement per year, for the last three financial years. Any extra borrowing above this sum was only required on a short-term basis caused by the timing differences between the Council's expenditure and sources of income (cash flow).

To avoid interest rate risk, a PWLB long-term loan was secured instead of renewing short-term borrowing on an ad-hoc basis. Relying on short-term borrowing throughout the financial year leaves the Council vulnerable to fluctuations in the economy and subsequent unknown interest rate hikes. The loan was secured for one year only, to allow for a potential decrease in interest rates at the end of 2024/25 and avoid locking the Council into a long-term loan with a high fixed rate of interest. Interest rates have been declining in 24/25 as forecasted by the Treasury and the Council's Treasury Advisors and this downwards interest rate trend is expected to continue into 25/26.

Overall, the Council's borrowing requirement has decreased by £4.7m at the financial year end. This is from increased efforts put towards management of the Council's cashflow, payment run processing and appropriate financing of the Council's capital programme by accountants and managers (limiting use of forward-funding projects etc.)

Subsequent to the year end, the Council agreed a further PWLB loan for £5m in April 2025 for a period of 1 year. This will also be reflected in the 2025/26 Treasury Management reporting.

	31 March 2024 31 March 202			
INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO	Actual (£m)	Percentage of Portfolio	Actual (£m)	Percentage of Portfolio
Treasury investments				
Money Market Funds	2.010	8%	5.317	19%
Total managed in house	2.010	8%	5.317	19%
Strategic Bond Funds	5.000	21%	5.000	18%
Equity Income Funds	4.000	17%	4.000	15%
Property Funds	5.000	21%	5.000	18%
Multi-Asset Income Funds	6.000	24%	6.000	21%
Total managed externally	20.000	83%	20.000	72%
TOTAL TREASURY INVESTMENTS	22.010	91%	25.317	91%
Non-Treasury investments				
LN0001 – Broadland Housing	1.885	6%	1.615	6%
LN0002 – Homes for Wells	0.150	1%	0.133	1%
LN0003 – Homes for Wells	0.042	1%	0.041	1%
LN0004 – Homes for Wells	0.067	1%	0.064	1%
TOTAL NON-TREASURY INVESTMENTS	2.144	9%	1.853	9%
TOTAL ALL INVESTMENTS	24.154	100%	27.170	100%

The Council's investment portfolio was as follows:

The maturity structure of the investment portfolio was as follows:

COUNTERPARTY / INVESTMENT	Redemption Period	Investment Value 31 March 2025 (£m)
Aberdeen Standard / MMF	CALL	1.960
Blackrock / MMF	CALL	2.127
DWS / MMF	CALL	0.000
Federated Investors (UK) LLP / MMF	CALL	1.230
Goldman Sachs / MMF	CALL	0.000
Invesco AIM / MMF	CALL	0.000
CCLA (UK) Public Sector Deposit Fund / MMF	CALL	0.000
CCLA / Local Authorities Mutual Investment Trust	T + 6 months	5.000
M&G Securities / UK Income Distribution Fund	T + 3 days	2.000
Ninety-One / Diversified Income Fund	T + 3 days	3.000
Schroder Unit Trusts / Income Maximiser Fund	T + 4 days	2.000
Threadneedle / Strategic Bond Fund	T + 4 days	3.000
M&G Securities / Strategic Corporate Bond Fund	T + 3 days	2.000
Aegon Asset Management / Diversified Income Fund	T + 3 days	3.000
Broadland Housing (Housing Loan)	FIXED (Long- term loan)	1.615
Homes for Wells (Housing Loan)	FIXED (Long- term loan)	0.238
TOTAL	,	27.170

The Council has seven same day Money Market Fund (MMF) accounts which can be used to invest/redeem surplus cash around its daily cash requirements. For these MMF's there is no gain/loss on principal invested, they are secure but consequently provide a lower interest rate than alternative types of investment. Typically, interest rates match the current Bank of England Monetary Policy Committee set base rate or are slightly below. The cash balances invested in these counterparties fluctuate daily between £0.5m and £20m, the above table shows the balances at the outturn position.

The Council finished the year with seven investments in Pooled funds. These are intended for long-term investing to generate a higher interest return that the Council MMFs. The principal invested in Pooled Funds is more at risk than with MMFs as they are subject to gains/loss on fair value (change in sale price).

The Council has only invested in counterparties approved by its treasury advisors with thorough credit rating checks. All the Council's Pooled Fund investments are income funds, not accumulating funds.

The Council currently has four outstanding loans with Housing Associations (loans issued to support the provision of affordable housing in the district). These loans are agreed at the PWLB central government borrowing rate to ensure the Council is not funding private businesses at a cost to the authority.

To support the above investment portfolio, the below table summarises the interest earnt on the average amounts of the Council's investments during the last two financial years. The purpose of this table is to give members an idea of the rate of return on the Council's portfolio for each type of investment.

	31 March 2024 3 ⁷			31 March 2025		
INVESTMENT INTEREST (£m)	Average Amount Invested	Interest Earnt (£m)	Average interest rate	Average Amount Invested	Interest Earnt (£m)	Average interest rate
Money Market Funds	7.242	0.359	4.96%	5.722	0.262	4.58%
Total managed in house	7.242	0.359	4.96%	5.722	0.262	4.58%
Short-Dated Bond Funds	0.923	0.029	3.12%	0.000	0.000	0.00%
Strategic Bond Funds	5.000	0.195	3.70%	5.000	0.196	3.93%
Equity Income Funds	5.426	0.292	5.38%	4.000	0.222	5.54%
Property Funds	5.000	0.307	6.13%	5.000	0.317	6.34%
Multi-Asset Income Funds	6.000	0.301	4.62%	6.000	0.303	5.04%
Total managed externally (Pooled Funds)	22.349	1.124	5.03%	20.000	1.038	5.19%
TOTAL TREASURY INVESTMENTS	29.591	1.483	5.01%	25.722	1.300	5.05%

	31	March 2024		31 March 2025			
Non-Treasury Investments (£m)	Actual Amount Invested	Interest Earnt (£m)	Loan interest rate	Actual Amount Invested	Interest Earnt (£m)	Loan interest rate	
LN0001 - Broadland Housing Association	1.885	0.080	3.80%	1.615	0.069	3.80%	
LN0002 - Homes for Wells	0.150	0.005	3.00%	0.133	0.005	3.00%	
LN0003 – Homes for Wells	0.042	0.000	5.50%	0.041	0.002	5.50%	
LN0004 – Homes for Wells	0.067	0.000	5.50%	0.064	0.004	5.50%	
Total Loans	2.144	0.085	3.95%	2.144	0.080	3.95%	

The Council currently only issues loans to Housing Providers as part of the Corporate Plan objective to provide affordable housing in North Norfolk. No other forms of loans have been issued. Consequently, the aim of these loans is not to provide a financial return to the Council. The interest rate of these loans is agreed at the central government PWLB rate. This is to ensure that the Council is not potentially borrowing money in the future to fund private businesses or paying borrowing interest on to fund.

The non-treasury investments (housing loans) are amortised loans where an element of principal and interest is repaid at agreed instalment dates. This allows the lender to repay the loan over time, lowering interest costs towards the end of the loan duration (the interest is calculated based on the most recent ending balance of the loan at each repayment interval). This approach allows for clearer financial reporting and risk management for both the borrower and the Council.

4. The Strategy for 2024/25

The Treasury strategy for managing the Council's interest rate risk was to continue its PWLB loan of £5m (long-term borrowing) to reduce the authorities need to take out continuous short-term borrowing. This in turn reduced the interest rate risk to the authority. If the cashflow requirement identified an additional borrowing need beyond the £5m loan, it was policy to only take out short-term borrowing for the shortest possible duration to minimise any unplanned additional borrowing interest costs to the authority.

This process has been followed throughout the year and has led to a greater ability to forecast year end borrowing costs, which has in turn allowed the Authority to accurately forecast the required year-end funding required to meet external borrowing costs throughout the financial year.

4.1 Investment strategy and control of interest rate risk



Investment Benchmarking Data – Sterling Overnight Index Averages (Term) 2024/25

FINANCIAL	YEAR TO QUARTER ENDED 31/03/2025					
	Bank Rate	SONIA	1 month	3 months	6 months	12 months
High	5.25	5.20	5.21	5.20	5.17	5.08
High Date	02/04/2024	03/05/2024	27/06/2024	17/04/2024	31/05/2024	30/05/2024
Low	4.50	4.45	4.45	4.36	4.28	4.15
Low Date	06/02/2025	12/02/2025	04/03/2025	31/03/2025	31/03/2025	10/02/2025
Average	4.95	4.90	4.88	4.82	4.72	4.54
Spread	0.75	0.75	0.76	0.85	0.89	0.93



Investment Benchmarking Data – Sterling Overnight Index Averages (Backward-looking) 2024/25

FINANCIAL YEAR TO QUARTER ENDED 31/03/2025							
	Bank Rate	SONIA	7 day	30 day	90 day	180 day	365 day
High	5.25	5.20	5.20	5.21	5.23	5.26	5.33
High Date	02/04/2024	03/05/2024	13/05/2024	26/06/2024	26/07/2024	26/07/2024	01/08/2024
Low	4.50	4.45	4.46	4.46	4.58	4.73	5.02
Low Date	06/02/2025	12/02/2025	13/02/2025	12/03/2025	31/03/2025	31/03/2025	31/03/2025
Average	4.95	4.90	4.91	4.94	5.02	5.11	5.22
Spread	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.65	0.53	0.30

4.2 Borrowing strategy and control of interest rate risk

During 2024/25, the Authority maintained an under-borrowed position. This meant that the capital borrowing need (the Capital Financing Requirement), was not fully funded with loan debt as cash supporting the Authority's reserves, balances and cash flow was used as an interim measure. This strategy was prudent as although near-term investment rates were equal to, and sometimes higher than, long-term borrowing costs, the latter are expected to fall back through 2025 and 2026 in the light of economic growth concerns and the eventual dampening of inflation. The Authority has sought to minimise the taking on of long-term borrowing at elevated levels (>5%) and has focused on a policy of internal and temporary borrowing, supplemented by short-dated borrowing (<5 years) as appropriate.

Against this background and the risks within the economic forecast, caution was adopted with the treasury operations. The Treasury therefore monitored interest rates in financial markets and adopted a pragmatic strategy based upon the following principles to manage interest rate risks:

• If it had been felt that there was a significant risk of a sharp FALL in long and short-term rates (for instance, due to a marked increase of risks around a relapse into recession or of risks of deflation),

then long term borrowings would have been postponed, and potential rescheduling from fixed rate funding into short term borrowing would have been considered.

If it had been felt that there was a significant risk of a much sharper RISE in long and short-term
rates than initially expected, perhaps arising from the stickiness of inflation in the major developed
economies, then the portfolio position would have been re-appraised. Most likely, fixed rate funding
would have been drawn whilst interest rates were lower than they were projected to be in the next
few years.

Interest rate forecasts initially suggested gradual reductions in short, medium and longer-term fixed borrowing rates during 2024/25. The Bank Rate did peak at 5.25% as anticipated, but the initial expectation of significant rate reductions did not transpire, primarily because inflation concerns remained elevated. Forecasts were too optimistic from a rate reduction perspective, but more recently the forecasts, updated from November 2024 onwards, look more realistic.

At the start of April 2025, following the introduction of President Trump's trade tariffs policies, the market now expects Bank Rate to fall to 3.75% by the end of December 2025, pulling down the 5- and 10-year parts of the curve too.

This should provide an opportunity for greater certainty to be added to the debt portfolio, although a significant fall in inflation will be required to underpin any material movement lower in the longer part of the curve.

Forecasts at the time of approval of the treasury management strategy report for 2024/25 were as follows:

MUFG Corporate Markets Interest Rate View 05.02.24													
	Mar-24	Jun-24	Sep-24	Dec-24	Mar-25	Jun-25	Sep-25	Dec-25	Mar-26	Jun-26	Sep-26	Dec-26	Mar-27
BANK RATE	5.25	5.25	4.75	4.25	3.75	3.25	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
3 month average earnings	5.30	5.30	4.80	4.30	3.80	3.30	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
6 month average earnings	5.20	5.10	4.60	4.10	3.70	3.30	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10
12 month average earnings	5.00	4.90	4.40	3.90	3.60	3.20	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.20	3.20
5 year PWLB	4.50	4.40	4.30	4.20	4.10	4.00	3.80	3.70	3.60	3.60	3.50	3.50	3.50
10 year PWLB	4.70	4.50	4.40	4.30	4.20	4.10	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.70	3.70	3.70	3.70
15 year PWLB	5.20	5.10	4.90	4.80	4.60	4.40	4.30	4.20	4.20	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.10
20 year PWLB	5.00	4.90	4.70	4.60	4.40	4.20	4.10	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.90	3.90	3.90





PWLB Certainty Rate Variations 2.4.24 to 31.03.25

HIGH/LOW/AVERAGE PWLB RATES FOR 2024/25

MUFG Corporate Markets Interest Rate View 05.02.24					
	1 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year
Low	4.77	4.31	4.52	5.08	4.88
date	26/02/2025	17/09/204	17/09/2024	17/09/2024	17/09/2024
High	5.61	5.34	5.71	6.18	5.88
Date	29/05/2024	13/01/2025	13/01/2025	13/01/2025	09/01/2025
Average	5.14	4.86	5.07	5.56	5.32
Spread	0.84	1.03	1.19	1.10	1.00

PWLB rates are based on gilt (UK Government bonds) yields through HM Treasury determining a specified margin to add to gilt yields. The main influences on gilt yields are Bank Rate, inflation expectations and movements in US treasury yields. Inflation targeting by the major central banks has been successful over the last 30 years in lowering inflation and the real equilibrium rate for central rates has fallen considerably due to the high level of borrowing by consumers. Therefore, central banks do not need to raise rates as much, to have a major impact on consumer spending, inflation, etc. This has pulled down the overall level of interest rates and bond yields in financial markets over the last 30 years. Indeed, in recent years many bond yields up to 10 years in the Eurozone turned negative, on expectations that the EU would struggle to get growth rates and inflation up from low levels. In addition, there has, at times, been an inversion of bond yields in the US whereby 10-year yields have fallen below shorter-term yields. In the past, this has been a precursor of a recession.

However, since early 2022, yields have risen dramatically in all the major developed economies, first as economies opened post Covid, then because of the inflationary impact of the war in Ukraine in respect of the supply side of many goods. In particular, rising cost pressures emanating from shortages of energy and some food categories have been central to inflation rising rapidly. Furthermore, at present the Federal Reserve System, European Central Bank and Bank of England are all being challenged by levels of

persistent inflation that are exacerbated by tight labour markets and high wage increases relative to what central banks believe to be sustainable.

Gilt yields have been volatile through 2024/25. Indeed, the low point for the financial year for many periods was reached in September 2024. Thereafter, and especially following the Autumn Statement, PWLB Certainty rates have remained elevated at between c5% - 6% apart from the slightly cheaper shorter dates.

At the close of 31 March 2025, the 1-year PWLB Certainty rate was 4.82% whilst the 25-year rate was 5.98% and the 50-year rate was 5.67%.

Regarding PWLB borrowing rates, the various margins attributed to their pricing are as follows: -

- **PWLB Standard Rate** is gilt plus 100 basis points (G+100bps)
- PWLB Certainty Rate is gilt plus 80 basis points (G+80bps)
- Local Infrastructure Rate is gilt plus 60 basis points (G+60bps)
- HRA Borrowing rate is gilt plus 40 basis points (G+40bps)

There is likely to be a fall in gilt yields and PWLB rates across the whole curve over the next one to two years as Bank Rate falls and inflation (on the Consumer Price Index measure) moves lower.

As a general rule, short-dated gilt yields will reflect expected movements in Bank Rate, whilst medium to long-dated yields are driven primarily by the inflation outlook.

5. Borrowing Outturn

Treasury Borrowing – The following is a record of all borrowing undertaken by the authority in 2024/25 with the interest payable being a revenue expense to the Council.

Lender	Principal £m	Interest Rate Type	Interest Rate %	Maturity days	Interest payable in 2024/25 (£)
Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Combined Authority	5.000	Fixed	5.55	25	18,246.57
Middlesbrough Borough Council Pension Fund	1.700	Fixed	6.50	38	11,201.37
Norfolk County Council	0.352	Fixed	6.00	1	57.80
London Borough of Havering Council	3.500	Fixed	5.35	14	7,182.19
Middlesbrough Borough Council Pension Fund	5.900	Fixed	5.27	14	11,926.08
Norfolk County Council	1.800	Fixed	5.01	12	2,964.82
Neath Talbort County Borough Council	3.500	Fixed	5.00	7	3,356.16
Causeway Coast and Glens Borough Council	2.000	Fixed	6.35	31	5,915.07
Total			5.47		60,850.06

Borrowing in advance of need

The Authority has not borrowed more than, or in advance of its needs, purely to profit from the investment of the extra sums borrowed.

Rescheduling

No debt rescheduling has been undertaken during the year as the approximate 1% differential between PWLB new borrowing rates and premature repayment rates made rescheduling unviable.

Early Repayments

The Council did not make early repayment of any agreed loans during 2024/25.

6. Investment Outturn

Investment Policy – the Authority's investment policy is governed by MHCLG investment guidance, which has been implemented in the annual investment strategy approved by the Authority. This policy sets out the approach for choosing investment counterparties and is based on credit ratings provided by the three main credit rating agencies, supplemented by additional market data (such as rating outlooks, credit default swaps, bank share prices etc.).

The investment activity during the year conformed to the approved strategy, and the Authority had no liquidity difficulties.

Investments held by the Authority.

- The Authority maintained an average balance of £27.170m of internally managed funds.
- The internally managed funds earned an average rate of return of 5.08%.
- The comparable performance indicator is the overnight (O/N) SONIA rate, which was 4.90% (see table below).
- This compares with a budget assumption of £33.797m investment balances earning an average rate of 5.52%.
- Total investment income was £1.380m compared to a budget of £1.866m, an adverse variance of £0.486m

Returns:	%
O/N SONIA	4.8979
O/N SONIA Compounded	5.0195
1m fwd SONIA	4.8783
1m fwd SONIA Compounded	5.0231
3m fwd SONIA	4.8181
3m fwd SONIA Compounded	5.0258
6m fwd SONIA	4.7182
6m fwd SONIA Compounded	4.9254
7d back SONIA	4.9080
7d backward SONIA Compounded	5.0355
30d backward SONIA	4.9401
30d backward SONIA Compounded	5.0961
90d backward SONIA	5.0151
90d backward SONIA Compounded	5.2068
180d backward SONIA	5.1110
180d backward SONIA Compounded	5.3231
365d backward SONIA	5.2188
365d backward SONIA Compounded	5.0896

7. The Economy and Interest Rates

UK Economy

UK inflation has proved somewhat stubborn throughout 2024/25. Having started the financial year at 2.3% year on year, the CPI measure of inflation briefly dipped to 1.7% year on year in September before picking up pace again in the latter months. The latest data shows CPI rising by 2.8% year on year February, but there is a strong likelihood that figure will increase to at least 3.5% by the Autumn of 2025.

Against that backdrop, and the continued lack of progress in ending the Russian invasion of Ukraine, as well as the potentially negative implications for global growth because of the implementation of US tariff policies by US President Trump in April 2025, Bank Rate reductions have been limited. The Bank Rate currently stands at 4.5%, despite the Office for Budget Responsibility reducing its 2025 GDP forecast for the UK economy to only 1% (previously 2% in October).

Moreover, borrowing has becoming increasingly expensive in 2024/25. Gilt yields rose significantly in the wake of the Chancellor's Autumn Statement, and the loosening of fiscal policy, and have remained elevated ever since, as dampened growth expectations and the minimal budget contingency (<£10bn) have stoked market fears that increased levels of borrowing will need to be funded during 2025.

The table below provides a snapshot of the conundrum facing central banks: inflation pressures remain, labour markets are still relatively tight by historical comparisons, and central banks are also having to react to a fundamental re-ordering of economic and defence policies by the US administration.

	UK	Eurozone	US
Bank Rate	4.50%	2.5%	4.25%-4.5%
GDP	0.1%q/q Q4 (1.1%y/y)	+0.1%q/q Q4 (0.7%y/y)	2.4% Q4 Annualised
Inflation	2.8%y/y (Feb)	2.3%y/y (Feb)	2.8%y/y (Feb)
Unemployment Rate	4.4% (Jan)	6.2% (Jan)	4.1% (Feb)

The Bank of England sprung no surprises in their March meeting, leaving Bank Rate unchanged at 4.5% by a vote of 8-1, but suggesting further reductions would be gradual. The Bank of England was always going to continue its cut-hold-cut-hold pattern by leaving interest rates at 4.50% but, in the opposite of what happened at the February meeting, the vote was more hawkish than expected. This suggested that as inflation rises later in the year, the Bank cuts rates even slower, but the initial impact of President Trump's tariff policies in April 2025 on the financial markets underpin our view that the Bank will eventually reduce rates to 3.50%.

Having said that, the Bank still thinks inflation will rise from 2.8% in February to 3.75% in Q3. And while in February it said, "inflation is expected to fall back thereafter to around the 2% target", this time it just said it would "fall back thereafter". That may be a sign that the Bank is getting a bit more worried about the "persistence in domestic wages and prices, including from second-round effects". Accordingly, although we expect a series of rate cuts over the next year or so, that does not contradict the Bank taking "a gradual and careful" approach to cutting rates, but a tepid economy will probably reduce inflation further ahead and prompt the Bank to cut at regular intervals.

From a fiscal perspective, the increase in businesses' national insurance and national minimum wage costs from April 2025 is likely to prove a headwind, although in the near-term the Government's efforts to

provide 300,000 new homes in each year of the current Parliament is likely to ensure building industry employees are well remunerated, as will the clamp-down on immigration and the generally high levels of sickness amongst the British workforce. Currently wages continue to increase at a rate close to 6% y/y. The MPC would prefer a more sustainable level of c3.5%.

As for equity markets, the FTSE 100 has recently fallen back to 7,700 having hit an all-time intra-day high 8,908 as recently as 3 March 2025. Pound Sterling has also endured a topsy-turvy time, hitting a peak of \$1.34 before dropping to \$1.22 in January and then reaching \$1.27 in early April 2025.

USA Economy

Despite the markets willing the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) to repeat the rate cut medicine of 2024 (100 basis points in total), the Fed Chair, Jay Powell, has suggested that the Federal Reserve System Funds Rate will remain anchored at 4.25%-4.5% until inflation is under control, and/or the economy looks like it may head into recession as a consequence of President Trump's tariff policies.

Inflation is close to 3% and annualised growth for Q4 2024 was 2.4%. With unemployment just above 4%, and tax cuts in the pipeline, the FOMC is unlikely to be in a hurry to cut rates, at least for now.

Eurozone Economy

The Eurozone economy has struggled throughout 2024 and is flat lining at present, although there is the promise of substantial expenditure on German defence/infrastructure over the coming years, which would see a fiscal loosening. France has struggled against a difficult political backdrop, but with a large budget deficit it is difficult to see any turn-around in economic hopes in the near-term.

With GDP currently below 1% in the Eurozone, the European Central Bank (ECB) is likely to continue to cut rates, although the headline inflation rate is still above 2% (2.3% February 2025). Currently at 2.5%, a further reduction in the Deposit Rate to at least 2% is highly likely.

8. Other Issues

A. IFRS 9 fair value of investments

Following the consultation undertaken by the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) on IFRS 9, the Government has extended the mandatory statutory override for local authorities to reverse out all unrealised fair value movements resulting from pooled investment funds to 31st March 2029, except for any new pooled investments from 1st April 2024. Local authorities are required to disclose the net impact of the unrealised fair value movements in a separate unusable reserve throughout the duration of the override for the Government to keep the override under review and to maintain a form of transparency.

This is beneficial to the authority. Previously the long-term Pooled Fund investments had a significant fair value gain, however during the COVID pandemic the values of almost all shares globally fell sharply in value during the difficult economic times. Although share prices have slowly recovered since, as at the end of 2024/25, the Council's long-term investments still have an overall fair value loss of £0.181m against a total value of £20m. Although this is not a huge value, if the IFRS 9 statutory override had not been extended to 2029, the authority would have been required to set aside a treasury reserve to the value of £0.181m which would have negatively impacted the year-end financial position.

B. Changes in risk appetite

The Treasury has not changed its risk appetite during the year 2024/25. The focus of the treasury is to safeguard taxpayers' money by investing in low-risk counterparties and maintaining a diverse portfolio, and then secondly to generate a return on investments. All borrowing is undertaken at the lowest rates available.

C. Counterparty limits

The counterparty limits have not changed during 2024/25 as set out in the Treasury Strategy 2024/25.

D. IFRS 16

From 1st April 2024, a new International Financial Report Standard, IFRS 16, came into effect for Local Authorities. IFRS 16 introduces a new 'Right of Use' asset class to the balance sheet from 2024/25 and onward and recognises the corresponding lease liability. The standard was primarily intended to bring transparency to leases in the financial statements of companies, by reducing the number of off-balance sheet leases, to enable informed comparisons within business sectors.

The impact from the 1st Aril 2024, will mean any current or new operational leases, not exempt due to certain conditions, will now be recognised on the balance sheet as a 'Right of Use' asset with a corresponding lease liability. This has financial implications for the Council's Treasury Management Strategy, its Capital Programme and its Financial Statements.

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Debt Recovery 2024-25	5
Executive Summary	 This is an annual report detailing the council's collection performance and debt management arrangements for 2024/25. It includes: A summary of debts written off in each debt area showing the reasons for write-off and values. Collection performance for Council Tax and Non-Domestic Rates. Level of arrears outstanding Level of provision for bad and doubtful debts
Options considered.	To leave the write-off limits as they currently are or to increase these to a higher figure.
Consultation(s)	We are pleased to reach this year's collection performance targets for council tax & Non-Domestic (Business) Rates whilst also working hard to reduce avoidance and fraud which with the cost-of-living crisis is a difficult time to for enforcement.
Recommendations	 That Cabinet recommend to full Council that it: 1. approves the annual report which details the Council's write-offs, in accordance with the Council's Debt Write-Off Policy and performance in relation to revenues collection. 2. approves the continued delegated authority as shown in appendix 2 for write offs.
Reasons for recommendations	The recommendations ensure the Council makes best use of its staff resources and manages its finances to ensure best value for money.
Background papers	Corporate Debt Management and Recovery Policy - Appendix 1; Debt Write Off Policy - Appendix 2 and Recovery Methods including Enforcement Agent Code of Practice and Enforcement Agent Instructions - Appendix 3.

Wards affected	All wards
Cabinet member(s)	Lucy Shires
Contact Officer	Sean Knight
	Revenues Manger
	Sean.Knight@north-norfolk.gov.uk

Links to key documents:			
Corporate Plan:	A Strong, Responsible, & Accountable Council.		
Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS)	Maximises Income of revenues.		

Council Policies &	Corporate Debt Management and Recovery Policy and Debt
Strategies	Write Off Policy

Corporate Governance:	
Is this a key decision	Yes.
Has the public interest test been applied	Yes.
Details of any previous decision(s) on this matter	July 2024 for the 2023/24 Debt Report.

1. Purpose of the report

This is an annual report detailing the council's collection performance and debt management arrangements for 2024/25.

The report includes a:

- A summary of debts written off in each debt area showing the reasons for write-off and values.
- Collection performance for Council Tax and Non- Domestic Rates.
- Level of arrears outstanding
- Level of provision for bad and doubtful debts

2. Introduction & Background

Introduction

The Corporate Debt Management annual report is one of the performance managements measures to provide members with outturn figures for 2024/25 for the following:

- A summary of debts written off in each debt area showing the reasons for write off and values.
- Collection performance for Council Tax and Non Domestic Rates (NNDR).
- Level of arrears outstanding
- Level of provision for bad and doubtful debts

Background

Writing off bad debts is a necessary function of any organisation collecting money. The Council is committed to ensuring that debt write offs are kept to a minimum by taking all reasonable steps to collect monies due. There will be situations where the debt recovery process fails to recover some or all the debt and will need to be considered for write off. The Council views such cases very much as exceptions and this report identify those debts.

3. **Proposals and Options**

Performance
Below are a summary of the Council's three main income streams and the level of debt associated with each, for the last four financial years.

Table 1

Income Area	Year/Date	Total Arrears on 31 st March All Years (after write offs) * (£)	Current Years Arrears Included (After write – offs) ** (£)	% Of Current Arrears v Net Debit	Provision for Bad/Doubtf ul Debt for all years (£)
Council Tax	2021/22	3,654,527	1,548,794	1.90%	1,272,071
	2022/23	4,115,165	1,546,928	1.68%	1,439,591
	2023/24	4,188,131	1,481,904	1.53%	1,562,049
	2024/25	4,182,151	1,555,273	1.52%	1,672,438

Table 2

Income Area	Year/Date	Total Arrears on 31 st March All Years (after write offs) * (£)	Current Years Arrears Included (After write – offs) ** (£)	% Of Current Arrears v Net Debit	Provision for Bad/Doubtf ul Debt for all years (£)
NNDR	2021/22	393,786	106,462	0.56%	254,611
	2022/23	329,183	201,357	0.82%	211,375
	2023/24	406,489	163,204	0.68%	240,984
	2024/25	253,229	115,244	0.44%	148,212

*This is the cumulative arrears (excludes costs) for all years.

** This is the arrears figure as at 31/3/2025. Collection of the 2024/25 debt is ongoing and £307k council tax and £118k NDR has been collected since 22 June 2025 against the previous 2024/25 year's arrears.

The table below shows the level of sundry debt outstanding at the year-end.

Table 3

Income Area	Year	Total Arrears on 31st March All	Raised	against debit at	Provision for
		Years (after	End of Year	year end	Bad/Debt
		write offs) (£)	(£)		for all
					years (£)
Sundry Income	2021/22	643,957	7,085,105	9.09%	189,373
	2022/23	1,059,575	7,470,570	14.20%	254,248
	2023/24	1,332,459	8,394,985	15.87%	222,967
	2024/25	833,552	7,093,184	11.75%	£41,074

Figures previously included overpayments being recovered through weekly reclaim against ongoing Housing Benefit. The value of overpayments shown above from 2019/20 onwards are not treated as a corporate debt as they have not been invoiced. The value of these debts is recorded against the subsidy claim and will now be reported separately.

The table below shows the net collectable debit raised across the number of bills/invoices and the total arrears of each.

Table 4

Income Area	Year/Date	Net Collectable Debit (£)	Number of Accounts	Average Amount per Account (after adjustments) (£)	Total of all Years Arrears (£)
	2021/22	81,511,373	55,825	1,460	3,654,527
Council	2022/23	91,952,456	55,804	1,648	4,037,735
Tax	2023/24	96,822,771	56,238	1,722	4,188,131
	2024/25	102,643,972	56,723	1,810	4,182,151
	2021/22	19,105,144	8,158	2,342	393,786
NNDR	2022/23	24,700,970	8,327	2,966	329,183
ININDK	2023/24	24,056,007	8,085	2,975	406,447
	2024/25	26,031,863	7,843	3,319	253,229
	2021/22	7,085,105	5,637	1,257	657,258
Sundry	2022/23	7,470,570	5,733	1,303	1,059,575
Income	2023/24	8,394,985	6,433	1,305	1,332,459
	2024/25	7,093,184	6,750	1,051	833,552

The table below shows the collection performance of council tax and Non-Domestic (Business) Rates over the past four years.

Table 5

Income Area	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Target 2024/25
Council Tax	98.1	98.27	98.37	98.37	98.20%
NNDR	99.24	99.25	99.29	99.45	99.20%

There have been several changes over the past few years that have affected council tax charges. From April 2013, support for council tax was localised. The Government reduced the level of funding that it had previously provided to cover the cost of the support (council tax benefit). All those of working age who had previously been on 100% benefit had to pay a minimum of 8.5%. In addition, some people on benefits were also affected by other welfare reform changes – e.g., under occupation of properties in the social sector, the benefit cap, and Universal Credit, putting additional pressure on incomes. In addition to the welfare, changes there were several technical changes to council tax. These included an increase in the charge for empty properties with additional premiums for those empty for more than one, five and ten years, a reduction in the second homes discounts and those properties undergoing structural repair and alteration. These changes affected the level of council tax to be collected and the ability of some

residents to pay. The target for council tax collection continues to be challenging given the above.

There are no longer national indicators for the collection of Council Tax and Non-Domestic (Business) Rates. The performance indicator (PI) is retained as a local PI and continues to be monitored monthly. An important part of debt management is to ensure that bills are sent out accurately and timely and that council tax and business ratepayers are aware of any appropriate discounts, exemptions, reliefs, and benefit entitlement they may apply. Information is sent with the annual bills and is shown on our web site with service information being provided on these. The ongoing promotion of Direct Debit also forms an important part of debt management where 77% of council taxpayers are paying by direct debit and 30% of NNDR customers pay by direct debit.

The Government has made the Small Business Rate Relief (SBRR) scheme more generous from 1 April 2017. Small businesses with a Rateable Value below £12,001 are now entitled to receive 100% relief (increase funded by Government). Small businesses with a Rateable Value between £12,000 and £15,001 may now be entitled to receive a percentage reduction in their rates bill. There have been several new relief schemes to help small businesses with Non-Domestic Rates over the past few years.

The Government's NDR Retail Discount Scheme was implemented from 2019/20 to award retail businesses with a third off their net rates bill. This was increased to 50% from 2020/21 and then changed to the 100% NDR Expanded Discount Scheme. A Nursery Discount Scheme for 100% was also implemented alongside the Business Grant Schemes.

Since March 2020 because of the pandemic and the effect of this on customers' ability to pay, we took the unprecedented step to stop all council tax and Non-Domestic Rates recovery work. Customers were given the opportunity to defer or delay paying us whilst they sort out their personal and business finances. We started sending out soft reminders from August 2020 with court attendances starting again later in the same year. This did impact on the collection performance and arrears.

Non-Domestic Rates had the introduction of the Covid Additional Relief Fund (CARF) for 2021/22 where we agreed on a scheme across most of Norfolk. This scheme awarded a discretionary relief to businesses who were unable to gain other covid business grants instead of allowing them to appeal their rateable value.

The 100% NDR Retail Discount was reduced further from 1 July 2022 to 66% and from 1 April 2022 to 50% discount.

3.1 Write-Offs

The table below shows in summary the amounts of debts that have been written off over the last four years.

Table 6

Income Area	2021/22 (£)	2022/23 (£)	2023/24 (£)	2024/25 (£)
Council Tax	133,790	159,939	113,208	229,725
NNDR	3,957	49,224	25,031	90,488
Sundry Income only	12,595	35,077	50,707	55,271

The table below details the category of debts that have been written off over the year 2023/24 (includes costs) for all years.

Table 7

Category	Council Tax (£)	NNDR (£)	Sundry Income (£)
Unable or Uneconomic to collect / bailiff unable to collect	912	9	
Debtor deceased	10,951	0	
Debtor absconded	112,684	12,683	
Debtor in bankruptcy, liquidation or other Insolvency proceedings	93,704	70,957	Information on
Disputed Liability Debt cannot be proved (conflict of evidence)	4,137	5,195	category not held on the
III health & no means	1,106	0	finance system.
Undue hardship	-287	191	
Debt remitted by the Court	0	0	
Irrecoverable	3,932	1,453	
Detained/Prison	2,586	0	
Other	0	0	
Totals	229,725	90,488	55,271

The level of Council Tax and Non-Domestic (Business) Rates debts written off has increased since last year. The Council Tax and Non-Domestic (Business) Rates debts that have been written off are principally debts from insolvency or absconders. Whilst every effort is made to trace debtors there is several debtors that cannot be traced, and the debt must be written off.

4. Corporate Priorities

This report is linked to the Corporate Plan under A Strong, Responsible and Accountable Council.

We will ensure the Council maintains a financially sound position, seeking to make best use of its staff resources, effective partnership working and maximising the opportunities of external funding and income.

We aim to provide effective and efficient delivery of the Revenues Service. Managing our finances to ensure best value for money, continuing a service improvement programme to ensure our services are delivered efficiently, providing services that are value for money and meet the needs of our residents , ensuring that strong governance is at the heart of all we do, creating a culture that empowers and fosters an ambitious, motivated workforce and exploring opportunities to work further with stakeholders and partner organisations.

5. Financial and Resource Implications

There are no resource implications here.

Comments from the S151 Officer:

Collection of income is critical to the Council as the Budget is based on an assumed level of income that the Council will receive for the year. The collection rates achieved by the Revenues team is excellent and this is recognised.

The Council makes every effort to collect outstanding debts and it is only after all avenues for recovery have been exhausted then a debt is considered for write off.

6. Legal Implications

There are no legal implications here.

Comments from the Monitoring Officer

This report details the Council's main income streams and its performance relating to collection as well as our policy and practice in regard to write offs. There are no apparent specific governance or legal issues arising.

7. Risks

The Council is already required to make provision for bad and doubtful debts. The additional information gained from this report will help improve monitoring and our ability to consider the appropriateness of the provisions in a more accurate way.

8. Net Zero Target

This report does not raise any issues relating to the Net Zero target.

9. Equality, Diversity & Inclusion

The Debt Management & Recovery Policy takes account of the impact that getting into debt can have on people and their families, so it also encourages people to pay, and aims to provide reasonable facilities and assistance for them to do so.

Before writing off debt, the Council will satisfy itself that all reasonable steps have been considered to collect it and that no further recovery action is possible or practicable. It will consider the age, size, and types of debt, together with any other factors that it feels are relevant to the individual case. All write-offs are dealt with in the same fair and consistent way in line with equality and diversity issues.

While you can be sent to prison for up to 3 months if the court decides you don't have a good reason to not pay your Council Tax and you refuse to do so it is not our Council's policy to take such action where there is an inability to pay and there is a range of support which the Council offers in order to avoid this.

10. Community Safety issues

This report does not raise any issues relating to the community safety issues.

11. Conclusion and Recommendations

This is an annual report detailing the council's collection performance and debt management arrangements for 2024/25

The report includes a:

- A summary of debts written off in each debt area showing the reasons for write-off and values.
- Collection performance for Council Tax and Non- Domestic Rates.
- Level of arrears outstanding
- Level of provision for bad and doubtful debts

This is a recommendation to Full Council.

To approve the annual report giving details of the Council's write-offs in accordance with the Council's Debt Write-Off Policy and performance in relation to revenues collection.

To continue to approve the delegated authority as shown in appendix 2 for write offs.

Appendix 1

CORPORATE DEBT MANAGEMENT AND RECOVERY POLICY

INTRODUCTION

Effective debt management is crucial to the success of any organisation. It is essential that this authority has clear policies and strategies to help prevent debt in the first instance and then manage the recovery of debt where prevention has failed. If the Council is to achieve its aim of first class resource management, then it must seek to recover all debts due and sustain collection rates. It also has a key role in the prevention of debt, and in providing advice and assistance to clients where there is genuine hardship.

This policy has therefore been designed to address these concerns. Its implementation aims to deliver measurable service improvement and adherence to recognised good practice. Members need to be confident that debt is being managed within the parameters set by this document.

The following policies have been prepared within this framework:

Debt Write -Off policy as shown in Appendix 2.

POLICY AIMS

The key aims of this policy are as follows:

- To identify debtors as early as possible, and consider fully the debtors circumstances and ability to pay, and so distinguish from the outset between the debtor who won't pay, and the debtor who genuinely can't pay.
- To work with the client to clear the debt as soon as possible. To ensure a professional, consistent and timely approach to recovery action across all of the Council's functions.
- To cost effectively pursue all debts owed to the Council, seeking to maintain and improve on the levels of income collected by the authority.
- To promote a co-ordinated approach towards sharing debtor information and managing multiple debts owed to the Council. To actively work alongside approved advice agencies to seek early identification of clients who are failing to meet multiple debt liabilities.
- To only write debt off once all avenues have been exhausted for the recovery of debt. This is in accordance with the Council's write-off policy.
- To treat individuals consistently and fairly regardless of age, sex, gender, disability, ethnicity, race or sexual orientation, and to ensure that individual's rights under General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) and Human Rights legislation are protected.

SUPPORTING THE COUNCIL'S CORPORATE PRIORITIES

This Policy supports the Council's drive towards continuous improvement whilst recognising equality and diversity issues. It is reflective of the values and standards adopted by this Council within the Corporate Plan and contribute towards the following priorities:

First Class Resource Management – To manage the Council's resources efficiently and effectively and to make sensible choices in setting priority led service budgets which do not burden council tax payers with unnecessary or unjustifiable costs.

Better Access to Council Services – To improve customer service through all access channels, and to move towards a fully integrated front office with multi-agency enquiry-handling capacity.

The Policy also supports the wider aim of improving service provision through partnership working by seeking to maximise the benefits of external debt advisory agencies.

DEBTS COVERED BY THIS POLICY

The main section involved in debt recovery is Finance.

The debts involved are primarily:

- Council Tax
- National Non Domestic Rates
- Sundry Income

The policy will apply to all sections of the Council and focus on collecting the charge set rather than how the charge is arrived at. Ability to pay is a paramount concern when considering debt recovery. For Council Tax a discretionary scheme (Council Tax Support) is provided on application, which is designed to offset the effects of low income on ability to pay.

Charging policy, statutory or discretionary will never completely remove the problems of people and families on low incomes. The approach to recovery must therefore be sensitive to individual circumstances and take into account multiple debts owed to ensure that arrangements are manageable. The primary aim remains the recovery of debt and improved data sharing will support this aim.

THE LEGAL AND POLICY FRAMEWORK FOR RECOVERY

The Council has a legal duty to ensure cost-effective billing, collection and recovery of all sums due to the Council. This policy is in addition to existing legislation and will provide a framework for procedures to be developed and improved.

This debt recovery policy is concerned primarily with the recovery of debts prior to legal action being taken, but the principles should still be applied wherever appropriate even if litigation has commenced.

Local Taxation

Council Tax recovery procedures are laid down by statute in The Council Tax (Administration and Enforcement) Regulations 1992 and subsequent amendments.

National Non-Domestic Rates recovery procedures are laid down by statute in The Local Government Finance Act 1988 and subsequent regulations and amendments.

Methods of recovery for council tax and Non-Domestic (Business) Rates debts are outlined in Appendix 3.

The Council appoints Enforcement Agents to recover local taxation arrears in accordance with an enforcement protocol. Changes to legislation came in from April 2014 under The Taking Control of Goods (Fees) Regulations 2014 nationally standardising fees and charges and an enforcement protocol for bailiffs. Since this date, bailiffs became known as Enforcement Agents. The changes to the legislation are to ensure that the rates and charges added by the Enforcement Agents are transparent and nationally set making it easier for debtors to understand the consequences of non-compliance and the powers available to Enforcement Agents. The Enforcement Agent Code of Practice & Enforcement Agent Instructions with the statutory fees recoverable is shown in Appendix 3.

Miscellaneous Income

Sundry Debt arrears are collected within a well-established framework, but written guidelines are required. On certain debts, interest may be charged for late payment. The debtor will be made aware of any additional costs in advance so that they have the opportunity to avoid this wherever possible. Customers will also be made aware of legal fees and costs that will be incurred for non-payment.

THE POLICY

- Full names, contact address, email address and a phone number will be established wherever possible prior to service provision or invoicing/billing.
- All Council bills and invoices will be raised as soon as practicable on a daily basis and will include clear, relevant and full information as to:
 - What the bill is for;
 - When payment is due;
 - How to pay;
 - How to contact us if there is a query in relation to the bill or in relation to making payment.
- All letters and reminders will:
 - Be written in plain English;
 - Explain fully what has been agreed and the consequences of non-payment;
 - Include appropriate contact details.
- Debtors will be encouraged to make prompt contact if they disagree with a bill or have difficulty in making payment on time. Contact can be made by:
 - Website
 - Email
 - Telephone
 - Letter
 - In person at the Council Offices.

- Problems and bill discrepancies raised will be resolved as quickly as possible to prevent unnecessary delays in payment and incorrect debits.
- All debtors seeking help due to financial difficulties will:
 - Be given the opportunity to have their ability to pay assessed by the relevant collection unit;
 - Be invited to provide details of their means by listing their income and expenditure. (Evidence to confirm the accuracy of the means statement will be requested if necessary);
 - Be invited to use the money and debt advice services available from the Citizens Advice Bureau (CAB) and other similar organisations;
 - Be asked if they have other debts owing to the Council that they also wish to be considered;
 - Be given access to the Council's interpreter service if required.
- If legal proceedings have already commenced, consideration will be given to whether the debt can firstly be attached to earnings or benefits, the priority of the debts owed and the level of repayments currently being made.
- If a specific recovery action has already commenced e.g. attachment of earnings or the debt has been passed to an Enforcement Agency, the action taken will usually continue. However, any arrears not included in the action will be considered in line with existing arrangements and this policy.
- If it is found that the debtor has the ability to pay, but refuses to pay, then recovery action will continue promptly within the existing arrangements for the type of debt.
- If it is found that the debtor is suffering severe hardship or has difficulty managing their own affairs, the following will be considered:
- Can we reduce the debt? Are they entitled to take up relevant benefits, discounts, exemptions, reliefs or any other reductions to minimise the potential for debt accrual?
- Does the debtor owe money to other Council services? If so the debtor will be advised that, with their consent, all their Council debts may be taken into consideration when deciding on an arrangement. The advantage to the debtor in making a common arrangement is that they may save time and costs. However, it is for the debtor to decide if this is an option they want to pursue.
- If a debtor takes up the offer to deal with all Council debts collectively, the various services will communicate the debtor's details confidentially between themselves and will endeavour to take a holistic approach to collection without prejudice to their own service. An officer will be identified as a single point of contact for the debtor and will act as a liaison between services.
- Where there is no continuous liability a special long-term arrangement may be made according to the ability to pay and the existing recovery provisions such as an attachment of earnings.
- Where liability is continuous e.g. Council Tax, NNDR any arrangement made will normally require payments over and above the on-going monthly liability. Future instalments must be paid when due as a condition of the arrangement.

Longer term arrangements for older arrears will be strictly monitored and reviewed. If there is no improvement by the review date and if the amount payable cannot be reduced (by awarding Council Tax Support or other reliefs, discounts, exemptions etc.), the Council will reserve the right to continue with legal action, and in the case of Local Taxation, obtain a Liability O rder from the Magistrates' Court. This is to protect the Council's interests and prevent the debt from becoming statute barred and irrecoverable. Nevertheless regular contact with the debtor will be made and part payments will be accepted to reduce the overall debt. Furthermore it is not in the debtor's best interest to have a long term arrangement when liability is continuous, since the level of debt will increase as time goes by and the debtor's situation deteriorate rather than improve.

- If a debtor is receiving Income Support or Job Seekers Allowance, this will usually limit the ability to pay to no more than the amount that can be paid directly to creditors by the Department of Work and Pensions (DWP). Where appropriate, a separate agreement will be made for additional debts and Liability Orders depending on the individual's circumstances.
- Debtors given time to pay will be advised to contact the Council immediately should they experience a change of circumstances affecting their ability to pay. This is to discuss the options available to prevent recovery action and additional costs.

If a debtor fails to co-operate by:

- Refusing to provide details of their means, and/or
- Not consenting to multiple debts being dealt with together, and/or
- Failing to pay a special arrangement on time without contact, then recovery action will be taken promptly in the normal way.
- If there are council tax arrears on properties of over £1,000, then we are able to apply for a charging order. This basically means we register our interest against a property and when it is sold, we receive the payment out of the proceeds of sale. Some customers ask us to use this method where they have no or low income and are in the process of selling their property. This method is also used where other recovery action has not been successful and the property is empty or a second home. This helps bring the property back into use. Where the property is occupied and there is very large debt because of repeated non-payment, then this method will be considered on a case by case basis with the portfolio member.

LIMITATIONS ON DEBT RECOVERY

All Enforcement Agents appointed will work to an agreed Enforcement Agent Code of Practice & Enforcement Agent Instructions as shown in Appendix 3.

PROCEDURES AND TRAINING

This policy will be made available to all staff dealing with income collection and recovery. This will be reinforced with training and management supervision of all staff involved in collecting debt.

MONITORING

Each section will be responsible for ensuring that this policy is adhered to and effective. Management information will be required for each debt stream on a monthly basis.

Revised 24 June 2025. This page is intentionally left blank

DEBT WRITE OFF POLICY

- 1. This forms part of the Council's Corporate Debt Management and Recovery policy (Appendix 2).
- 2. The Council is committed to ensuring that debt write offs are kept to a minimum by taking all reasonable steps to collect monies due. There will be situations where the debt recovery process fails to recover some or all of the debt and will need to be considered for write off. The Council views such cases very much as exceptions and this document provides the framework within which procedures must be documented and followed.
- 3. The Debt Management and Recovery policy takes account of the impact that getting into debt can have on people and their families, so it also encourages people to pay, and aims to provide all reasonable facilities and assistance for them to do so. Before writing off debt, the Council will satisfy itself that all reasonable steps have been taken to collect it and that no further recovery action is possible or practicable. It will take into account the age, size and types of debt, together with any other factors that it feels are relevant to the individual case.

Category	Requirement	Action
De-minimus / Uneconomic to collect	Debts less than £25.00 would not be cost effective to pursue. Sundry Income Debts of £100 plus which have been returned from tracing agents and where legal costs will exceed the debt.	Submit for Write Off
Debtor deceased – No Estate	Insufficient funds in estate to discharge debt.	Submit for Write Off
Debtor absconded / Unable to Trace / Detained or Imprisonment *	All attempts to trace debtor have failed. Including tracing agent for debts over £25.00. Including long-term imprisonment (12 months) or more.	Submit for Write Off
Debtor in bankruptcy or liquidation or other insolvency proceedings including Debt Relief Orders**	A claim against the debtor has been lodged with the administrators. No dividend is to be paid or the balance after the dividend is submitted.	Submit for Write Off
Debt cannot be proved (conflict of evidence)	An explanation should be given as to why recovery cannot be made.	Submit for Write Off
III Health & no means	Written evidence of one of the following criteria: 1. Terminal illness and limited means 2. Where payment would cause further ill health 3. Old age and frailty and no financial	Submit for Write Off

4. The Council will only consider write off in the following circumstances:

	 assistance 4. Severely mentally impaired and no financial assistance 5. Long term hospitalisation or residential care and no means to pay 	
Undue hardship and debt remaining following negotiated settlement.	Where the debtor can provide written evidence of genuine financial difficulty, showing evidence of inability to pay even small instalments, or that such payment will cause undue hardship.	Submit for Write Off
Debt remitted by the Court	Action in the Magistrates Court has resulted in the Magistrates remitting the debt, leaving the Council with no alternative but to write off the amount.	Submit for Write Off
Irrecoverable / Out of Jurisdiction***	The debtor has moved out of legal jurisdiction or the debt has been returned nulla bona and all other recovery avenues have failed.	Submit for Write Off

* If a debtor's whereabouts become known after the write-off has been approved, then the debt should be written back on.

** If a dividend is subsequently paid, then the debt should be written back on. *** If the debtor subsequently moves back into legal jurisdiction, then the debt should be written back on.

- 5. Debts will normally only be considered for write off where the account is "closed" (i.e. no recurring debt). Only in exceptional circumstances will amounts on "live" (i.e. ongoing accruing debt) accounts be considered for write off. Such cases must demonstrate that further recovery action will not achieve collection of the debt.
- 6. The Director for Resources will be accountable to Cabinet Committee for the effective management of debt write offs and will ensure that appropriate performance management arrangements are introduced across all Council service and debt areas.
- 7. Decisions on the write off of individual debts will be taken in accordance with the Council's Scheme of Delegation. They must also comply with all relevant statutory requirements and those of the Director for Resources or designated representative(s).
- 8. Cabinet Committee will receive an annual report from the Director for Resources summarising performance on debt write offs during the previous year.
- 9. Each Service Head will be responsible for the initial recovery of debt within their service. Where the debt is collected through Sundry Income the Director for Resources will be responsible. Once recovery action is required, this must be passed to the recovery section who will then take ownership of the debt.
- 10. The Heads of Service will be responsible for the regular review of debts and will consider the need for write off of individual debts within their jurisdiction, monthly.

- 11. Negotiated settlements generally result in the need for a write off. Any negotiation of a settlement <u>at court</u> will be the responsibility of the Court Officer, as such, situations cannot be planned and we need to respond immediately. Any other negotiated settlement will require approval according to the Scheme of Delegation i.e. the write off amount is the sum being remitted through negotiation.
- 12. Prior to write off being proposed, the debt will be reviewed to ensure that no further recovery action is possible or practicable.
- 13. Following the appropriate investigation, those debts still considered irrecoverable will be proposed for write off. The following information needs to be provided for each debt to the officer who authorises the write offs:
 - Debtors name
 - Debtors address
 - Description of debt
 - Period of debt and / or date of invoice
 - Amount to be written off
 - Reason for write off

Supporting documentation must be retained and available that shows:

- Evidence to support write off
- Recovery history
- > Details of tracing and enquiries carried out

In considering a debt for write-off, the following conditions will apply:

- Each case will be considered on its merits
- Each request will be supported by relevant documentation
- Each case will receive authorisation from the appropriate authorised officer.
- 14. Appropriate records of all authorised write offs will be maintained and reviewed periodically against live caseload. This will enable any trends to be identified and will support the review of the Policy every 12 months.
- 15. Authorisation levels are reflected in the Scheme of Delegation within the following parameter.

Section Manager / Team Leader	up to £5,000
Head of Service / Revenues Manager	up to £20,000
Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer	up to £30,000
Director for Resources or Chief Executive in consultation	ion
with the Portfolio Member	over £30,000

- 16. The revenues manager will record all write-off decisions, and provide a summary to the Director for Resources. This will be available for further Scrutiny, for Audit purposes and for reporting to Cabinet.
- 17. The Director for Resources will submit an annual report to Cabinet identifying the following:
 - A summary of debts written off in each debt area showing reason for write-off, values and number of cases.
 - Collection performance for each service area
 - Level of arrears outstanding
 - Level of provision for bad and doubtful debts

Appendix 2

Reviewed 24 June 2025.

Appendix 3

Methods of debt recovery.

Attachment of Earnings Order

The Council can order an employer to make deductions from earnings of their employee and to pay the deducted amount to the Council. Failure to comply with the order may result in the employer being fined.

The amount deducted will be in line with regulations and will depend on earnings. Employers can deduct £1 per order for every time a deduction is made to cover administration costs and deductions will continue until the debt is paid. Changes in employment must be reported to the Revenues Team within two weeks.

Deductions from Department for Work and Pensions benefits

The Council can ask the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) to make deductions from Universal Credit, Income Support, Jobseekers Allowance, Pension Credit or Employment Support Allowance.

The amount deducted will be in line with regulations and will depend on the amount of benefit in payment and any existing deductions in force. Changes to benefit entitlement must be reported to the Revenues Team within two weeks.

External agencies

We work in partnership with several specialist companies in our efforts to recover unpaid council tax and business rates. These companies provide additional support and are specialists in their respective area of recovery. External companies are used for debt collection work, tracing absconders, enforcement action and insolvency. Costs will be added to the debt and external agencies will be used if all other attempts to recover the debt have failed.

Once a case is referred to the debt recovery specialist, all further contact will be referred to the practitioner. The documents issued will recommend the debtor seek their own independent legal advice.

Bankruptcy/insolvency

If the debt owed is more than £5,000 bankruptcy/insolvency proceedings will be considered. There are significant costs associated with this method of recovery, that are incurred by the customer, and their home may be at risk.

A full risk assessment will be undertaken by the Revenues Team using all the information available from the council's records including Land Registry checks, credit reference reports and Companies House records where applicable.

The team will liaise with Social Prescribing Team and other relevant partners to check for vulnerability before proceeding. All cases referred to our debt recovery solicitors for bankruptcy proceedings will be authorised by the Revenues Manager.

Charging orders

When a customer owns property a Charging Order may be appropriate. Once a Charging Order has been granted against a property, the Council can apply to the court for an Order for Sale and force the property to be sold and the debt recovered from the proceeds of the sale. There are significant costs associated with this method of recovery, that are incurred by the customer, and their home may be lost so these proceedings will be used with caution. A full risk assessment will be undertaken by the Revenues Team using all the information available from the Council's records including Land Registry checks, credit reference reports and Companies House records where applicable.

The team will liaise with Social Prescribing Team and other relevant partners to check for vulnerability before proceeding. All cases referred for Charging Orders will be authorised by the Revenues Manager.

A factor to consider when deciding to proceed with a Charging Order would be the length of time it will take for the Council to receive the money which may run into years. Once a Charging Order has been granted against a property, the Council can apply to the court for an order to evict and force the property to be sold and the debt recovered from the proceeds of the sale.

The Council may still look to recover any debt that remains not covered by the Charging Order, by other methods.

Tracing debts

All debts owed to the council will be pursued. If the debtor leaves their last known address without a forwarding address, the Council will use various means of tracing the debtor which may involve external tracing agents.

Winding up (Business Rates)

If the ratepayer is a limited company, the Council can apply to 'wind up' the business. There are significant costs associated with this method of recovery that are incurred by the ratepayer.

After agreeing this method of recovery against a business, the Council will send a formal request for payment advising of the intended action and subsequent consequences if the debt is not paid. If no response is received within 14 days, the Council will consider whether a petition for the winding up of the company should be issued.

If the Council seeks a petition from the High Court, the petition will be served on the ratepayer advising them of a date and time of the hearing. At this stage, significant costs are added to the debt.

If the ratepayer refuses to attend court to make representation to the judge, this generally results in the company being wound up. Once the company has been wound up, the matter is then referred to the Official Receiver.

Enforcement agents

the Council will instruct their Enforcement Agents to collect the balance owing when a customer has failed to provide income details, failed to agree an acceptable payment plan and/or make the agreed payments.

The Revenues Team will continually monitor the performance of the Enforcement Agents to ensure they are an efficient and effective collection method. If the Enforcement Agent cannot identify sufficient goods to clear the debt, or cannot gain lawful entry to the property, they will advise the council accordingly. The Revenues Team will then consider further recovery action as appropriate.

Enforcement Agent Code of Practice

Any Enforcement Agent engaged by this Council shall adhere strictly to the provisions contained in the appropriate legislation relevant to taking control of goods and any other instructions laid down by this Council as may be in force at the relevant time.

The Enforcement Agent will not raise or charge any costs or fees in excess of the costs and fees allowed under the regulations in force as shown in the table below: -

Fee Stage	Fixed Fee	Percentage fee (regulation 7): percentage of sum to be recovered exceeding £1500
Compliance Stage	£75.00	0%
Enforcement Stage	£235.00	7.5%
Sale or disposal stage	£110.00	7.5%

Schedule of Enforcement Fees (other than under a High Court Writ)

The above figures are not including VAT.

The Enforcement Agent shall not represent himself as an employee or representative of the Council, unless directly employed by the Council.

- The Enforcement Agent shall not follow any irregular practices with regard to taking control of goods or attempting to take control of goods, or in the execution of warrants and shall not cause nuisance or trespass in the execution of his duties.
- The Enforcement Agent may conduct his business out of normal office hours, (8:30 5:00) but shall at all times consider the reasonableness of the time and the debtor's personal and business movements.
- The Enforcement Agent shall not discriminate against or in favour of a debtor on the grounds of ethnic origin, sex, religion, status, race, colour, creed or disability.
- No removal of goods is to be undertaken without prior authorisation, preferably in writing, by the Client, against the long-term sick, the disabled (either mental or physical) those in hospital, those recently bereaved, those on Income Support, or those where in the opinion of the attending Enforcement Agent to do so would cause the Council unwarranted publicity.
- All Enforcement Agents are required to be Certificated Enforcement Agents of the County Court and either corporate or individual members of CIVEA or working towards it and shall not have, nor permit any of his personnel to have, any criminal convictions or disqualification including those under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 and shall sign a declaration to that effect.
- Debtors are to be given a minimum 14 days' notice before enforcement visits commence.
- The Enforcement Agent shall indemnify the Council against any and all actions arising from any act or omission not occasioned by the Council and those where the Enforcement Agent was aware that there was an act or omission prior to the action taking place.
- Cases where the taking control of and removal of "Tools of the Trade" over the statutory £1350 limit is being sought shall be referred on a case-by-case basis to the Revenues Team Leaders/Revenues Manager. No such removal shall take place without this referral having been made.
- Whilst permitted in legislation, visits are not to be made on Sundays.

Enforcement Agent Instructions

1. General

1.1 It is the Council's policy to be firm yet fair when dealing with our taxpayers.

1.2 Although the Council's preferred method of recovery is Attachment of Earnings or Benefits the Council's Policy is that the most appropriate method shall be used from information available to recover the sums due.

1.3 No method of recovery shall be used which is either not in the Council's best interests or which may bring the Council into disrepute. At all times an attempt should be made to minimise the detrimental effect on the family of the taxpayer whilst ensuring the debt is paid. Special care shall be taken when dealing with vulnerable groups i.e. the elderly, the long-term sick, the disabled (either mental or physical) those in hospital, those recently bereaved, or those on Income Support/Job Seekers Allowance Income Based.

1.4 If there is a genuine inability to pay and the debt is small the Enforcement Agent should pass the information and circumstances to the office so that an informed decision as to the appropriate action can be made.

2. ENFORCEMENT AGENT WORKING PRACTICES.

2.1 The Contractor shall not sub-contract the provision of the service or any parts thereof to any person.

2.2 Work shall be issued to the Enforcement Agent electronically.

2.3 The Enforcement Agent shall conduct his/her affairs in accordance with statutory requirements and comply with the <u>North Norfolk District Councils Code of Conduct for</u> <u>Enforcement Agents</u>, Enforcement Agent Guidelines, Enforcement Agents Code of Practice, and any nationally approved Code of Practice.

2.4 All visits shall be carried out in accordance with legislation.

2.5 The Enforcement Agent shall commence processing all cases issued to him within 3 days of instruction unless otherwise agreed by the Council.

2.7 The Enforcement Agent shall, on each visit to a debtor's premises, present his identification without being requested to do so once it has been confirmed that he is speaking to the debtor.

2.8 The Enforcement Agent shall thoroughly and accurately complete the appropriate visiting documentation provided to him by his employer.

2.11 The Enforcement Agent shall seek completion of signed controlled goods agreements where required.

2.12 The Enforcement Agent shall have regard to the Council's <u>Special Arrangement Policy</u> when considering entering into Controlled goods agreements with the debtor.

2.13 Goods taken into control shall be detailed on the appropriate Enforcement Agency documentation. In the case of electrical goods, serial numbers shall be listed on the inventory.

2.14 In exceptional circumstances, i.e. where the Council or the Enforcement Agent is aware of a debtor's imminent intention to move away or another Enforcement Agents' imminent involvement in one of our cases, the normal process will be by-passed and immediate action to take control of/remove goods to secure the Councils' position shall take place.

2.17 The Enforcement Agent shall provide sufficient and accurate evidence, including a nulla bona certificate, in cases where required.

2.18 The Enforcement Agent shall obtain authorisation from the Revenues Manager or Revenues Team Leader prior to the removal of goods taken control of.

2.19 The Enforcement Agent shall attend Court to act as witness if so required.

2.20 The Enforcement Agent shall immediately inform the Revenues Manager or Revenues Team Leader of any cases of physical or verbal abuse or where any action could lead to an official complaint or legal challenge being directed at the Council.

2.21 The Enforcement Agent shall be notified by the Council within five working days of the posting to an individual's account of payments received or amendments made which alter the balance of any Liability Order currently being processed by him/her.

COUNCIL'S SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT POLICY

• When making special payment arrangements the Enforcement Agent shall endeavour to ensure the arrangement ends within the same financial year, or does not exceed a period of 12 months, having sought approval from a member of the Revenues Team.

• Debtors can be offered the option of weekly or fortnightly instalments instead of monthly.

• If the debtor requests that the instalment profile is extended over a year end or twelvemonth period written or verbal authorisation shall be sought from a member of the Revenues Team

• Remember when making these arrangements to notify the Debtor that the new year's instalments will need to be paid when due.

• All arrangements shall be made subject to the debtor signing a controlled goods agreement.

• Any failure by the debtor to maintain the special arrangement shall result in further recovery action being taken.

Revised 24 June 2025.

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Housing Benefit Debt	t Recovery Report – 1 st April 2024 to 31 st March 2025
Executive Summary	This report provides an update on Housing Benefit debt recovery detailing the Councils' collection performance and debt management arrangements for 2024 – 25.
	The report includes a:
	 A brief overview of Housing Benefit overpayments Housing Benefit Debt Recoveries performance Key trends and known risks to performance Recommendations of future recovery strategies
Options Considered	To continue with the write-off limits at their current levels.
	To continue to recover outstanding debt within the current guidelines.
	The implementation of additional recovery methods to maximise recovery options to the Council.
Consultation(s)	No consultation is required as this is a statutory requirement.
Recommendations	(i) Note the performance of the debt management function carried out by the Benefits service.
	(ii) Note the debt write-offs for the year.
	(iii) Note the emerging impact of Universal Credit on collection levels.
	(iv) To support the implementation of future recovery strategies.
	 (v) To approve the annual report giving details of Housing Benefit Overpayment debt recovery in accordance with the Council's Debt Recovery Policy, Write-Off Policy, and Housing Benefit Overpayment Recovery Policy.
Reasons for recommendations	Recommendation is to approve the annual report in relation to Housing Benefit Overpayment recovery and to approve the continued use of legislated recovery methods to ensure revenue to the Council is maximised.
Background papers	Housing Benefit Overpayment Policy (Appendix 1)
	Corporate Debt Management and Recovery Policy
	Debt Write Off Policy

Wards Affected	All
Cabinet member(s):	Wendy Fredericks
Contact Officer	Trudi Grant, Benefits Manager (01263 516262) <u>trudi.grant@north-norfolk.gov.uk</u> Page 195

Links to key documents:	
Corporate Plan:	Effective income management processes are critical to the delivery of overall Council service objectives. A more efficient income management process contributes to the availability of resources for wider or deeper service provision. It is linked to the Council's Corporate Plan priority of being a strong, responsible, and accountable Council.
Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS)	Housing Benefit debt recovery contributes to the MTFS by improving revenue, supporting financial control, enabling accurate financial planning, and helping meet statutory and audit expectations. We will support the Council in maintaining a financially sound position, seeking to make best use of its staff resources, effective partnership working and maximising the opportunities of external funding and income.
Council Policies & Strategies	Corporate Debt Management and Recovery Policy Debt Write Off Policy Housing Benefit Overpayment Policy (Appendix 1)

Corporate Governance:	
Is this a key decision	Yes
Has the public interest test been applied	Yes - The public interest in recovering Housing Benefit overpayments lies in ensuring the efficient, fair, and responsible use of public funds, which supports the Council's Medium Term Financial Strategy.
Details of any previous decision(s) on this matter	N/A

1. Purpose of the report

- 1.1 This is an annual report detailing the Council's collection performance and debt management arrangements for 2024/25 in relation to Housing Benefit Overpayment debt.
- 1.2 The report provides the Council with the assurance as to the efficiency and effectiveness of its collection and recovery policies and systems. Page 196

2. Introduction

- 2.1 The Benefits Team is responsible for the collection of Housing Benefit overpayments. It is important that we have robust procedures in place for the collection of overpaid Housing Benefit. This is a key income stream for the Council which offsets against any Housing Benefit subsidy losses.
- 2.2 Housing Benefit overpayments are one of the most difficult debts to collect as the debtor is often receiving benefits, is on a low income or is vulnerable. Notwithstanding this, the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) is clear that local authorities should maximise all recovery options and should make use of networks and intelligence to support the recovery process.
- 2.3 The Government publishes statistics on the amount of Housing Benefit that local authorities have identified as overpaid to claimants, the amount recovered, and the amount written off. The statistics are published twice yearly, in March and September and are based on the Housing Benefit Debt Recovery (HBDR) returns we submit to the DWP each quarter. North Norfolk District Council's performance and how it compares regionally is shown in section 10.5 to 10.7 of this report.

3. Housing Benefit Caseload

- 3.1 Housing Benefit (HB) is an income-related benefit that is intended to help meet housing costs for rented accommodation. Housing Benefit is treated as a legacy benefit and is being replaced for most working-age claimants (with some exceptions) by the housing element of Universal Credit (UC). This process is referred to as Managed Migration.
- 3.2 The number of people claiming HB has been steadily decreasing and will continue to fall as legacy HB claims transfer to UC. This downward trend is reflected below illustrating approx. 20% decline over the last 10 years.



3.3 Looking ahead, managed migration of UC, will impede our recovery performance. We have identified all known risks to our service delivery associated with managed migration and we are taking steps to mitigate these with debt recovery being one of the areas being monitored.
Page 197

3.4 Where the number of people claiming HB is reducing, the amount of overpaid HB identified by local authorities will reduce, as well as the amount of overpaid HB we can recover. In addition to this the administration grant for HB received from the DWP and the amount of subsidy we can claim will also reduce over time.

4. What is an overpayment

- 4.1 An overpayment occurs where an amount of HB has been paid to which there is no entitlement. This can happen for several reasons including the claimant giving incorrect or incomplete information, the claimant delaying in reporting changes which may affect their entitlement or the Council making an error when calculating or paying HB.
- 4.2 Changes in circumstances can be identified through DWP data matches or may be notified by the claimant or a third party.
- 4.3 There are also overpayments that are caused by deliberate fraud or wilful neglect in reporting changes that would have led to a lower entitlement which create large overpayments for individuals who then struggle to repay the amounts.
- 4.4 Example of Housing Benefit overpayment:

Mr H of 1 Street receives £50 per week in HB. *Mr* H has currently been paid Housing Benefit up to Sunday 8th June 2025. On, Monday 9th June 2025, *Mr* H informs the team that he vacated the property he was claiming HB for on Sunday 11th May 2025. An overpayment of HB is created for the period Monday 12th May 2025 to Sunday 8th June 2025 (4 weeks @ £50 per week = £200).

5. The importance of identifying Housing Benefit Overpayments early

- 5.1 Overpayments represent money that was paid out incorrectly and should not have been spent. Identifying and recovering these overpayments helps ensure that public funds are used appropriately and fairly, protecting the public purse.
- 5.2 When Housing Benefit is overpaid, the local authority may not always be able to recover the money, especially in cases of official or local authority error. This means the Council could bear the financial loss. Identifying overpayments early reduces this risk.
- 5.3 If overpayments go undetected, incorrect payments may continue for months or even years. Early identification stops further loss and allows the correct benefit amount to be paid moving forward.
- 5.4 Timely identification helps distinguish between error (e.g., forgetting to report a change in income) and intentional fraud. Addressing overpayments helps reinforce compliance with benefit rules and can deter fraudulent claims.
- 5.5 Overpayments can result in significant debts for claimants if not identified early. Prompt detection allows quicker resolution and a smaller repayment burden, helping to avoid financial hardship.

5.6 Local authorities must demonstrate good financial governance and compliance with DWP regulations. Identifying and classifying overpayments accurately supports audit processes and allows the authority to claim the correct level of subsidy from central Government.

6. Housing Benefit Subsidy

- 6.1 Housing Benefit Subsidy is the mechanism by which we are reimbursed by the DWP for the Housing Benefit we have paid out in each financial year. This is claimed back through the Final Subsidy claim which is subject to an external audit.
- 6.2 The amount we are reimbursed depends on the type of claim, the tenancy type, and any errors or overpayments. The HB Subsidy rates that apply to different types of claims and overpayments are shown below.

Type of Benefit Payment / Overpayment	Subsidy Rate	Notes
Claimant error	40%	Council must attempt recovery to receive this rate.
Local Authority error	0% to 100%	Thresholds determine the amount of subsidy recouped. These are based on the total amount of our Local Authority error overpayments. If we stay below the lower threshold we will receive 100% subsidy back on overpayments. This reduces to 40% if levels go over the lower threshold, and 0% if levels go over the higher threshold which are calculated throughout the year based on overpayment levels.
Official error (e.g. by the DWP)	100%	This is reduced to 0% if the overpayment is recovered. These overpayments are normally written-off as they are official errors and not fair to the claimant to recover.
Fraud overpayments (with prosecution/sanction)	40%	Must meet fraud criteria (e.g. penalty, caution, or conviction)

- 6.3 Councils only receive 40% subsidy on a claimant error overpayment. However, if we can collect anything between 40% to 100%, this is considered additional revenue to the Council and should be recovered in an efficient manner whilst still having regard to the customer's ability to pay.
- 6.4 Using the previous example in 4.4 As the Council has already paid out £200 in HB, there will be a cost to the Council of £120 as it will only get £80 (40%) subsidy back on the original expenditure of £200.
- 6.5 The incentive here is to recover the full £200 as the Council will increase revenue by an additional £80. Page 199

- 6.6 Where an overpayment is being recovered through deductions from ongoing HB payments, full subsidy is claimed (as this is part of a claimant's HB award diverted to the debt rather than paid out) but, where cases migrate to UC, there will simply be no ongoing HB so no subsidy at all.
- 6.7 Our Final Subsidy claim for 2024/25 identified a total of £99,845 in claimant error overpayments of which we receive 40% subsidy = £39,938. Where we can recover the overpayment from ongoing benefit, we would be able to recoup the remaining 60% (£59,907).
- 6.8 The impact of the loss is made worse for Prior Year overpayments. This is where an overpayment is created that spans a previous financial year. The LA will have claimed 100% subsidy on the expenditure as it relates to a previous financial year and would have been included in the Final Subsidy claim for that year. The LA in effect must pay back the DWP 60% of the value of the overpayment and has the 100% subsidy replaced with 40%.
- 6.9 Our Final Subsidy claim for 2024/25, identified £118,779 of claimant error overpayments being created for a previous financial year. We would have claimed 100% subsidy for this expenditure as part of the 2023/24 Final Subsidy claim. We would now have to pay back 60% of this expenditure to the DWP (£71,267). Where we can recover 100% of the overpayment from ongoing benefit, we would be able to recoup the 60% we had to payback.
- 6.10 Continued UC migration will impact the recovery of HB overpayments and recouping subsidy losses.

7. Tackling fraud and error in the Benefits system

- 7.1 Fraud and error are significant risks within the welfare benefits system due to the complexity of regulations and frequent changes in claimant circumstances. We receive approx.8,000 work items each month. Accurate and timely assessments are crucial to avoid incorrect HB payments, reduced subsidy from the DWP, and financial losses for the Council.
- 7.2 We are focused on reducing benefit fraud and error and are currently undertaking the following measures.

Type of measure	Notes
Verification Framework	Evidence requirements for new claims and changes ensures correct and relevant evidence is gathered
	before a payment is made.

The DM/D metables LID recentle submitted by the
The DWP matches HB records submitted by the
Council against other Government databases (HMRC,
DWP).
A Government led data matching exercise. Cross
matches are carried out against data sets supplied by
DWP, HMRC, DVLA, NHS.
DWP lead initiative which supports Councils to improve
the accuracy of HB claims. Targets high risk claims
using data analytics and claim characteristics.
Where there is suspected fraud activity against HB, a
referral is passed to the Single Fraud Investigation
Service (SFIS) for investigation.
Accuracy checks are carried out to ensure accurate
decision making, compliance, prevention of subsidy
loss, improved staff performance and training needs.
Periodic training is completed to ensure officers are
applying correct legislation, verification, and decision
making.
We encourage customers to report changes in their
circumstances through online, social, and paper based
campaigns. We also offer several methods to report a
change.

8. A supportive & informative approach to debt recovery

- 8.1 We are committed to taking a supportive approach to the recovery of HB overpayments, recognising that many residents facing debt are experiencing financial vulnerability, hardship, and complex circumstances. Rather than taking a solely enforcement-led approach, we aim to balance the need of recovering monies owed with compassion and fairness.
- 8.2 With the current cost of living, we find we chase customers for multiple debts who are often in financial difficulty and unable to effectively manage their finances. Many households facing financial hardship, will result in loss of income to the Council as households will need to prioritise household bills such as rent, food, electricity, gas, and water over bills such as Council Tax and HB overpayments. We have also seen households cancelling important services around health and care, which could have a knock on effect to demand for other Council services.
- 8.3 It is important to have efficient and effective recovery mechanisms in place to maintain the Council's cash flow but at the same time using methods that support our most vulnerable residents.
- 8.4 To strengthen our approach to debt recovery, People Services has established a collaborative partnership with Citizens Advice where our vulnerable residents can access early engagement, financial inclusion, and person-centred support.
- 8.5 We are also using the Low Income Family Tracker (LIFT) Dashboard to make informed decisions on a customer's ability to the second decision of a customer's ability to the second decision of a customer's ability to the second decision decision of a customer's ability to the second decision decision of a customer's ability to the second decision decis

the cycle of debt, ensuring they are receiving all benefits and financial support they are entitled to and effectively recovering monies that is owed to the Council.

- 8.6 Our Financial Inclusion work is continuing to maximise households' income through unclaimed benefits and grants and so far, has achieved £5.6 million additional annualised income for residents since 2023.
- 8.7 This approach not only supports ethical and responsible debt recovery, but also strengthens financial resilience, prevents escalation of hardship, tackles poverty, and improves resident outcomes.

9. Current outstanding overpayment levels

- 9.1 While we maximise recovery opportunities through various methods, HB overpayments remain challenging to collect. This is often due to debtors being on low incomes, receiving DWP benefits, or being vulnerable. Fewer recovery options are available for HB overpayments compared to Council Tax or Business Rates, for example.
- 9.2 Where an overpayment occurs and HB remains in payment, we can recover it by deducting a set amount from the ongoing HB entitlement each month. The DWP sets maximum recovery rates; the standard rate is £13.95 per week, increasing to £23.25 per week for overpayments resulting from fraud.
- 9.3 As at May 2025, we are recovering £175,905.82 in overpaid HB against 82 cases using this method. These debts are not yet classed as corporate debt, as they have not been passed to the Sundry Debtor system. They continue to be recorded against the subsidy claim and will transfer to the Sundry Debtor system when the claimant migrates to UC.
- 9.4 In addition to this, as of May 2025, we have £688,000 of overpaid HB to be collected through the Sundry Debtor system. This is spread across 420 accounts.
- 9.5 A small number of debts are being managed by the Finance team through the Civica E-Financials system, as they have existing benefit attachments or payment arrangements which we do not wish to disrupt. The total debt outstanding against these cases is £54,573.

System	Amount of HB overpayment
	outstanding
Open Revenues – Recovery via ongoing	£175,905.82
HB	
Open Revenues – Sundry Debtor	£688,000
Civica Financials – Sundry Debtor	£54,573
Total debt to collect across all	£918,478.82
systems	

9.6 The total debt outstanding across all systems is shown below.

10. Recovery Performance for 2024/25 Page 202

- 10.1 The Government publishes statistics on the amount of Housing Benefit that local authorities have identified as overpaid to claimants, the amount recovered, and the amount written off. The statistics are published twice yearly, in March and September and are based on the Housing Benefit Debt Recovery (HBDR) return we submit to the DWP each quarter.
- 10.2 We attend quarterly meetings with the DWP LA Performance Team where our overpayment recovery performance is one of the areas of service delivery that is reviewed. The DWP has advised that our Housing Benefit Debt Recovery performance is comparatively strong. A recovery rate of between 28% 30% is considered strong by the DWP.
- 10.3 Our collection rate for End of Year 2024/25 was 31.38% which is an increase to the previous year. At the beginning of the 2025 financial year, we have just over £633,000 of overpaid HB debt to collect via the Sundry Debtor system. Please refer to the table below.

HB Debt Recoveries performance						
	FYE	FYE	FYE			
	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26			
	(£)	(£)	(£)			
Overpayment outstanding at the start of year (1 st	660,752	707,598	633,006			
April)						
Overpayments identified throughout the year	336,405	217,056				
Overpayments recovered throughout the year	274,773	257,775				
O/p written off	16,304	37,160				
% recovery against total debt	29.04%	31.38%				

- 10.4 Details of our Housing Benefit overpayment collection performance for Norfolk are shown below. The Council only has rent allowance (private rent cases) overpayments as we do not have any housing stock (rent rebate cases). There is quite a time lag in the national figures being published, and we currently only have national data to September 2024 (Q2).
- 10.5 In Q1 and Q2 for 2024, we have the third highest performance around the recovery of HB overpayments.

			Total value of HB overpayments recovered during the quarter (in thousand £)						
			Q1			Q2	Q2		
			Rent Rebate ¹	Rent Allowance	*Total	Rent Rebate ¹	Rent Allowance	*Total	
E10000020	Norfolk								
E07000143		Breckland	· ·	- 172	172	-	277	277	
E07000144		Broadland	· ·	- 37	37	-	34	34	
E07000145		Great Yarmouth	32	2 52	84	27	50	78	
E07000146		King's Lynn and West Norfolk	3	*	86	*	*	103	
E07000147		North Norfolk		- 160	160	-	148	148	
E07000148		Norwich	127	' 110	237	107	143	250	
E07000149		South Norfolk		- 64	64	-	70	70	

10.6 Through targeted interventions, data matching, and by reaching out to customers to report changes promptly, we have the third highest performance in Q1 and Q2 around identifying HB overpayments, as shown below.

		Total value of HB overpayments identified during the quarter (in thousand $\mathbf{\hat{t}}$)					
		Q1			Q2		
		Rent Rebate ¹	Rent Allowance			Rent Allowance 2	*Total
E1000020	Norfolk						
E07000143	Breckland		120	120	-	335	335
E07000144	Broadland		. 84	84	-	62	62
E07000145	Great Yarmouth	26	5 28	54	23	33	56
E07000146	King's Lynn and West Norfolk	3	* *	46	*	*	115
E07000147	North Norfolk		- 114	114	-	120	120
E07000148	Norwich	78	3 145	223	87	116	204
E07000149	South Norfolk	· ·	- 81	81	1	88	89

10.7 When reviewing performance around the level of outstanding Housing Benefit debt (rent allowance only), we have the third lowest level of outstanding debt across Norfolk in Q1 and the second lowest in Q2, as shown below.

		Total value of HB overpayments outstanding at the start of the quarter (in thousand ${f \pounds}$					
		Q1			Q2		
		Rent	Rent	*Total	Rent	Rent	*Total
		Rebate ¹	Allowance		Rebate ¹ A	llowance	
			2			2	
E10000020	Norfolk						
E07000143	Breckland	-	1,823	1,823	-	1,762	1,762
E07000144	Broadland	-	981	981	-	1,028	1,028
E07000145	Great Yarmouth	448	1,223	1,671	442	1,198	1,640
E07000146	King's Lynn and West Norfolk	*	*	1,619	*	*	1,555
E07000147	North Norfolk	-	1,050	1,050	-	993	993
E07000148	Norwich	2,045	1,951	3,996	1,992	1,983	3,9 7 5
E07000149	South Norfolk	5	749	754	6	757	763

11. Write-Offs

- 11.1 The provision for bad debt for all Housing Benefit Overpayments is £515,113.
- 11.2 Overpayments are only written off following careful consideration and in line with the Corporate Debt Write-Off policy and Housing Benefit Overpayment Policy. The table below shows a summary of the amount of debt written off and reason in 2024/25.

Write off reason	Number of cases	Amount of debt written-off (£)
Bankrupt	50	10,270
Deceased – no estate	32	25,299
Interest charges not able to be	2	107
recovered		
Of ill health	1	228
Undue Hardship	2	180
Uneconomical to recover	17	1,077
Total	104	37,160

12. Risks affecting recovery of overpayments in 2025 and beyond

12.1 There are several factors which could risk the team's performance around the recovery of overpayments.

12.2 Change in volume or value of overpayments

In 2024 we saw an increased level of overpayments outstanding at the start of the financial year compared to the previous year. This was partially attributed to Government initiatives such as the Housing Benefit Award Accuracy scheme, which looks for fraud and error in the system. Whilst such initiatives are welcomed, because of this initiative, an additional £11k of HB overpayments were identified. These initiatives are continuing in 2025. An increase in overpayments will also be seen because of managed migration as Housing Benefit claims end.

12.3 Delays in processing changes in circumstances

If we do not process reported changes before the next payment of Housing Benefit is issued, subsequent overpayments are classified as a Local Authority error and could result in further loss of subsidy and recovery. During 2024 we saw an increase in workloads due to the additional work associated with the managed migration to Universal Credit. Workloads in 2023/24 were calculated at just under 89,000 work items, and for 2024/25 workloads increased to just over 94,000 work items. The increase in workloads is expected to continue during 2025 with the managed migration process due to be completed by 31st March 2026. We are also seeing a reduced team size.

12.4 *Emerging barriers to recovery*

Rising cost of living and economic hardship reduces the claimant's ability to repay debts promptly. We also need to consider the increased levels of financial vulnerability where households are struggling to meet the cost of priority bills such as food, utilities, and rent. This limits the capacity around repayments.

12.5 Transition to Universal Credit and other welfare reforms

As Housing Benefit continues to transition alongside the rollout of Universal Credit (UC), we must adapt our overpayment recovery strategies to account for more complex overlaps and transitional rules. The shift of claims from HB to UC means fewer HB claims but the legacy HB debt remains and must still be recovered.

- 12.6 Where the overpayment would have been recovered directly from ongoing HB payments, once the HB claim ends due to the transition to UC, the debt is more difficult to recover. Normal practice would be to recover through an Attachment of Benefits directly from the UC payment, but HB is seen as a low priority debt when the DWP handles attachments of benefits and other debts such as Council Tax and utilities take precedence.
- 12.7 Welfare reforms have been announced by the Government around disability benefits. This will affect households from 2026 where access to certain disability benefits and components will be reduced. Potentially, this will lead to households having less income to repay debts and pay for essential cost of living items.

12.8 Debt pandemic

As we entered 2024 many families were feeling the effects of the cost of living crisis, rising inflation and higher interest rates. These pressures add to debt, further stretching household budgets, and many people are turning to credit to cover essential costs.

- 12.9 Unsecured debts like credit cards, personal loans, and buy now pay later schemes are becoming more common, and some households are falling into a cycle of high interest borrowing that only worsens their financial situation.
- 12.10 At the same time, a major issue is the £32 million in unclaimed benefits and support across North Norfolk that could help struggling families. Many people are unaware of the help available to them, and this gap in access to support remains a significant problem. This is detailed below.

£32,016,699 is unclaimed in North Norfolk 21,350 people are not claiming support		
Total amount unclaimed in North Norfolk	£32,016,699	21,350
Universal Credit amount	£17,330,417	1,614
Pension Credit amount	£3,292,751	1,594
Carer's Allowance amount	£2,926,123	687
HB (pensioner) amount	£1,937,082	550
Child Benefit amount	£1,997,617	1,046
FSM amount	£1,408,760	Not available
Healthy Start amount	£267,444	184
Water social tariffs amount	£96,480	713
Broadband amount	£1,975,401	9,877
WHD amount	£594,348	3,962
Free TV Licences amount	£190,275	1,123

Source: Policy in Practice Missing Out Report 2024

13. Proposals and options Improvements and recommendations for future overpayment recovery

- 13.1 In response to the risks forecast for the recovery of overpaid Housing Benefit, the following outlines forward looking options we are considering mitigating risk and enhancing recovery while ensuring a fair and supportive approach.
- 13.2 Digital data driven recovery

We are committed to improving the management and recovery of debts owed by residents while ensuring a compassionate and effective approach to those experiencing financial hardship. To achieve this, we will continue to utilise the Benefits and Council Tax data linked through the Low Income Family Tracker (LIFT) Dashboard.

- 13.3 The LIFT Dashboard will enable us to identify households with multiple debts owed to the Council, facilitating targeted interventions including income maximisation, attachment of benefits where appropriate, and consideration of debt write-offs to reduce overall indebtedness.
- 13.4 We seek to strengthen cross-departmental collaboration using the LIFT Dashboard to focus on households who are prover or have fallen into Council Tax arrears.

Recognising that arrears often arise from insufficient income to meet basic living costs; we will work to understand individual circumstances and ability to pay and proactively guide households towards appropriate support services. Early intervention and prompt reporting of changes in circumstances will be key to preventing the development and escalation of arrears.

- 13.5 Further, we seek to collaborate with our Registered Social Landlords to implement data sharing on tenants' rent arrears. This integration into the LIFT Dashboard will provide a comprehensive view of residents' debt profiles, supporting informed and consistent debt recovery decisions across services.
- 13.6 By making smarter use of integrated data, we aim to identify warning signs early and deliver timely support to residents before debts escalate. This approach will enable services to manage needs more effectively, reduce financial hardship, and promote sustainable repayment outcomes for the benefit of both residents and the Council.

13.7 Maximising household incomes

We will continue to the use the LIFT dashboard to stabilise households' incomes by identifying and targeting households eligible for but missing out on Pension Credit, Universal Credit, Attendance Allowance, Severe Disability Premiums, Free School meals, Healthy Start, free childcare, and social tariffs for utilities. We will also use LIFT metrics to prioritise discretionary funds where households have cash shortfalls, are in poverty, in debt and have a threat of homelessness.

13.8 We will continue to build the Better Off platform using the LIFT dashboard and Better Off calculator and facilitate an Apply Once option to increase take up to missed income.

13.9 Partnership working

We seek to continue our partnership with Citizens Advice with a dedicated Debt Adviser support for residents facing financial difficulties. This collaboration aims to deliver practical, personalised assistance to households struggling with debt, helping them to achieve realistic and sustainable debt management outcomes. Through this partnership, we seek to enhance the support available to our community, reduce financial hardship, and improve overall debt recovery effectiveness.

13.10 Extension to external recovery methods

For debts where we have been unable to engage successfully with the customer, we will extend our recovery methods to include the use of Enforcement Agents under a formal Service Level Agreement. It is recognised that historically this method has had limited success, as Enforcement Agents are restricted to contacting customers by phone or letter when recovering Housing Benefit debts.

13.11 To strengthen our recovery capacity for larger debts, we intend to establish a contract for High Court Enforcement. This will provide enhanced powers and resources to recover outstanding Housing Benefit debt more effectively and efficiently.

14. Corporate Priorities

14.1 This report is linked to the Corporate Plan under A Strong, Responsible and Accountable Council. Page 207

- 14.2 We will ensure the Council maintains a financially sound position, seeking to make best use of its staff resources, effective partnership working and maximising the opportunities of external funding and income.
- 14.3 We aim to provide effective and efficient delivery of the Benefits Service. Managing our finances to ensure best value for money, continuing a service improvement programme to ensure our services are delivered efficiently, providing services that are value for money and meet the needs of our residents, ensuring that strong governance is at the heart of all we do, creating a culture that empowers and fosters an ambitious, motivated workforce and exploring opportunities to work further with stakeholders and partner organisations.

15. Financial and Resource Implications

- 15.1 The information gained from this report will help improve monitoring and our ability to consider any risks in a more accurate way.
- 15.2 The Council could choose not to recover Housing Benefit overpayments, however in doing so, the Council would expose itself to reputational risk and scrutiny from the DWP and internal and external audit. It would also be unable to demonstrate that it is providing its residents and businesses with best value for money.
- 15.3 The importance of prompt collection is that debts become more difficult to collect as the debt ages and there is a much greater risk of not being able to collect older debts. The Council maintains a provision for bad debts from which the cost of uncollectable debts relating to 2024/25, and earlier years are charged.
- 15.4 A periodical review is required to ensure the adequacy of the Council's Bad Debt Provisions can be met from the Council's revenue budget, which may reduce the funds available for other Council expenditure.
- 15.5 The level of write offs for 2024/25 total £37,160. It is important that bad debts are written off promptly so that the Council can maintain the appropriate level of bad debt provision. The approved write offs can be met from the Council's current Bad Debt Provision.
- 15.6 With the ongoing managed migration of HB to UC, overpayments being recovered from ongoing HB will then be transferred to the Open Revenues Sundry Debtor system for recovery. As this will make it more difficult to recover the debt, this could increase the timeframe over which debts are collected, imposing a financial risk to Council finances around revenue and subsidy loss.
- 15.7 As a Council we need to ensure our approach to debt recovery ensures debts are recovered in a targeted and efficient way, taking a collaborative approach to debt recovery and financial inclusion.
- 15.8 The cost of the LIFT Dashboard in 2024 and for 2025 is budgeted for from DWP Burdens Income. Should the Council look to increase its resource in Debt Management, consideration would be needed around funding.
Comments from the S151 Officer:

The S151 Officer (or member of the Finance team on their behalf) will complete this section.

Housing Benefit Overpayment Policy:

This policy supports the Council's statutory duty to recover Housing Benefit overpayments effectively, while recognising the need to balance financial control with support for vulnerable residents. It ensures a consistent approach aligned with national guidance, contributing to the Council's financial sustainability.

Housing Benefit Debt Management

The Council makes every effort to collect outstanding debts, and it is only after all avenues for recovery have been exhausted then a debt is considered for write off.

16. Legal Implications

- 16.1 The Council can collect monies owed under the following regulations which set out the definition of an overpayment and how it can be recovered:
 - The Social Security Administration Act 1992; and
 - The Housing Benefit Regulations 2006.
- 16.2 Monies owned to the Council in the form of debts are a form of asset that is the prospect of a payment sometime in the future. The decision not to pursue a debt carries a cost and so a decision not to pursue a debt is not taken lightly.
- 16.3 If requests for payment are not complied with then the Council can seek to recover money owed to it by way of court action through a County Court Judgement once all other options are exhausted. While a consistent message that the Council is not a soft touch is sent out with Court actions there can come a time where a pragmatic approach should be taken with debts as on occasion, they are uneconomical to recover in terms of the cost of process and the means of the debtor to pay.
- 16.4 The best approach to resolve their predicament is to maintain a dialogue with those in debt to the Council, to offer early advice and help in making repayments if they need it.
- 16.5 Debt recovery will follow the Council's Debt Management Policy and Housing Benefit Overpayment policy of which a revised version has been presented with this report.
- 16.6 The decision to write off debts has been delegated to Chief Officers who must have regard to the Financial Rules.

The Monitoring Officer (or member of the Legal team on behalf of the MO) will complete this section. They will outline any legal advice provided.

This report seeks to approve the annual report relating to Housing Benefit overpayment recovery and note performance. The information explains that it looks to maximise income for the Council whilst also supporting individuals in financial difficulty.

17. Risks

- 17.1 The Council is already required to make provision for bad and doubtful debts. The additional information gained from this report will help improve monitoring and our ability to consider the appropriateness of the provisions in a more accurate way, whilst protecting the subsidy claim.
- 17.2 Operational risks have been explained in section 12 of this report.

18. Net Zero Target

18.1 This report does not raise any issues relating to the net zero target. There is the potential to reduce issuing of recovery notices through better engagement and payment plans via online and Direct Debit channels.

19. Equality, Diversity, and inclusion

- 19.1 The Corporate Debt Recovery Policy and Housing Benefit Overpayment Policy takes account of the impact that getting into debt can have on people and their families. Whilst the Council encourages people to pay, it also aims to provide reasonable facilities and assistance for them to do so.
- 19.2 The Financial Inclusion Team, targeted work through the LIFT Dashboard, and partnership working with the Citizens Advice is providing a positive impact on those with protected characteristics and is supporting households on a case-by-case basis.
- 19.3 Before writing off debt, the Council will satisfy itself that all reasonable steps have been considered to collect it and that no further recovery action is possible or practicable. It will consider the age, size, and types of debt, together with any other factors that it feels are relevant to the individual case. All write-offs are dealt with in the same fair and consistent way in line with equality and diversity issues.

20. Community Safety issues

20.1 This report does not raise any issues relating to the community safety issues.

21. Conclusions and recommendations 210

- 21.1 This is an annual report detailing the Council's collection performance and debt management arrangements for 2024/25.
- 21.2 The report includes a:
 - A summary of the work undertaken by the team.
 - Housing Benefit Debt Recoveries performance.
 - A summary of overpayment levels and recovery type.
 - Known risks to performance.
 - Proposals for future debt recovery.
- 21.3 This is a recommendation to Full Council to approve the annual report in relation to Housing Benefit Overpayment debt recovery, to approve the continued use of legislated recovery methods to ensure income maximisation for the Council, and to support the proposals for improvements and recommendations for future overpayment recovery.

GAMBLING STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES 2025		
Executive Summary	This report aims to present the revised Gambling Statement of Principles 2025 and recommend its publication. The updated document reflects the latest legislative requirements and best practices, ensuring that our policies are comprehensive and aligned with the objectives of the Gambling Act 2005	
Options considered	Do nothing. The Council would be in breach of its obligations to publish a Gambling Statement of Principles every 3 years.	
Consultation(s)	Full public consultation took place between 13 March to 17 April 2025. There were no responses which suggested changes to the policy. A summary of the updates is appended.	
Recommendations	That the Licensing Committee (Premises & Gambling):	
	 Recommends that Full Council approves the publication of the Gambling Statement of Principles 2025. 	
	That the new statement is published, once approved.	
Reasons for recommendations	To ensure that all licensed premises and activities comply with the updated standards and requirements. To ensure unlicensed gambling activity can be robustly enforced upon.	
Background papers	Gambling Act 2005 Gambling Commission Guidance HM Government Consultation Principles (2018) Data Protection Act 2018 Social Responsibility Code (January 2018)	
	Public Health England and Norfolk County Council Public Health Team	
	Previous Gambling Policy Statements	

Wards affected	All
Cabinet	Councillor Callum Ringer
member(s)	
Contact Officer	Elisa Pendered, Environmental and Leisure Business
	Support Manager

Links to key documents:	
Corporate Plan:	Developing our communities: engaged and supported individuals and communities.
Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS)	
Council Policies & Strategies	Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Policy and Handbook (2021)

Corporate Governance:	
Is this a key decision	No
Has the public interest test been applied	Yes. Public consultation required.
Details of any previous decision(s) on this matter	

1. Purpose of the report

This report aims to present the revised **Gambling Statement of Principles 2025** and recommend its publication. The updated document reflects the latest legislative requirements and best practices, ensuring that our policies are comprehensive and aligned with the objectives of the Gambling Act 2005.

2. Introduction & Background

The Gambling Act 2005 requires licensing authorities to publish a statement of principles every three years, outlining how they will exercise their functions under the Act. The current statement has been reviewed and updated to incorporate changes in legislation, guidance from the Gambling Commission, and feedback from stakeholders.

The changes required at this review are minor in nature. North Norfolk has no casinos, which would be considered high risk gambling venues, for money laundering. There are no licensed racetracks in North Norfolk.

The Council's first gambling policy was adopted on 1st November 2006 and subsequent reviews built on this foundation up to and including the current statement.

3. Proposals and Options Licensing Objectives:

- Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder, or being used to support crime.
- Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way.
- Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

Consultation Process:

- Extensive consultation was conducted with stakeholders, including the Chief Officer of Police, representatives of gambling businesses, and persons affected by the authority's functions under the Act.
- Feedback from the consultation has been incorporated into the final document.

• Responsible Authorities and Interested Parties:

- The document outlines the principles for designating responsible authorities and determining interested parties.
- It emphasizes the need for transparency and accountability in the decision-making process.

• Exchange of Information:

- The principles for exchanging information between the licensing authority, the Gambling Commission, and other relevant bodies are detailed.
- Compliance with the Data Protection Act 2018 is ensured.
- Enforcement:
 - The enforcement principles are guided by proportionality, accountability, consistency, transparency, and targeting.
 - The document outlines the inspection and compliance roles of the licensing authority.
- Premises Licences:
 - Detailed guidelines for considering applications for premises licences, including the definition of premises, location considerations, and conditions that may be attached to licences.

 Specific provisions for different types of premises, such as casinos, adult gaming centres, betting shops, tracks, bingo premises, and family entertainment centres.

• Permits and Temporary Use Notices:

- Guidelines for issuing various permits, including unlicensed family entertainment centre gaming machine permits, licensed premises gaming machine permits, prize gaming permits, club gaming and club machine permits, temporary use notices, and occasional use notices.
- The document outlines the application process and conditions for each type of permit.

• Small Society Lotteries:

- The principles for registering and administering small society lotteries are detailed.
- The document outlines the criteria for determining whether a society is non-commercial and the requirements for promoters.

Committee and Officer Delegation:

- The document includes the scheme of delegation for licensing decisions and functions.
- It outlines the roles of the Licensing Committee, Sub-Committee, and licensing officers.

4. Corporate Priorities

Engaged and supported communities. Communities were consulted. The updated policy provides clarity on the council's stance on gambling within the district and the agencies involved in gambling safety.

5. Financial and Resource Implications

Comments from the S151 Officer:

There are no direct financial implications associated with the publication of the revised Gambling Statement of Principles 2025.

6. Legal Implications

Comments from the Monitoring Officer

The report and recommendations seek to enhance the regulation of gambling activities, aiming to meet legislative requirements and best practice in our processes.

7. Risks

The document reflects the latest guidance from the Gambling Commission and aligns with national standards.

8. Net ZeroTarget

9. Equality, Diversity & Inclusion

The principles promote transparency and accountability in the licensing process, ensuring that decisions are made fairly and consistently.

10. Community Safety issues

Enhanced Public Safety:

The updated principles ensure that gambling activities are conducted in a manner that protects the public from crime, disorder, and exploitation.

The document provides a comprehensive framework for licensing, enforcement, and compliance, supporting the effective regulation of gambling activities in our district.

Conclusion and Recommendations

The adoption of the **Gambling Statement of Principles 2025** represents a significant step forward in enhancing the regulation of gambling activities in our district. It is recommended that the Licensing Committee (Premises & Gambling) recommends that Full Council approves the publication of this updated document to ensure that our policies remain current, comprehensive, and aligned with best practices.

Appendix A

Version and Timing			
Feature	2021 Version	2025 Draft Version	
Effective Date	31 January 2022	14 January 2025 (Draft)	
Review Cycle	Every 3 years	Every 3 years	
Latest Revision Date	November 2021	January 2025	
Status	2022 Adopted by Council	Draft	

Structural Differences			
Section	2021 Version	2025 Draft Version	
Part Structure	Parts A–D, 29 sections + annexes	Same structure, some section titles slightly reworded	
Wording	Formal and direct	Slightly expanded with more explanatory notes and examples	

Substantive Content Differences

Public Health and Gambling

- **2021**: Public health is mentioned briefly (Section 15), focusing on collaborative approaches with Norfolk County Council.
- **2025**: Expands this section with more direct emphasis on gamblingrelated harm as a public health issue, reflecting a stronger alignment with national policy and strategy updates.

Local Area Profiling

- **2021**: States no specific risk areas identified but outlines the importance of local profiling.
- **2025**: Adds more language around collaboration and public accessibility of this profiling data if/when developed.

Language and Guidance Updates

- The 2025 version includes updated references to:
 - New or updated Gambling Commission links/guidance.
 - Enhanced examples under conditions for Adult Gaming Centres and Family Entertainment Centres.
 - Greater focus on door supervisors, machine location, and risk mitigation strategies.

Policy Enhancements in 2025 Draft

- New definitions and examples for what constitutes "vulnerable persons."
- Expanded explanation of risk-based inspections and enforcement (aligning with updated regulatory expectations).
- More consistent integration of data protection (GDPR/Data Protection Act 2018) language in the sections dealing with information exchange.

The 2025 version also contains administrative and formatting differences.

Version and Timing

Feature	2021 Version	2025 Draft Version
Effective Date	31 January 2022	14 January 2025 (Draft)
Review Cycle	Every 3 years	Every 3 years
Latest Revision Date November 2021		January 2025
Status	2022 Adopted by Council	Draft (with watermark)

Structural Differences

Section	2021 Version	2025 Draft Version
Part Structure	Parts A–D, 29 sections + annexes	Same structure, some section titles slightly reworded
Wording	Formal and direct	Slightly expanded with more explanatory notes and examples

Substantive Content Differences

1. Public Health and Gambling

- **2021**: Public health is mentioned briefly (Section 15), focusing on collaborative approaches with Norfolk County Council.
- **2025**: Expands this section with more direct emphasis on gambling-related harm as a public health issue, reflecting a stronger alignment with national policy and strategy updates.

2. Local Area Profiling

- **2021**: States no specific risk areas identified but outlines the importance of local profiling.
- **2025**: Adds more language around collaboration and public accessibility of this profiling data if/when developed.

3. Language and Guidance Updates

- The **2025 version** includes updated references to:
 - New or updated Gambling Commission links/guidance.
 - Enhanced examples under conditions for Adult Gaming Centres and Family Entertainment Centres.
 - Greater focus on **door supervisors**, **machine location**, and **risk mitigation** strategies.

Policy Enhancements in 2025 Draft

- New definitions and examples for what constitutes "vulnerable persons."
- Expanded explanation of risk-based inspections and enforcement (aligning with updated regulatory expectations).
- More consistent integration of **data protection (GDPR/Data Protection Act 2018)** language in the sections dealing with information exchange.

Administrative and Formatting Updates

Element	2021 Version	2025 Draft Version
Lead Officer	Not explicitly listed	Elisa Pendered
Approval	Tracy Howard / Emily Capps	Cara Jordan (planned)
Layout	Compact formatting	Expanded, more readable layout (possibly for consultation readability)
Annexes	Included (List of Consultees, Delegation table, etc.)	Included (Draft, public consultation completed)

The **Gambling Statement of Principles 2025** references several key documents and sources as background papers. These include:

1. Gambling Act 2005:

• The primary legislation governing gambling activities in the UK, which sets out the licensing objectives and the framework for regulating gambling.

2. Gambling Commission Guidance:

• Guidance issued by the Gambling Commission to local authorities, which provides detailed instructions on how to implement the provisions of the Gambling Act 2005.

3. HM Government Consultation Principles (2018):

• Guidelines on how to conduct consultations, ensuring that the process is transparent, inclusive, and effective.

4. Data Protection Act 2018:

• Legislation governing the handling of personal data, ensuring that the exchange of information between the licensing authority and other bodies complies with data protection requirements.

5. Social Responsibility Code (January 2018):

• Part of the Gambling Commission's Licensing Conditions and Codes of Practice, which requires licensees to assess local risks to the licensing objectives and implement measures to mitigate those risks.

6. Public Health England and Norfolk County Council Public Health Team:

• Collaboration with public health bodies to address the prevention of problem gambling and its associated health harms.

7. Consultation Feedback:

• There were no responses suggesting changes to the existing policy from the public consultation. Consultation feedback was included when the 2022 policy was reviewed.

8. Previous Gambling Policy Statements:

• The Council's first gambling policy was adopted on 1st November 2006 and subsequent reviews built on this foundation up to and including the current statement.

These background papers and sources have informed the development of the **Gambling Statement of Principles 2025**, ensuring that it is comprehensive, up-to-date, and aligned with best practices and legislative requirements.

DRAFT TAXI AND	PRIVATE HIRE POLICY AND HANDBOOK	
Executive Summary	By setting high standards for drivers, vehicles, and operators, the handbook will improve the overall quality of taxi and private hire services in our district.	
	The revised clear and detailed enforcement policy will ensure that non-compliance is effectively addressed, maintaining high standards across the industry.	
Options considered	Do nothing. The policy would be outdated and fail to take account of updated best practice guidance.	
Consultation(s)	2 public consultations took place in April and June 2025. Other local authorities, members of the trade and equalities representatives were all invited to take part.	
Recommendations	To agree and recommend adoption of the Taxi and Private Hire Policy and Handbook 2025 v5.1, to Full Council, with effect from 1 September 2025.	
Reasons for recommendations	To agree revised policy, considering all available best practice guidance, regulations and research, including consultation responses.	
Background papers	Statutory taxi and private hire vehicle standards. Statutory taxi and private hire vehicle standards - GOV.UK	
	Taxi and private hire best practice guidance for local authorities. Taxi and private hire vehicle licensing best practice guidance for licensing authorities in England - GOV.UK	
	Institute of Licensing guidance on suitability for local authorities. https://iol.instituteoflicensing.org/file/673ef9c33bb4ad0008d7889c	
	Human Rights Commission guidance. Equality Act 2010. <u>Plain English Campaign</u>	
	Broadland taxi policy Nov 2022. https://www.southnorfolkandbroadland.gov.uk/licensing/licences/taxi- and-private-hire-licences/broadland-taxi-private-hire- licences/broadland-district-council-hackney-carriage-and-private- hire-vehicle-policy-and-conditions	
	Environmental Charter <u>Home Environmental Charter</u> Net Zero Strategy. <u>https://www.north-norfolk.gov.uk/media/7736/net-</u> <u>zero-strategy-document-v5.1.pdf</u>	

Wards affected	All
Cabinet	Councillor Callum Ringer
member(s)	
Contact Officer	Elisa Pendered, Environmental and Leisure Business
	Support Manager

Links to key documents:	
Corporate Plan:	Developing our communities: engaged and supported individuals and communities.
Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS)	
Council Policies & Strategies	Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Policy and Handbook (2021)

Corporate Governance:	
Is this a key decision	No
Has the public interest test been applied	Yes. Public consultation required.
Details of any previous decision(s) on this matter	

1. Purpose of the report

To advise members of updated guidance for local authorities and review the existing policy in line with best practice.

2. Introduction & Background

The Council's Taxi and Private Hire Policy and Handbook was last reviewed on 25 January 2021 and has been effective since April 2021.

Standards were updated since the current policy became effective, including assessment of convictions, vehicle standards, additional checks on driver, operator and proprietor suitability.

Feedback was provided from users, over the effective period, that the 2021 policy was difficult to read.

A knowledge test was introduced that relied on understanding of the policy.

Review of the policy was due in April 2024.

The above factors warranted a review of the handbook and policy.

3. Proposals and Options

It is proposed to recommend the agreement of the revised and circulated taxi policy and handbook 2025 and recommend its adoption to Full Council. The draft handbook and policy was the result of extensive research and 2 public consultations. The following is an overview of areas that were reviewed. A summary of the main differences between the 2 documents is appended.

3.1. Suitability guidance from Institute of Licensing (IoL)

Newly published guidance relating to suitability assessment was released in October 2024. This offers a change in standards compared to the existing statutory standard, including Annex A on assessment of previous convictions. Where there are recommendations from IoL which differ from the current statutory standards, it is proposed that NNDC adopts the IoL guidance on suitability.

3.2. Equality

Licensing applicants must comply with the policy. Following the equalities impact assessment carried out on introduction of the driver knowledge test, it became clear that the existing policy was challenging for certain groups with protected characteristics: those with disabilities or a background that affected language comprehension.

Updated guidance on wheelchair access. Access to taxis and private hire vehicles for disabled users was issued in 2022, after publication of the current policy. It is proposed to adopt this specification in the draft policy.

The policy was revised in line with Plain English guidance and equalities best practice.

Dogs are covered under the Equality Act 2010. The carriage of other animals for disability purposes is not covered. The Human Rights Commission has guidance on how to approach the issue, which matches the advice of the chair of the IoL Eastern Region, who confirmed local policy should offer flexibility to anyone requiring reasonable adjustments because of a disability. It is proposed to extend the current guidance to reflect this.

The trade represented their view that the policy should be amended to permit drivers and vehicle owners to transport their own animals outside of working time. This was not allowed in the previous version of the handbook. The new handbook reflects this request.

3.3. IVA scheme

The current policy contained a section on special event vehicles and adapted vehicles. The guidance did not completely reflect current vehicle approval conditions set out on gov.uk. It is proposed to update NNDC policy to show current vehicle approval procedures. The revised handbook reflects this.

3.4. Fire extinguisher and first aid

Updated guidance recommended fire equipment was only required in a licensed vehicle where the driver had been trained in its use. The current policy required fire extinguishers. The revised policy updates this wording to reflect current guidance.

The revised version of the policy includes easy-to-read guidance for drivers on first aid emergencies. This would direct users of the handbook to find the latest

guidance in the Highway Code. For ease of reference, in an emergency situation and to save time, the current Highway Code guidance would be included and contrast-coloured pages are suggested. Basic first aid training to be introduced for all drivers, following a suggestion from the police.

3.5. Changes to contacts

Proposed to update public health contact details, which had changed.

Proposed to update procedure for reporting lost property in line with current procedures and police guidance.

3.6. Proposed change to layout

The draft for review was amended to improve flow. It was intended to be easier to navigate.

4. Corporate Priorities

Engaged and supported communities. Communities were consulted on all suggested revisions, including:

- safety and suitability assessments of applicants
- vehicles
- the quick guide to the handbook
- the taxi and private hire trade's understanding of equalities

By doing this, the council can improve its support to communities as they move around the district for business, leisure and health.

5. Financial and Resource Implications

Comments from the S151 Officer:

There are no immediate financial implications arising from the adoption of the revised Taxi and Private Hire Policy and Handbook 2025. Any future costs related to implementation, training, or compliance monitoring will be managed within existing licensing service budgets.

6. Legal Implications

Comments from the Monitoring Officer

The Taxi Handbook and Policy is an important document for the Council and those using or who are part of the taxi trade. It assists in understanding the legal framework, requirements, standards and expectations within this area. This document is intended to meet current changes to law, policy and guidance.

7. Risks

Risks of not updating the policy include:

- Legal challenge where NNDC adopted policy is out of step with national standards.
- Confusion for applicants
- Loss relating to refunds where work has been delivered and then refunded in accordance with current policy.
- Loss of vigilance and competency in some areas of the trade, due to out-ofdate standards, lack of compliance monitoring.

8. Net ZeroTarget

The Council's Net Zero Strategy & Action Plan requires all decisions to be assessed and tested for consistency against the <u>Net Zero 2030 Strategy & Climate Action Plan</u>. The council consulted with the climate change team and agreed significant reductions for all-electric vehicles on an ongoing basis.

9. Equality, Diversity & Inclusion

Under equality legislation, the Council has a legal duty to pay 'due regard' to the need to eliminate discrimination and to promote equality.

- 9.1. Conclusions of EQIA for users of the handbook:
- The revised handbook has been updated throughout to remove any gender references.
- Where possible, the wording of all content has been reviewed in line with Plain English Campaign guidance and complex language replaced. Taxi byelaws being historic and the legislation referenced within the handbook are not within the remit of this review to amend, therefore they have been explained in the body text and appended in their original form, for referencing if required. The policy can be understood without reference to these texts, but they are included for transparency and the council accepts they are not written in an accessible style. No test will be performed that relies on the original wording in these referenced texts.
- Applicants to the licensing authority are restricted to those who have a minimum English reading age of 9. This is the average reading age of an adult in North Norfolk. This standard provides inequity for those who do not meet the average reading age. The council acknowledges the standard required and the natural inequity this implies. Applicants are invited to develop their skills and reapply every 12 months, until they meet the standard.
- Applicants without technical capacity from various groups may be disadvantaged, however, they are welcome to use an agent to submit applications, thereby removing any barriers.

- All applicants may be accompanied by a person who can assist them with any aspect of the licensing procedure. They may not be assisted with the knowledge test, but reasonable adjustments can be requested and a question on this is included as part of the booking process.
- 9.2. Equality for passengers using taxi and private hire services is covered in 3.2.

10. Community Safety issues

Community safety is the primary concern of licensing authorities. This was the key consideration in preparing the draft revised version.

Conclusion and Recommendations

The 2021 NNDC Hackney Carriage and private hire policy and handbook has been superseded by current guidance on suitability assessments.

Feedback from users of the policy has highlighted accessibility concerns that feed into a wider recommended focus on accessibility and equality standards for the trade.

Review of the policy is overdue. Public consultation was widely undertaken. The taxi trade association was regularly updated on progress and worked with officers to suggest some of the changes.

Recommendation:

To recommend agreement of the Taxi and Private Hire Policy and Handbook 2025 v5.1 and recommend its adoption to Full Council, with effect from 1 September 2025.

Appendix A

Taxi policy comparison of old and new versions

Area	v4.0 (2021)	Draft v5.1 (2025)
Purpose	Safety and proper conduct in taxi/private hire licensing	Same purpose, with broader framing around public transport safety
Scope	Operators, proprietors, drivers	Identical, though more explicitly includes rural context of North Norfolk
Language Legalistic, technical		Simplified, plain English and customer-friendly tone

Overall Purpose & Scope

Structure & Content

Section	v4.0 (2021)	Draft v5.1 (2025)
Contents Page	Basic structure	Much more detailed and organized (58 sections + annexes)
Definitions/Terminology	, Present but not comprehensive	Thorough glossary of terms
Equality	Equality Act mentioned briefly	Dedicated Equality & Hate Crime sections (detailed)
Policy Format	Written in paragraph style	Plain English with numbered subsections
Clarity	Text-heavy	Focus on accessibility, user links, and digital resources

Licensing & Compliance

Area	v4.0 (2021)	Draft v5.1 (2025)
"Fit and Proper" Definition	Legal basis referenced	Rephrased as "safe and suitable" with real-world examples
Applications	Standard requirements	Includes extensive document checklist, test guidance, and online prep
Medical	Group 2 standard	Same standard with more process detail
DBS Checks	Enhanced required	Detailed renewal and DBS Update Service requirements

Area	v4.0 (2021)	Draft v5.1 (2025)
Driver Conduct	Expected	Strongly detailed, with specific prohibited behaviour and presentation guidelines

Vehicle Standards		
Requirement	v4.0 (2021)	Draft v5.1 (2025)
Inspections	Annual	More rigorous, including emission & safety rating encouragement
ССТУ	Mentioned	Specific GDPR-compliant guidance
LPG & Electric Vehicles	Basic info	Detailed conversion policies, support for green vehicles
Tinted Windows	Standard DVLA rules	Same, but now explicitly documented
Vehicle Identification	Plates required	Specific placement, signage, and visual clarity emphasized

Operator Responsibilities		
ltem	v4.0 (2021)	Draft v5.1 (2025)
Records	Basic requirements	Extensive: names, times, route info, staff DBS, accessibility info
Complaints Handling	Not formalized	Mandatory log and inspection-ready records
Passenger Safety	Mentioned	Section on death of passenger, hate crime, accessibility, etc.

New & Noteworthy Additions in Draft v5.1

- Death of a Passenger Protocol
- Hate Crime Awareness & Reporting
- Safeguarding Resources and Links
- Lost Property Protocols
- Standard for Driver Attire and Hygiene
- Plain English Guidance Adoption

Summary

The **2025 Draft v5.1 Handbook** is a significant revision of the 2021 version. It:

- Incorporates clearer language and formatting,
- Expands on inclusivity, safety, and compliance procedures,

- Provides detailed operational and behavioural standards for all license holders,
- Includes online resources and interactive links,
- Aligns with updated government guidance and equality legislation

Agenda Item 18

Additional information for Opposition Business:

- This Administration presents as being predetermined in its approach to assessing LGR options. There should be an open minded, objective investigation and evaluation of 1, 2 or 3 Unitary Council models, albeit with a range of boundary options. However, the Administration openly stated at the March 25th Full Council meeting that they will not countenance a single Unitary.
- 2. This Administration has not been transparent or inclusive in its processes and preparatory work. It has not developed evidence led models using objective metrics and financial viability data to prove which model would be best for the residents and businesses of Norfolk. There has been no mention of stress, resilience and fairness tests to be applied to favoured models. Nor has there been a cross-party Work Group to direct and review Deep Dive tasks to validate quantitative and qualitative considerations and how that should influence the restructure and meet the Government criteria.
- 3. Recent briefings show it to be focused on processes relying on consultants to prepare data as directed and which will only be published late in the process. The briefing information to date is woefully short of metrics and qualitative data to evidence the emergence of a preferred model to support an informed decision. Moreover, it infers a 3 unitary model with various boundary options with no supporting evidence base and thus no credibility.
- 4. The Chief Executive has stated that draft submission documents will be published on 7th September and an Extraordinary Full Council to be convened on 17th September to approve a final version. That is an unacceptably short timeline. It will be a major information assimilation task for Councillors to fully understand the proposed model and how it would work so that they can make a properly informed decision on its suitability.